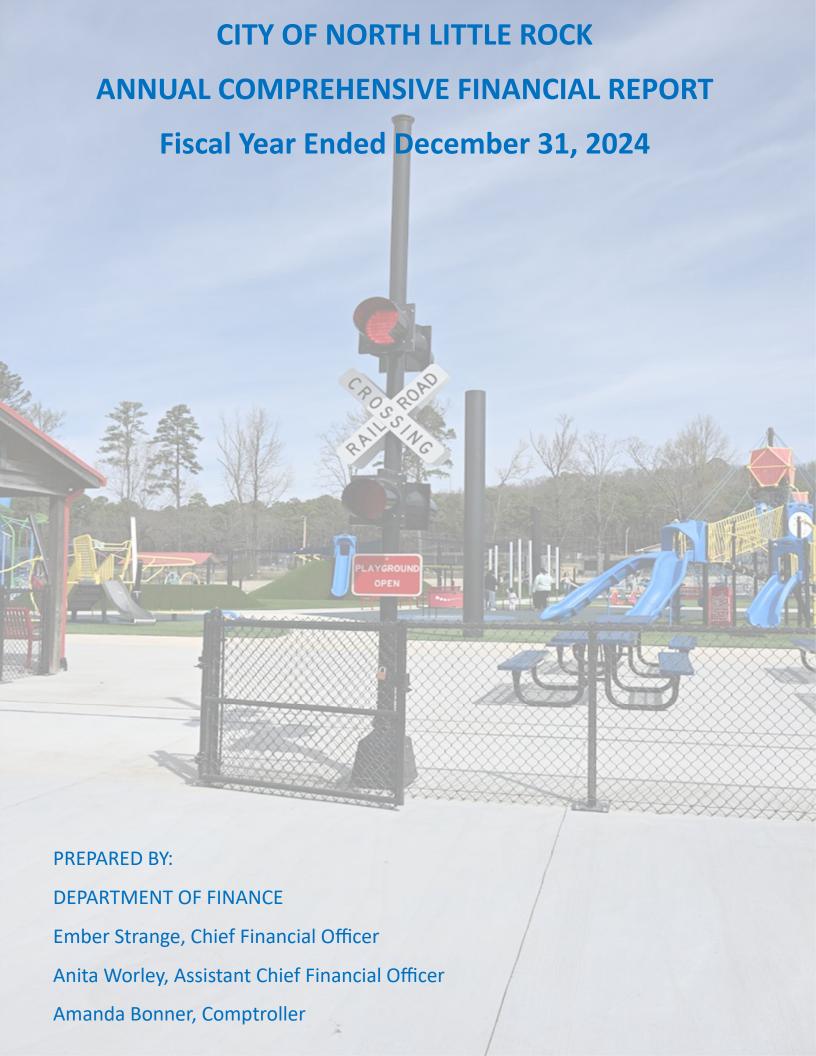
CITY OF NORTH LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024







Contents

Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	İ١
Organizational Chart	١
List of Principal Officials.	٧
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	20
Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund	22
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	23

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Table of Contents December 31, 2024

Fiduciary Fund
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund
Discretely Presented Component Units
Statement of Net Position – Discretely Presented Component Units
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Discretely Presented Component Units
Notes to the Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Non-Uniformed Employees Defined Benefit Plan
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Police Pension Plan
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – LOPFI
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – APERS
Schedule of City's Contributions – Non-Uniformed Employees Defined Benefit Plan
Schedule of City's Contributions – Police Pension Plan
Schedule of City's Contributions – Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund
Schedule of City's Contributions – LOPFI
Schedule of City's Contributions – APERS
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Other Supplementary Information			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Combining Balance Sheet			110
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances			111
Special Revenue Funds – Nonmajor			
Combining Balance Sheet			112
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances			114
Debt Service Funds – Nonmajor			
Combining Balance Sheet			116
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances			117
Capital Projects Funds – Nonmajor			
Combining Balance Sheet			118
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances			119
Budgetary Comparison Schedules			
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Street Fund			120
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Parks and Recreation Fund			121
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund			122
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – 2023 Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund			123

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

	Net Position by Component – Accrual Basis of Accounting		126
	Changes in Net Position – Accrual Basis of Accounting		128
	General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source – Accrual Basis of Accounting		132
	Fund Balance of Governmental Funds – Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting		133
	Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds – Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting		135
	General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source – Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting		137
	Assessed and Appraised Value of Taxable Property		138
	Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies of Direct and Overlapping Governments		140
	Principal Sales Taxpayers		141
	Property Tax Levies and Collections		142
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type		143
	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Value Bonded Debt Per Capita		145
	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt		147
	Legal Debt Margin Information		148
	Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage		150
	Demographic and Economic Statistics		151
	North Little Rock Area Principal Employers		153
	Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function		154
	Operating Indicators by Function		156
	Capital Asset Statistics by Function		158
Ot	ther Required Report		
	Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Certain Arkansas State Acts		160

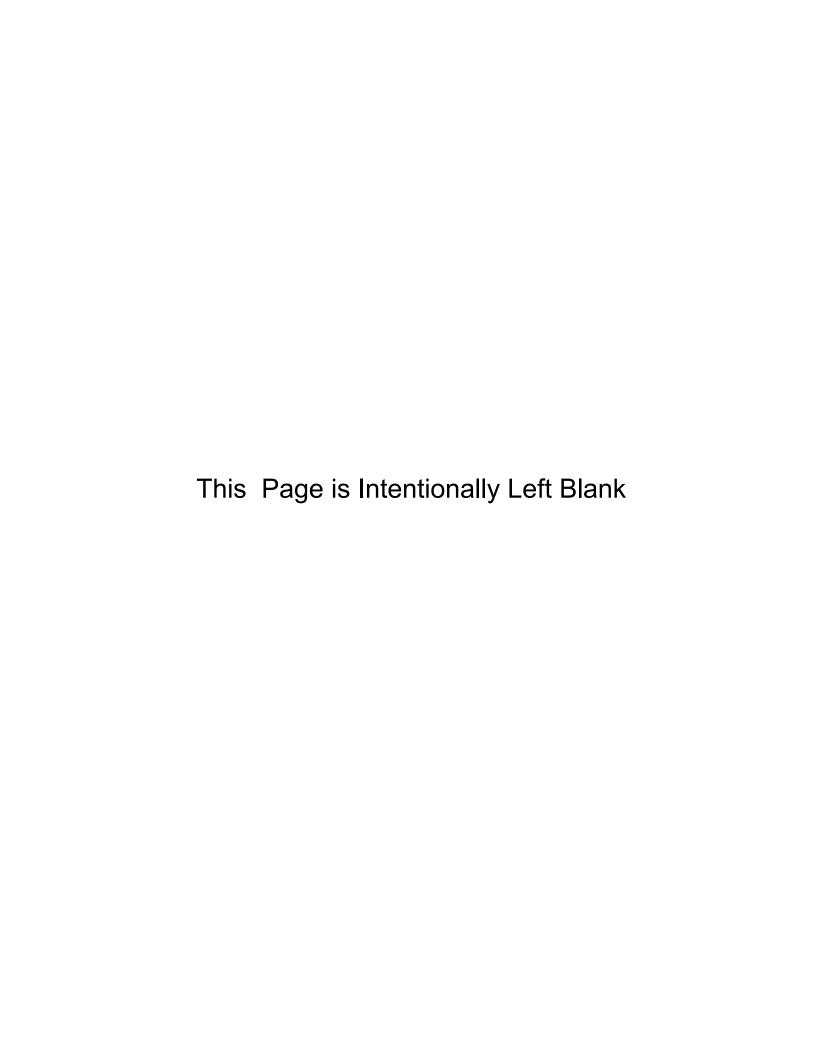
City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Table of Contents December 31, 2024

Si	ngle Audit Section	
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	31
	Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	33
	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> – Independent Auditor's Report 16	64

166

169

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on





EMBER STRANGE Chief Financial Officer



PHONE: (501) 975-8802 FAX: (501) 975-8830 E-mail: estrange@nlr.ar.gov

June 19, 2025

To the Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of North Little Rock:

State law allows municipalities the option of publishing a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that option, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of North Little Rock for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of North Little Rock. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of North Little Rock has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of North Little Rock's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of North Little Rock's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of North Little Rock's financial statements have been audited by Forvis Mazars, LLP, a firm of licensed independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of North Little Rock for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles utilized and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the City of North Little Rock's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of North Little Rock was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City of North Little Rock's Single Audit Section included herein.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of North Little Rock's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

i

Profile of the Government

The City of North Little Rock was incorporated in 1904. The City is located in the central part of the State of Arkansas, right across the river from the State's capital city. The City of North Little Rock currently occupies a land area of 56.25 square-miles and serves a population of 64,591 as of the 2020 census. The City of North Little Rock is authorized to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. In addition, the City is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City of North Little Rock operates under the Mayor-Council form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council consisting of eight alderman. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, and appointing committees. The Mayor is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government and for appointing the various department directors. The City Council and Mayor are elected on a non-partisan basis. The Mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The council members serve four-year staggered terms with four council members elected every two years. All eight council members are elected by ward and the Mayor is elected at large.

The City of North Little Rock provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, municipal electric utility services, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, trash collection, and recreational activities and cultural events. Several services are provided through separate Boards and Commissions which act as a component of the City of North Little Rock and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of North Little Rock's financial statements. Additional information regarding the component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements (See *Note 1*).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of North Little Rock's financial planning and control. All Departments of the City of North Little Rock are required to submit requests for appropriation to the Mayor. The Mayor utilizes these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Mayor then presents a proposed budget to the City Council for review. The Council conducts work sessions with staff and conducts public discussions on the proposed budget. Arkansas statutes establish the fiscal year for municipalities as the calendar year and require municipal budgets be submitted to the City Council by December 1 of each year in Mayor-Council forms of government. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety) and Department (e.g., police). Department Directors may initiate transfers of appropriations within a Department. All amendments to the budget which increase the total amount of a fund must be approved by the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. These funds include the General Fund, Street Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund and the 2023 Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented on page 20 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmentary information.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information to the City of North Little Rock's long term future is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of North Little Rock operates.

Local Economy

The financial conditions in the City of North Little Rock continued to show strong economic growth in 2024. Lowe's completed a 1.2 million square feet distribution center in October 2023. The facility costs approximately \$120 million to build. It is equipped with technology to manage the distribution of home improvement products. Next door to the Lowe's distribution center is the new 1 million square foot Dollar General Distribution Center. Construction on this facility was completed in 2024. This investment totaled \$160 million.

The City's local sales taxes (which represent 65% of General Fund revenue, excluding transfers) decreased 2.3% over the prior year. This decrease is attributed to the recovery efforts of the March 2023 tornado. Many people lost everything and had to rebuild from the ground up.

Long-Term Financial Planning

North Little Rock citizens extended a one half (1/2)-Cent Local Sales Tax in August 2022 that was set to expire in December 2022. The continuation of the tax went into effect on January 1, 2023 and will expire on December 31, 2027. The continuation was a one-half percent tax for capital improvements which will fund a new central fire station, a new Fire Station 11, vehicle and equipment upgrades for public safety, improvements to each community center, additional park upgrades and street, drainage and sidewalk improvements.

Relevant Financial Policies

In May 2020, the City Council adopted a policy which established an emergency reserve within the General Fund. The emergency reserve equals or exceeds 25% of the operating and maintenance budget for the immediately preceding budget year. The Chief Financial Officer shall notify the Mayor and City Council immediately in writing should the balance fall below the minimum reserve level or should pending legislation threaten the required minimum reserve level. At December 31, 2024, the General Fund emergency reserve was approximately \$20.1 million.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of North Little Rock for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This was the fifth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts of the City's Assistant Chief Financial Officer Anita Worley, Comptroller Amanda Bonner, Senior Accountant Keith Ivey, and Accountant Lauren Jones, as well as the services of the staff of the Finance Department and Human Resources Department. We would like to express appreciation to all members of these departments for their contributions and devotion to meeting the highest standards of accounting and financial reporting. In addition, credit must be given to the City Council and the City Staff for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of North Little Rock finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Ember Strange

Ember Strange Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of North Little Rock Arkansas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2023

Chuitophu P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF NORTH LITTLE ROCK ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Citizens of North Little Rock Diane Whitbey Terry C. **Amy Fields** City Hartwick District Judges City Council City Attorney Mayor Clerk/Treasurer Judge Paula Mike Davis Judge Randy Jones Chief of Staff Morley Ist District 2nd District Court Court Department Directors Nathan Linda Vince Insalaco Nicole Hart Steve Baxter Ron Harris Scott Fowler Debi Ross Hamilton Robinson Ш Ward 2 Ward 3 Ward 3 Ward 4 Ward I Ward I Ward 2 Ward 4

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas

List of Principal Officials Year Ended December 31, 2024

Chief of Staff Mike Davis

Police Chief Patrick Thessing

Fire Chief Gerald Tucker

Chief Financial Officer Ember Strange

North Little Rock Electric Department Ryan Wilson

Animal Services Adam Tindall

Code Enforcement Felecia McHenry

Construction and Building Services Mary Beth Bowman

Communications Shara Brazear

Community Development Bailey Noland

Economic Development Colleen Bailey

Emergency Services Kim Francisco

Engineering David Cook

Fit 2 Live Vacant

Hays Senior Center Dustin Free

History Commission Sandra Smith

Human Resources Betty Anderson

Information Technology John Barber

Neighborhood Services Dan Scott

Planning Shawn Spencer

Safety/Parks and Recreation Kenny Stephens

Sanitation Condo Breedlove

Streets Patrick Lane

Vehicle Maintenance Kenny Brock



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14221 Dallas Parkway, Suite 400
Dallas, TX 75254
P 972.702.8262 | F 972.702.0673
forvismazars.us



Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the City Council and Honorable Terry C. Hartwick, Mayor City of North Little Rock, Arkansas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of North Little Rock Waste Water Utility and North Little Rock Advertising and Promotion Commission, component units of the City, which represent 87%, 87%, and 84%, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension and other postemployment benefit information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements Federal Awards*, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Dallas, Texas June 19, 2025

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Management of the City of North Little Rock (City) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis. This narrative overview of the City's financial activities is for the year ended December 31, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

Financial Highlights

The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2024 by \$322,351,493 (presented as "net position"). Unrestricted net position is \$25,979,184.

- The City's total net position increased by \$31,711,185 in 2024. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$23,303,036. Net position of business-type activities increased \$8,408,149.
- As of December 31, 2024, the City's governmental funds reports combined ending fund balances of \$87,709,381 an increase of \$7,146,003 from 2024. Approximately 42% of this amount, \$37,011,697 is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- As of December 31, 2024, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$37,020,668 or 38% of total General Fund expenditures.
- As of December 31, 2024, the net position of the proprietary funds totaled \$183,923,132. Net position increased by \$8,408,149 during the year ended December 31, 2024.
- As of December 31, 2024, net position of fiduciary funds was \$66,788,893. There was an increase of \$7,184,685 in the total fiduciary net position restricted for pension benefits for the year ended December 31, 2024 due to improvements in the market conditions.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods, such as uncollected property taxes and earned but unused compensated absences.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

The governmental activities of the City include general government (financial and administration), public safety, public works, community development, street, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the City's Electric Department.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of North Little Rock (known as the primary government) but also legally separate component units. These consist of the North Little Rock Waste Water Utility, the North Little Rock Public Library System, the North Little Rock Airport Commission and the North Little Rock Advertising and Promotion Commission. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this reporting package.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories - governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 13 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the ARPA Fund, and the Grant Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other 10 governmental funds is combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this reporting package. A budget to actual comparison for the General Fund can be found on pages 20 of this reporting package. Budgets for various special revenue and capital projects funds can be found on pages 120-123.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. An enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its electric operations. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this reporting package.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City has one fiduciary fund, the Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-26 of this reporting package.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 30-90 of this reporting package.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also includes certain required supplementary information and additional financial schedules. These can be found on pages 91-123 of this reporting package.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following table looks at the City as a whole and provides a summary of its net position for 2024 compared to 2023:

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	Total				
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Current and other assets Capital, lease, and subscription assets	\$ 107,914,407 177,253,010	\$ 105,896,263 161,217,254	\$ 86,143,919 129,375,253	\$ 84,100,011 128,068,444	\$ 194,058,326 306,628,263	\$ 189,996,274 289,285,698			
Total assets	285,167,417	267,113,517	215,519,172	212,168,455	500,686,589	479,281,972			
Deferred outflows of resources	27,609,073	37,055,565	966,941	2,236,894	28,576,014	39,292,459			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	312,776,490	304,169,082	216,486,113	214,405,349	529,262,603	518,574,431			
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	154,646,589 9,752,701	164,093,333 15,182,986	18,778,863 12,869,663	22,820,191 15,380,498	173,425,452 22,622,364	186,913,524 30,563,484			
Total liabilities	164,399,290	179,276,319	31,648,526	38,200,689	196,047,816	217,477,008			
Deferred inflows of resources	9,948,839	9,767,438	914,455	689,677	10,863,294	10,457,115			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	164,397,705 10,297,319 (36,266,663)	149,323,912 12,612,466 (46,811,053)	119,871,318 1,805,967 62,245,847	115,367,289 1,786,631 58,361,063	284,269,023 12,103,286 25,979,184	264,691,201 14,399,097 11,550,010			
Total net position	138,428,361	115,125,325	183,923,132	175,514,983	322,351,493	290,640,308			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 312,776,490	\$ 304,169,082	\$ 216,486,113	\$ 214,405,349	\$ 529,262,603	\$ 518,574,431			

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$322,351,493 as of December 31, 2024. The largest portion of the City's net position (\$284,269,023 or 88%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, infrastructure, and construction in progress), less any debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$12,103,286 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet ongoing obligations of the City, totaled \$25,979,184.

Analysis of the City's Operations

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$23,303,036 for the year ended December 31, 2024. Total revenues, excluding transfers, decreased approximately \$10 million compared to the prior year. However, governmental revenues, excluding transfers exceeded governmental expenditures by approximately \$10 million contributing to the increase in net position. In 2023 the City was struck by an EF3 tornado resulting in millions of dollars of one-time unplanned expenditures that did not carryover to the current year. The increase in net position is also attributed to transfers in of \$13.9 million from the Electric Department.

At the end of 2024, operating grants and contributions in governmental funds were approximately \$14 million less than the prior year and \$3.2 million less than the prior year in the business-type activities. These changes are primarily associated with the FEMA Disaster Aid funding as a result of the March 31, 2023 tornado.

Grants not restricted to specific programs increased approximately \$875,000 in the current year. In 2022, the City received its second tranche of ARPA funding and continued spending the first tranche. In 2024, the City expended the remaining ARPA funds on two pumper trucks, a line truck and a bucket truck.

Miscellaneous revenue increased by approximately \$2 million as a result of properties that were sold in 2024 that were no longer available for sale, specifically, property sold in downtown to Argenta Hospitality for the future site of the Tempo by Hilton hotel.

General government expense decreased approximately \$16.4 million over the prior year. This decrease is primarily a result of the March 31, 2023 tornado and the costs associated with debris removal around the City and in Burns Park in 2023.

The increase in public safety expense is primarily associated with the raises associated with the police and fire union contracts and increased overtime costs.

The decrease in public works expense is due to the Burns Park pavement repairs that were a result of the tornado that occurred on March 31, 2023.

The increase in street and traffic expense in 2024 is primarily associated with a 2.5% raise given at the beginning of the year.

The decrease in culture and recreation is associated with one time expenses in 2023 related to the 2023 tornado.

In 2024, net position of business-type activities increased by approximately \$8.4 million. Charges for services decreased approximately \$4 million due to less kWh usage as weather was milder than the previous year and one of the Electric Department's largest customers closing operations in October 2023, which reduced demand significantly during 2024. The majority of the Electric Department operating revenue is derived from residential and commercial customers. Operating expenses decreased in 2024 as well due to below average power costs, resulting in the increase in net position.

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Changes in Net Position

	Governmer	ntal /	Activities	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Revenues											
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 12,130,730	\$	10,968,870	\$	102,263,034	\$	106,771,617	\$	114,393,764	\$	117,740,487
Operating grants and contributions	2,202,404	*	16,153,352	Ψ	287,128	~	3,443,908	۳	2,489,532	Ψ	19,597,260
Capital grants	5,002,001		4,773,558		-		-		5,002,001		4,773,558
General revenues											
Taxes	99,853,696		100,428,185		-		-		99,853,696		100,428,185
Franchise taxes	4,283,043		4,587,543		-		-		4,283,043		4,587,543
Grants not restricted to											
specific programs	2,982,271		2,109,603		-		-		2,982,271		2,109,603
Investment income	2,648,766		2,642,811		1,838,285		1,858,330		4,487,051		4,501,141
Miscellaneous	2,898,696	_	899,707	_		_			2,898,696		899,707
Total revenues	132,001,607		142,563,629		104,388,447	_	112,073,855	_	236,390,054		254,637,484
Expenses											
General government	33,822,606		50,216,265		-		-		33,822,606		50,216,265
Public safety	58,016,021		44,671,828		-		-		58,016,021		44,671,828
Public works	2,383,848		2,959,471		-		-		2,383,848		2,959,471
Street and traffic	9,233,849		8,950,164		-		-		9,233,849		8,950,164
Health and sanitation	7,131,884		7,088,623		-		-		7,131,884		7,088,623
Community development	1,019,042		950,774		-		-		1,019,042		950,774
Culture and recreation	10,788,074		11,935,917		-		-		10,788,074		11,935,917
Interest and agent fees	253,247		296,603		-		-		253,247		296,603
Electric department			<u> </u>		82,030,298	_	82,204,333		82,030,298		82,204,333
Total expenses	122,648,571		127,069,645		82,030,298		82,204,333		204,678,869		209,273,978
Increases in net position											
before transfers	9,353,036		15,493,984		22,358,149		29,869,522		31,711,185		45,363,506
Transfers	13,950,000	_	13,649,346		(13,950,000)	_	(13,649,346)			_	<u>-</u>
Increase in net position	23,303,036		29,143,330		8,408,149		16,220,176		31,711,185		45,363,506
Net position, beginning of year	115,125,325		85,981,995		175,514,983		159,294,807		290,640,308		245,276,802
Net position, end of year	\$ 138,428,361	\$	115,125,325	\$	183,923,132	\$	175,514,983	\$	322,351,493	\$	290,640,308

Financial Analysis of Governmental and Proprietary Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$87,709,381. Approximately 42% of this total amount or \$37,011,697 constitutes unassigned fund balances available for spending. The remainder of the fund balances are either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned by designation by management for encumbrances. These amounts are \$1,797,726, \$7,779,819, \$38,280,166, and \$2,839,973, respectively.

The General Fund is the chief fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$37,020,668 while total fund balance was \$61,493,566. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the fund's total operational expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 38% of total expenditures, while total fund balance represents 64% of that same amount. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$7,555,933 during the current fiscal year. Total revenues increased approximately \$0.7 million. Expenditures decreased \$8,905,968. This decrease was a result of one time expenses related to the March 31st tornado for debris removal and emergency protective measures, the purchase of the Barber College building in Downtown North Little Rock and construction of the water and wastewater infrastructure at the Tulip Farms development in 2023.

The ARPA fund is being used to account for federal grants related to the pandemic. Resources in this fund will be used in accordance with federal regulations. The ARPA Fund's fund balance decreased \$390,242 to zero at the end of the year. The City planned expenditures to ensure funds were spent by the end of 2024.

The Grant Fund accounts for grant funds received for various programs. These monies are expended to satisfy purposes as outlined by each federal program. Grant fund revenue and associated expenditures decreased approximately \$14.7 million in 2024. This decrease is associated with the FEMA Disaster Aid Funding as a result of the March 31, 2023 tornado, resulting in less expenditures in 2024.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Electric Department totaled \$62,245,847 as of December 31, 2024. The Electric Department's net position increased \$8,408,149. Charges for services decreased approximately \$4 million due to less kWh usage as weather was milder than the previous year and one of the Electric Department's largest customers closing operations in October 2023, which reduced demand significantly during 2024. The majority of the Electric Department operating revenue is derived from residential and commercial customers. Operating expenses decreased in 2024 as well due to below average power costs, resulting in the increase in net position.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Each January the departments evaluate their outstanding purchase orders that need to be rolled forward to the current year budget. In 2024 there was approximately \$3 million in outstanding purchase orders from 2023 rolled forward. The City also made other revisions to the original revenues and budgeted expenditures as necessary during the year, as approved by the City Council. However, all departments remained diligent in keeping expenditures within budget. The final amended General Fund budgeted expenditures totaled \$101,073,513 as compared to the original budgeted expenditures of \$91,907,815 an increase of \$9,165,698. The majority of this increase in budgeted expenditures was an increase in capital outlay of \$4,885,956. Capital expenditures are typically spent out of one of the capital improvement funds, however there are times when the budget is amended for capital expenditures out of the general fund. In this case, the capital expenditures are budgeted in the Special Appropriations division. This increase was due to several amendments: an amendment for costs associated with the North Little Rock Event Center, costs of completing the Rose City Health Clinic not spent in the prior year, and renovations to the history commission. Additionally, approximately \$1.6 million of the budgeted increase in expenditures is due to increase in public safety costs.

Actual revenue exceeded the general fund amended budget by approximately \$4 million at the end of 2024. The favorable variance is primarily associated with higher than anticipated tax revenues due to continued increased costs of goods and services. Final budgeted revenue exceeded the original budget by approximately \$5.4 million The original revenue was based on historical trends. The increase in sales tax was not foreseen at the beginning of the year, it was expected to taper off.

Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets

The City's investment in capital, lease and subscription assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2024 amounts to \$306,628,263 net of accumulated depreciation/amortization. This investment in capital, lease and subscription assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, machinery and equipment, computer equipment, utility infrastructure, infrastructure assets, and vehicles. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Additions to governmental buildings totaling \$476,002.
- Additions to governmental land of \$842,258.
- Additions to governmental land improvements of \$113,963.
- Additions to governmental vehicles of \$3,235,357.
- Additions to governmental equipment of \$1,879,082.
- Additions to governmental CIP of \$18,829,697 primarily related to the construction of Fire Station 11, Central Fire Station, Funland and renovations related to the Animal Shelter and North Little Rock Community Center.
- Additions to the Electrical system CIP of \$10,046,228.
- Additions to the Electrical system plant and equipment totaling \$2,961,238.

	Governmental Activities				Business-Ty	Activities	Total				
		2024		2023	2024	2023			2024		2023
Land and land rights	\$	11,432,480	\$	11,512,894	\$ 2,382,960	\$	2,382,960	\$	13,815,440	\$	13,895,854
Construction in progress		16,622,815		16,241,889	12,409,625		12,016,108		29,032,440		28,257,997
Utility system plant and											
equipment		-		-	322,547,441		318,136,766		322,547,441		318,136,766
Infrastructure		77,635,730		69,221,327	-		-		77,635,730		69,221,327
Buildings		97,279,731		87,309,259	-		-		97,279,731		87,309,259
Land improvements		11,048,906		10,159,589	-		-		11,048,906		10,159,589
Vehicles		36,833,383		34,217,582	-		-		36,833,383		34,217,582
Equipment		39,030,322		37,085,920	-		-		39,030,322		37,085,920
Ships and watercraft		3,677,016		3,673,738	-		-		3,677,016		3,673,738
Subscription assets		1,304,728		466,457	507,186		627,852		1,811,914		1,094,309
Leased equipment		615,333		645,847	-		-		615,333		645,847
Leased building		1,136,205		784,724	-		-		1,136,205		784,724
Accumulated depreciation/											
amortization		(119,363,639)		(110,101,971)	(208,471,959)		(205,095,242)		(327,835,598)		(315,197,213)
					 		·				
Total	\$	177,253,010	\$	161,217,255	\$ 129,375,253	\$	128,068,444	\$	306,628,263	\$	289,285,699

Additional information on the City's capital and leased assets can be found in *Note 5* in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2024, the City had \$20,475,211 outstanding debt consisting of revenue bonds, special obligation bonds, financed purchases, and subscription and lease liabilities. Of this debt, \$18,154,643 was secured by specific revenue sources.

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities					Total				
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Revenue bonds	\$ -	\$	_	\$	9,432,646	\$	12,404,556	\$	9,432,646	\$	12,404,556		
Bonds payable	8,721,997		9,522,795		-		-		8,721,997		9,522,795		
Financed purchases	39,821		91,667		-		-		39,821		91,667		
Subscription liability	870,616		183,029		71,289		338,986		941,905		522,015		
Lease liability	 1,338,842		1,193,699						1,338,842		1,193,699		
Total	\$ 10,971,276	\$	10,991,190	\$	9,503,935	\$	12,743,542	\$	20,475,211	\$	23,734,732		

Total long-term bonds, financed purchases, and lease liabilities outstanding at December 31, 2024, decreased by \$3,259,521 due to scheduled payments. Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in *Note 6* of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The City of North Little Rock has a stable economy with historically consistent and steady growth. The City has strong manufacturing, wholesale and retail trade, healthcare, education, and government sectors. Our central location and access to transportation contributes to the City's development as a regional warehousing and distribution center to companies such as Amazon, Dollar General and Lowe's. The City plans to continue improvements to local infrastructure, invest in its utility systems, support planning and development in the City, and focus on delivery of services to its citizens and customers.

The original 2025 budget for the General Fund includes budgeted revenues of \$95,334,825 including net transfers in of \$6,957,939, and expenditures of \$95,332,729.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, City of North Little Rock, 700 W. 29th Street, North Little Rock, Arkansas 72114.

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

		Primary Government						
		Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities		Total		Component Units
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,567,287	\$	35,351,316	\$	63,918,603	\$	15,264,695
Investments		40,709,290		13,903,323		54,612,613		13,826,625
Accounts receivable - net of allowance		34,183,135		5,827,792		40,010,927		9,549,799
Lease receivable		409,349		-		409,349		1,811,465
Prepaids		1,797,726		2,376,708		4,174,434		1,359,079
Inventories		-		13,704,258		13,704,258		48,508
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		645,135		9,528,185		10,173,320		6,011,513
Notes receivable		-		1,155,000		1,155,000		158,380
Internal balances		1,602,485		(1,602,485)		-		-
Unbilled revenues		-		5,899,822		5,899,822		-
Capital assets - nondepreciable		28,055,295		14,792,585		42,847,880		12,278,893
Capital, lease, and subscription assets - depreciable,								
net		149,197,715		114,582,668		263,780,383		146,307,866
-		005 407 447		045 540 470		E00 000 E00		200 040 022
Total assets		285,167,417	_	215,519,172		500,686,589		206,616,823
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred amount related to pensions		27,078,460		893.468		27,971,928		3,757,063
Deferred amount related to OPEB		530,613		73,473		604,086		-, - ,
			_				_	
Total deferred outflows of resources		27,609,073	_	966,941		28,576,014		3,757,063
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	312,776,490	\$	216,486,113	\$	529.262.603	\$	210,373,886
	<u> </u>	3.2,0,100	: ≚	=.0,.00,110	_	,,	<u>*</u>	,,

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

		Primary Government						
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Component Units
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	3,275,335	\$	822,983	\$	4,098,318	\$	2,166,776
Accrued expenses	•	3,479,430	•	1,041,816	•	4,521,246	•	3,430,131
Unearned revenue		132,716				132,716		· · ·
Accrued interest payable		52,572		86,065		138,637		
Noncurrent Liabilities		•		,		•		
Due within one year								
Bonds and loan payable		817,601		3,027,646		3,845,247		4,602,344
Financed purchase		39,821		· · ·		39,821		, ,
Lease liability		191,855		-		191,855		
Subscription liability		365,044		49,487		414,531		12,99°
Compensated absences		1,214,706		162,300		1,377,006		1,243,64
Total OPEB liability		183,621		-		183,621		, -,-
Customer deposits		-		7,679,366		7,679,366		
Due in more than one year				.,,		.,,		
Bonds and loan payable, net of amortized premiums		7,904,396		6,405,000		14,309,396		35,476,977
Lease liability		1,146,987		-,,		1,146,987		,,
Subscription liability		505,572		21,802		527,374		13,389
Reserve for bio-solid disposal		-		,,		-		1,168,75
Net pension liability		131,145,252		10,343,362		141,488,614		5,936,92
Total OPEB liability		2,196,552		260.118		2,456,670		143.914
Compensated absences		11,747,830		1,748,581		13,496,411		257,520
Total liabilities		164,399,290		31,648,526		196,047,816		54,453,362
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred amounts related to pensions		5,639,798		345,684		5,985,482		1,650,042
Deferred amount related to OPEB		3,905,226		568,771		4,473,997		1,030,042
Lease related		403,815		300,771		403,815		1 777 /5
Lease related	_	403,615			. —	403,615		1,777,45
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,948,839	_	914,455		10,863,294		3,427,500
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		164,397,705		119,871,318		284,269,023		115,157,68
Restricted		,,		,,				,,
Debt service		1,106,050		1,805,967		2,912,017		5,432,09
Street and traffic		6,125,874		.,000,00.		6,125,874		0,.02,00
Parks and recreation		1,995,642		_		1,995,642		
Community development		2,262		_		2,262		
Police - equitable sharing		292,855		_		292.855		
Drainage improvement		774,636		_		774,636		
Airport		,		_		- 1,000		1.340.099
Library		_		_		_		33.296
Unrestricted		(36,266,663)		62,245,847		25,979,184		30,529,847
Total net position		138,428,361		183,923,132		322,351,493		152,493,024
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and								
net position	\$	312,776,490	\$	216,486,113	\$	529,262,603	\$	210,373,886

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

			_	ı	Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	
Primary Government									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	33,822,606	\$	6,076,250	\$	50,899	\$	594,505	
Public safety		58,016,021		2,064,087		224,672		119,178	
Public works		2,383,848		-		-		3,286,707	
Street and traffic		9,233,849		141,404		-		-	
Health and sanitation		7,131,884		1,755,727		-		-	
Community development		1,019,042		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		10,788,074		2,093,262		1,926,833		1,001,611	
Interest and fiscal charges		253,247	_		_	-		-	
Total governmental activities		122,648,571	_	12,130,730		2,202,404		5,002,001	
Business-type activities									
Electric Department		82,030,298	_	102,263,034		287,128		-	
Total business-type activities		82,030,298		102,263,034		287,128		-	
Total primary government	\$	204,678,869	\$	114,393,764	\$	2,489,532	\$	5,002,001	
Component Units								•	
Component units		35,643,846	_	30,581,924		131,411		1,634,416	
Total component units	\$	35,643,846	\$	30,581,924	\$	131,411	\$	1,634,416	

General Revenues and Transfers

General revenues:

Sales taxes

Other taxes

Franchise taxes

Grants not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
P									
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units						
\$ (27,100,952) (55,608,084) 902,859	\$ - -	\$ (27,100,952) (55,608,084) 902,859	\$ - -						
(9,092,445) (5,376,157) (1,019,042)	- - -	(9,092,445) (5,376,157) (1,019,042)	- - -						
(5,766,368) (253,247)		(5,766,368) (253,247)							
(103,313,436)		(103,313,436)							
-	20,519,864	20,519,864	-						
-	20,519,864	20,519,864	-						
\$ (103,313,436)	\$ 20,519,864	\$ (82,793,572)	\$ -						
			(3,296,095)						
			' <u>'</u>						
			\$ (3,296,095)						
78,972,144 20,881,552 4,283,043	- - -	78,972,144 20,881,552 4,283,043	10,179,788 4,993,275 -						
2,982,271 2,648,766	- 1,838,285	2,982,271 4,487,051	- 1,182,621						
2,898,696	-	2,898,696	250,112						
13,950,000	(13,950,000)								
126,616,472	(12,111,715)	114,504,757	16,605,796						
23,303,036	8,408,149	31,711,185	13,309,701						
115,125,325	175,514,983	290,640,308	139,183,323						
\$ 138,428,361	\$ 183,923,132	\$ 322,351,493	\$ 152,493,024						

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

		General		ARPA	_	Grant	_	Other Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,033,479	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,533,808	\$	28,567,287
Investments	*	33,830,173	*	_	*	-	*	6,879,117	_	40,709,290
Property taxes receivable - net of allowance		11,530,043		_		_		2,674,143		14,204,186
Sales tax receivable		11,776,925		-		-		2,232,574		14,009,499
Franchise tax receivable		442.264		-		-		-		442.264
Accounts receivable		810,664		-		-		-		810,664
Leases receivable		409,349		-		_		-		409,349
Due from other governments		12,245		-		4,334,591		369,686		4,716,522
Due from other funds		6,469,936		-		2,498		4,026,973		10,499,407
Prepaids		1,517,118		_		, -		280,608		1,797,726
Restricted cash equivalents				-		-		645,135		645,135
Total assets	\$	80,832,196	\$	_	\$	4,337,089	\$	31,642,044	\$	116,811,329
Total assets	Ψ	00,032,130	Ψ		Ψ	4,007,000	Ψ	31,042,044	Ψ	110,011,329
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,827,506	\$	=	\$	79,960	\$	1,367,870	\$	3,275,336
Accrued expenses		3,152,664		-		2,790		323,976		3,479,430
Unearned revenue		6,468		=		126,248		=		132,716
Due to other funds		3,468,224				4,137,062		1,291,636	_	8,896,922
Total liabilities		8,454,862			_	4,346,060		2,983,482		15,784,404
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		10,479,953		_		-		2.433.776		12.913.729
Lease related		403,815		_		_		_, .00, 0		403,815
		,								,
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,883,768		-		-		2,433,776	-	13,317,544
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		1,517,118		-		=		280,608		1,797,726
Restricted for										
Debt service		-		-		-		837,077		837,077
Street and traffic		_		-		-		3,877,347		3,877,347
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		1,995,642		1,995,642
Community development		-		-		=		2,262		2,262
Police - equitable sharing		-		-		-		292,855		292,855
Drainage improvement		-		-		-		774,636		774,636
Committed		20,115,807		-		=		18,164,359		38,280,166
Assigned		2,839,973		-		-		-		2,839,973
Unassigned		37,020,668				(8,971)				37,011,697
Total fund balances (deficit)		61,493,566	_		_	(8,971)	_	26,224,786		87,709,381
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	00 022 406	c		¢	4 227 000	\$	21 642 044	\$	116 014 220
and fully palatices	φ	80,832,196	\$		\$	4,337,089	φ	31,642,044	φ	116,811,329

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 87,709,381
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	
Capital, lease, and subcription assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	177,253,010
Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period in which levied in the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.	12,913,729
Interest accrued on long-term debt in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	(52,572)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds Accrued compensated absences Total OPEB liability Net Pension Liability Bonds payable, including premiums Financed purchases Lease liability Subscription liability	(12,962,536) (2,380,173) (131,145,252) (8,721,997) (39,821) (1,338,842) (870,616)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, excluding amounts related to leases, represent flows of resources which relate to the future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 18,064,050
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 138,428,361

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total revenues 102,708,862 3,145,024 5,060,900 20,360,940 131,275,726		General	ARPA	Grant	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes - cheer 17,691,839 - 2,463,832 - 2,155,671 Franchise fees 4,283,043 - 4,283,043 - 4,283,045 Fines and forfeitures 2,057,329 - 141,404 4,205,7329 - 141,405,7329 - 141,405,405 -	Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures		. , ,	\$ -	\$ -	, , , , ,	
Fines and forfeitures			-	-	2,463,832	, ,
Licenses and permits			-	-	-	
Charges for services 3,201,239 2,982,271 5,002,001 2,059,212 10,268,156 Investment earnings 1,769,726 162,763 3			-	-	141 404	
Intergovernmental						
Investment earnings 1,769,726 102,725 - 7,16,287 2,648,766 Miscellaneous 2,245,728 - 3,145,024 5,060,900 20,360,940 131,275,726 2,065,129 7,041 7,			2.982.271	5.002.001	, , .	
Miscellaneous				-		
Expanditures			. 	58,899		2,965,129
Central Covernment	Total revenues	102,708,862	3,145,024	5,060,900	20,360,940	131,275,726
Administration 3,523,093 -	•					
City clerk						
Code enforcement			-	-	-	
Communication 426.466 426.567 - 1857.715			-	34 000	-	
Finance 1.857.715 - 1.857.715		, ,		34,000		, ,
Information technology	·		_	_	_	
1st district court 570,909 - 674,225 - 751,090			_	_	_	
Legal	1st district court		-	-	-	
Human resources	2nd district court	510,909	-	-	-	510,909
Planning			-	-	-	
Vehicle maintenance 1,338,249 - - - 1,338,248 Total general government 17,732,582 - 34,000 - 17,766,582 Animal shelter 1,039,856 - 14,849 - 1,004,240 Community development - - - 1,004,240 1,004,240 Emergency services 2,831,284 - 24,210 - 2,855,494 Fit 2 liwe 99,861 - - - 99,861 Health 97,873 - - - 97,873 Neighborhood services 448,179 - - - 748,179 Public safety - free 21,448,576 - - - 21,448,576 Public safety - police 30,656,632 - 33,852 17,488 30,707,972 Public safety - police vorks 891,221 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 6,841,882 - - - 6,441,852 Senior cilizens center		,	-	-	-	
Total general government	3		-	-	-	, ,
Animal shelter 1,039,856 - 14,849 - 1,054,705 Community development - 1,039,856 - 14,849 - 1,004,240 1,004,240 Emergency services 2,831,284 - 24,210 - 2,855,494 Fit 2 liwe 99,861 99,861 Health 97,873 97,873 Neighborhood services 448,179 97,873 Neighborhood services 1448,179 1448,179 Parks and recreation 254,483 - 63,636 9,228,337 9,546,456 Public safety - fpic 21,448,576 2,1448,576 Public safety - fpic 30,656,632 - 33,852 17,488 30,707,972 Public safety - police 30,656,632 - 33,852 17,488 30,707,972 Public works 89121 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 6,481,882 1,053,385 Senior citizens center 1,075,387 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - 6,949,427 6,949,427 Capital outlay 4,813,944 1,922,045 1,722,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 Debt service Principal retirement 622,556 6,949,427 6,949,427 Capital outlay 4,813,944 1,922,045 1,722,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 Debt service Principal retirement 622,556 731,846 1,354,402 Interest and fiscal charges 731,846 1,354,402 Interest and fiscal charges 731,846 1,354,402 Principal retirement 622,556 731,846 1,354,402 Principal retirement 622,556 731,846 1,354,402 Interest and fiscal charges 731,846 1,354,402 Principal retirement 622,556 19,799 2,804,067 38,039,267 139,535,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 19,076,598 - 19,799,37 38,867,535 Transfers in 19,076,598 - 19,799,3			· 	34.000	· 	
Community development	0 0			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Emergency services 2,831,284 - 24,210 - 2,855,494 Fit 2 live 99,861 99,861 99,861 Health 97,873 99,861 Health 97,873 97,873 Neighborhood services 448,179 448,179 Parks and recreation 254,483 - 63,636 9,228,337 9,546,456 Public safety - fire 21,448,576 21,448,576 Public safety - police 30,656,632 - 33,852 17,488 30,707,972 Public works 891,221 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 64,818,882 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 64,818,882 6,481,882 6,481,882 6,481,882 10,753,387 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 6,949,427 6,949,427 Capital outlary 4,813,944 1,922,045 1,722,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 Debt service Principal retirement 622,556 731,846 1,354,402 Principal retirement 1622,556 731,846 1,354,402 Principal retirement 1622,556 731,846 1,354,402 Principal retirement 162,556 Princ		1,039,856	-	14,849	1 004 240	
Fit 2 live 99,861 - - 99,861 Health 97,873 - - 97,873 Neighborhood services 448,179 - - 448,179 Parks and recreation 254,483 - 63,636 9,228,337 9,546,456 Public safety - police 21,448,576 - - - 21,448,576 Public works 891,221 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 6,481,882 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 6,481,882 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Senior citizens center 1,075,387 - - 6,481,882 Senior citizens center 1,075,387 - - 6,949,427 6,949,427 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 6,949,427 6,949,427 Street and traffic - - - 7,31,846 1,354,402 Principal retirement 622,556		2 831 284		24 210	1,004,240	
Health			_	24,210	_	
Parks and recreation 254,483 - 63,636 9,228,337 9,546,456 Public safety - fire 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 - - - 6,449,56 - - - 6,441,882 -<		/	_	_	_	
Public safety - fire 21,448,576 - - 21,448,576 Public safety - police 30,656,632 - 33,852 17,488 30,707,972 Public works 891,221 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 6,481,882 - - - 6,481,882 Senior citizens center 1,075,387 - - - 1,075,387 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 8,275,314 Street and traffic - - - - 6,949,427 6,949,427 Capital outlay 4,813,944 1,922,045 1,722,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 Debt service Principal retirement 622,556 - - - 731,846 1,354,402 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7378,666 378,666 378,666 Total expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Other Financing Sour	Neighborhood services	448,179	-	-	-	448,179
Public safety - police 30,656,632 - 33,852 17,488 30,707,972 Public works 891,221 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 6,481,882 - - - -6,481,882 Senior citizens center 1,075,387 - - - 1,075,387 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 6,949,427 6,949,427 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 Capital outlay 4,813,944 1,922,045 1,722,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 Debt service - - - 731,846 1,354,402 1,454,402 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>63,636</td><td>9,228,337</td><td></td></td<>			-	63,636	9,228,337	
Public works 891,221 - 911,038 543,260 2,345,519 Sanitation 6,481,882 - - - - 6,481,882 Senior citizens center 1,075,387 - - - - 1,075,387 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 Capital outlay 4,813,944 1,922,045 1,722,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 Debt service - - - 731,846 1,354,402 Additional control co		, ,	-		.	
Sanitation 6,481,882 - - - 6,481,882 Senior citizens center 1,075,387 - - - 1,075,387 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 8,275,314 Street and traffic - - - 6,949,427 6,245,247 9,248,427 9,248,427 9,248,427 9,248,427 9,248,427 9,248,427			-			
Senior citizens center 1,075,387 - - - 1,075,387 Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - 8,275,347 - - - 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 6,949,427 1,949,477 6,947,425 17,22,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,44,474 19,276,424 2,280,4067 38,039,267 139,535,009 2,280,4067 38,039,267 139,535,009 2,280,4067<			-	911,038	543,260	
Special appropriations 7,699,560 575,754 - - 8,275,314 Street and traffic - - - - 6,949,427 6,944,474 1,354,402 7,31,846 1,354,402 1,354,402 1,378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 139,535,009 8,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 1,259,283 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></td<>			-	-	-	
Street and traffic - - 6,949,427 6,944,474 19,186,003 27,644,474 19,186,003 27,644,474 19,186,003 27,644,474 13,54,402 13,54,402 37,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 378,666 47,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Chackess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8			575 75 4			
Capital outlay Debt service 4,813,944 1,922,045 1,722,482 19,186,003 27,644,474 Principal retirement Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 622,556 - - - 731,846 1,354,402 Interest and fiscal charges - - - - 378,666 378,666 Total expenditures 96,193,876 2,497,799 2,804,067 38,039,267 139,535,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 19,076,598 - - 19,790,937 38,867,535 Transfers out Leases and Subscriptions (19,490,937) (1,037,467) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) Leases and Subscriptions 1,455,286 - - - 1,455,286 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,040,947 (1,037,467) (2,215,031) 17,616,837 15,405,286 Net Change in Fund Balances 7,555,933 (390,242) 41,802 (61,490) 7,146,003 <		- ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	_	6.949.427	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 622,556 - - 731,846 1,354,402 Total expenditures 96,193,876 2,497,799 2,804,067 38,039,267 139,535,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 19,076,598 - - 19,790,937 38,867,535 Transfers out Transfers out Leases and Subscriptions (19,490,937) (1,037,467) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) Leases and Subscriptions 1,455,286 - - - - - 1,455,286 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,040,947 (1,037,467) (2,215,031) 17,616,837 15,405,286 Net Change in Fund Balances 7,555,933 (390,242) 41,802 (61,490) 7,146,003 Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year 53,937,633 390,242 (50,773) 26,286,276 80,563,378		4,813,944	1,922,045	1,722,482	, ,	
Interest and fiscal charges	Debt service					
Total expenditures 96,193,876 2,497,799 2,804,067 38,039,267 139,535,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 19,076,598 - 19,076,598 Transfers out (19,490,937) (1,037,467) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (24,917,100) (24,917,535) (24,917,100) (24,917,535) (24,917,100) (24,917,535) (24,917,100) (24,917,535) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917,100) (24,917		622,556	-	-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Leases and Subscriptions Total other financing sources (uses) Net Change in Fund Balances Total Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year 53,937,633 12,076,598 19,0	Ç	96 193 876	2 / 07 700	2 804 067		
Over (Under) Expenditures 6,514,986 647,225 2,256,833 (17,678,327) (8,259,283) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Leases and Subscriptions 19,076,598 19,790,937 19,790,937 38,867,535 17,937 19,790,937		90,193,070	2,431,133	2,004,007	30,039,207	109,000,009
Transfers in Transfers out Leases and Subscriptions 19,076,598 (19,490,937) (1,037,467) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (2,		6,514,986	647,225	2,256,833	(17,678,327)	(8,259,283)
Transfers in Transfers out Leases and Subscriptions 19,076,598 (19,490,937) (1,037,467) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100) (2,	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out Leases and Subscriptions (19,490,937) (1,037,467) (2,215,031) (2,174,100) (24,917,535) (2,174,100)		10 076 508			10 700 037	29 967 525
Leases and Subscriptions 1,455,286 - - - 1,455,286 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,040,947 (1,037,467) (2,215,031) 17,616,837 15,405,286 Net Change in Fund Balances 7,555,933 (390,242) 41,802 (61,490) 7,146,003 Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year 53,937,633 390,242 (50,773) 26,286,276 80,563,378			(1 037 467)	(2 215 031)		
Net Change in Fund Balances 7,555,933 (390,242) 41,802 (61,490) 7,146,003 Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year 53,937,633 390,242 (50,773) 26,286,276 80,563,378			(1,001,101)	(2,2 :0,00 :)	(2,,.00)	1,455,286
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year 53,937,633 390,242 (50,773) 26,286,276 80,563,378	Total other financing sources (uses)	1,040,947	(1,037,467)	(2,215,031)	17,616,837	15,405,286
	Net Change in Fund Balances	7,555,933	(390,242)	41,802	(61,490)	7,146,003
Fund Balances (Deficit), End of Year \$ 61,493,566 \$ - \$ (8,971) \$ 26,224,786 \$ 87,709,381	Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year	53,937,633	390,242	(50,773)	26,286,276	80,563,378
	Fund Balances (Deficit), End of Year	\$ 61,493,566	\$ -	\$ (8,971)	\$ 26,224,786	\$ 87,709,381

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 7,146,003
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. Capital, lease, and subscription asset purchases Retirements Depreciation expense Amortization expense	27,644,474 (1,217,154) (9,786,990) (604,575)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources, such as property taxes, are not reported as revenues for the funds but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	725,882
Current year changes in long-term liabilities for compensated absences do require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(1,395,250)
Changes to Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability, net pension liability, OPEB and pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources require the use of current financial resources and therefore are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	766,110
Interest is accrued in the government-wide financial statements but not at the fund level. This represents the change in the accrual during the period.	4,621
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, and subscriptions) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Principal payments: Financed purchases Bonds payable Bond premium amortization Lease liability Subscription liability Issuance of lease and subscription liabilities	51,846 680,000 120,798 206,338 416,219 (1,455,286)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 23,303,036

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		iginal ıdget		Changes		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues										
Taxes - sales	\$ 6	2.650.000	\$	2,750,000	\$	65,400,000	\$	66,345,703	\$	945,703
Taxes - other		9,830,000	•	700,000	•	10,530,000	•	17,691,839	•	7,161,839
Franchise fees		3,273,850		. 00,000		3,273,850		4,283,043		1,009,193
Fines and forfeitures		1,532,400				1,532,400		2,057,329		524,929
Licenses and permits		4,572,750		190,000		4,762,750		4,489,583		(273,167)
·				,						, ,
Charges for services		2,435,000		700,000		3,135,000		3,201,239		66,239
Intergovernmental		5,912,318				5,912,318		224,672		(5,687,646)
Investment earnings		1,030,000		358,000		1,388,000		1,769,726		381,726
Miscellaneous		1,844,897		722,625		2,567,522		2,645,728		78,206
Total revenues	9	3,081,215		5,420,625		98,501,840		102,708,862		4,207,022
Expenditures										
General Government										
Administration		3,638,871		3,547		3,642,418		3,523,093		119,325
City clerk		533,668		-		533,668		492,186		41,482
Code enforcement		1,379,728		250,454		1,630,182		1,592,001		38,181
Communication		426,391		40,000		466,391		426,426		39,965
Finance		1.962.377		.0,000		1,962,377		1,857,715		104,662
Information technology		5.184.525		266,500		5,451,025		4,301,787		1,149,238
· ·		-, - ,		200,500				674.225		, ,
1st district court		762,966		-		762,966		. , .		88,741
2nd district court		666,404		-		666,404		510,909		155,495
Legal		957,254		-		957,254		870,687		86,567
Human resources		1,120,442		-		1,120,442		965,774		154,668
Planning		1,231,502		15,062		1,246,564		1,179,530		67,034
Vehicle maintenance		1,378,738		<u> </u>		1,378,738		1,338,249		40,489
Total general government	1	9,242,866		575,563		19,818,429		17,732,582		2,085,847
Animal shelter		1,065,074		-		1,065,074		1,039,856		25,218
Emergency services		2,780,480		212,361		2,992,841		2,831,284		161,557
Fit 2 live		151,037		· -		151,037		99,861		51,176
Health		105,435		_		105,435		97,873		7,562
Neighborhood services		468,092		_		468,092		448,179		19,913
Parks and recreation		-		_		-		254,483		(254,483)
Public safety - fire	2	2,574,453		41,254		22,615,707		21,448,576		1,167,131
Public safety - police		9,593,945		1,432,119		31,026,064		30,656,632		369,432
Public works	2	881,913		1,432,119		881,913		891,221		(9,308)
Sanitation		,		600,000		,		,		,
		6,061,699		000,000		6,661,699		6,481,882		179,817
Senior citizens center		1,090,593		- 440 445		1,090,593		1,075,387		15,206
Special appropriations		7,382,039		1,418,445		8,800,484		7,699,560		1,100,924
Capital outlay		510,189		4,885,956		5,396,145		4,813,944		582,201
Debt service										
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		622,556		(622,556)
morest and model onlygos					_		_			
Total expenditures	9	1,907,815		9,165,698		101,073,513		96,193,876		4,879,637
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,173,400		(3,745,073)		(2,571,673)		6,514,986		9,086,659
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	1	5,824,100				15,824,100		19,076,598		3,252,498
				(740,000)						
Transfers out	(1	6,997,500)		(746,000)		(17,743,500)		(19,490,937)		(1,747,437)
Leases (as lessee)								1,455,286		1,455,286
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,173,400)		(746,000)		(1,919,400)		1,040,947		2,960,347
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(4,491,073)		(4,491,073)		7,555,933		12,047,006
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	5	3,937,633	-			53,937,633		53,937,633	-	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 5	3,937,633	\$	(4,491,073)	\$	49,446,560	\$	61,493,566	\$	12,047,006

	Business-Type Activities
	Enterprise Fund Electric Department
Assets	Department
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,351,316
Investments Accounts receivable - net of allowance	13,903,323
Other receivables	5,770,655 57,137
Notes receivable	145,000
Unbilled revenues	5,899,822
Materials and supplies	13,704,258
Prepaid expenses	2,376,708
Total current assets	77,208,219
Noncurrent assets	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	9,528,185
Notes receivable	1,010,000
Total non-current assets	10,538,185
Capital and Subscription Assets	
Property, plant, and equipment	337,340,026
Subscription assets	507,186
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(208,471,959)
Total capital and subscription assets Total assets	<u>129,375,253</u> 217,121,657
Total assets	217,121,037
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources - Pension	893,468
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	73,473
Total deferred outflows of resources	966,941
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 218,088,598
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 822,983
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,041,816
Due to other funds	1,602,485
Bonds payable - current portion	3,027,646
Subscription liability - current portion Accrued compensated absences	49,487
Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest payable	162,300 86,065
Total current liabilities	6,792,782
Total current habilities	0,192,102
Noncurrent liabilities	7 670 266
Customer deposits payable Net pension liability	7,679,366 10,343,362
Total OPEB liability	260,118
Accrued compensated absences - noncurrent portion	1,748,581
Bonds payable - noncurrent portion	6,405,000
Subscription liability - noncurrent portion	21,802
Total noncurrent liabilities	26,458,229
Total liabilities	33,251,011
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources - Pension	345,684
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	568,771
Total deferred inflows of resources	914,455
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	119,871,318
Restricted for debt service	1,805,967
Unrestricted net position	62,245,847
Total net position	183,923,132
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 218,088,598

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Electric Department
Operating Revenues Sale of electricity, net of uncollectible accounts Penalty income Miscellaneous income Total operating revenues	\$ 100,416,895 1,324,826 521,313 102,263,034
Operating Expenses Salaries and fringe benefits Purchased electricity and transmission costs Maintenance Franchise tax Depreciation and amortization Other services and charges Total operating expenses	9,865,186 50,380,844 4,998,450 372,210 10,910,441 4,780,479 81,307,610
Operating Income	20,955,424
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest and investment income Interest expense Trustee fees Loss on disposal of plant and equipment Intergovernmental revenue Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	1,838,285 (512,028) (10,000) (200,660) 287,128 1,402,725
Income Before Transfers Out	22,358,149
Transfers to Other City Funds	13,950,000
Increase in Net Position	8,408,149
Net Position, Beginning of Year	175,514,983
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 183,923,132

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	Ві	isiness-Type Activities	
	Enterprise Fund Electric Department		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to vendors Payments for purchase of electricity Payments for taxes Payments to employees Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	103,010,940 (17,379,702) (50,380,844) (372,210) (9,384,827) 25,493,357	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers to other departments Net reduction of notes receivable		(13,950,000) 145,000	
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities		(13,805,000)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Repayment of revenue bonds Repayment of subscription liability Purchase of property, plant, and equipment Interest paid Proceeds from grants Trustee payments		(2,971,910) (327,653) (13,007,466) (489,565) 287,128 (10,000)	
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(16,519,466)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Interest on investments		31,130,238 (29,400,809) 1,838,285	
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,567,714	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,263,395)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of the Year		46,142,896	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Year	\$	44,879,501	

		Activities nterprise Fund Electric Department
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$	20,955,424
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		
Depreciation expense		11,559,953
(Increase) Decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources Accounts receivable Unbilled revenues Prepaid expenses Inventory Deferred outflows of resources Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources Accounts payable Accrued expenses Customer deposits payable Pension and OPEB Compensated absences Deferred inflows of resources		750,606 (2,700) (919,583) (4,542,568) 1,227,566 (3,090,078) (142,426) 444,370 (1,087,273) 115,288 224,778
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	25,493,357
Supplement Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities Addition of subscription assets via long-term obligations	<u> </u>	59.956
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	\$ \$	200,660

	No E	Pension Trust Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement			
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Mutual funds - fixed income	\$	11,508,944 5,476,254			
Mutual funds - fixed fictine Mutual funds - equities Corporate bonds Other assets		45,809,499 3,977,018 17,178			
Total assets		66,788,893			
Net Position Net position - restricted for pension benefits	<u>\$</u>	66,788,893			
Total net position	\$	66,788,893			

	Pension Trust		
	Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement		
Additions			
Contributions Employer Members	\$	4,120,409 1,751,561	
Wellbers		1,731,301	
Total contributions		5,871,970	
Investment income			
Interest and dividend income		1,463,413	
Appreciation in fair value of investments		6,168,648	
Less investment expense		(243,796)	
Net investment income		7,388,265	
Total additions		13,260,235	
Deductions			
Benefits paid to participants		5,992,292	
Administrative expenses		83,258	
Total deductions		6,075,550	
Change in Net Position		7,184,685	
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits, Beginning of Year		59,604,208	
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits, End of Year	\$	66,788,893	

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Statement of Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units December 31, 2024

		Major Component Units	Nonmajor Component Unit	. <u>.</u>	
	Waste Water Utility	North Little Rock Public Library System	Airport Commission	Advertising and Promotion Commission	Total Component Units
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,114,470	\$ 3,700,325	\$ 360,364	\$ 2,089,536	\$ 15,264,695
Investments	13,826,625	5.005.440	4 004 044	40.400	13,826,625
Accounts receivable, net of allowance Leases receivable	2,610,607	5,035,410	1,884,614 1,811,465	19,168	9,549,799 1,811,465
Prepaid expenses and other	111,966	-	43,301	219,884	375,151
Inventories	48,264	244			48,508
Total current assets	25,711,932	8,735,979	4,099,744	2,328,588	40,876,243
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted assets	2.476.000	22.206			2 540 405
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposits	2,476,889 2.055.030	33,296		1,446,298	2,510,185 3,501,328
Other assets	983,928	-	-	1,440,290	983,928
Notes receivable	158,380	_	_	_	158,380
Capital assets, net	141,862,244	2,048,026	10,997,334	3,679,155	158,586,759
Total noncurrent assets	147,536,471	2,081,322	10,997,334	5,125,453	165,740,580
Total assets	173,248,403	10,817,301	15,097,078	7,454,041	206,616,823
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows from pensions	2,566,940	966,403	9,051	214,669	3,757,063
Deletted oddiows from pensions	2,500,940	900,403	9,031	214,009	3,737,003
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,566,940	966,403	9,051	214,669	3,757,063
Total assets and deferred outflows					
of resources	\$ 175,815,343	\$ 11,783,704	\$ 15,106,129	\$ 7,668,710	\$ 210,373,886
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 236,965	\$ 191,046	\$ 1,109,168	\$ 629,597	\$ 2,166,776
Other accrued liabilities	363,337	-	846,049	2,220,745	3,430,131
Bonds payable - current portion	4,602,344	-	-	-	4,602,344
Subscription liability		12,991	-		12,991
Compensated absences	998,717	45,445		199,485	1,243,647
Total current liabilities	6,201,363	249,482	1,955,217	3,049,827	11,455,889
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Bonds payable - noncurrent portion	35,476,977	-	-	-	35,476,977
Reserve for bio-solids disposal	1,168,750	.			1,168,750
Net pension liability	2,045,632	2,923,124	112,428	855,739	5,936,923
Total OPEB liability Subscription liability	143,914	13,389	-	-	143,914 13,389
Compensated absences		257,520	<u>-</u>		257,520
Total noncurrent liabilities	38,835,273	3,194,033	112,428	855,739	42,997,473
Total liabilities	45,036,636	3,443,515	2,067,645	3,905,566	54,453,362
B.C. 11.00					
Deferred inflows of Resources	1,476,925	111,909	26,221	34,987	1,650,042
Deferred inflows from pensions Lease related	1,470,925		1,777,458	34,967	1,777,458
Total deferred inflows of recovered	4 476 005	111,909	1 000 670	24.007	3,427,500
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,476,925	111,909	1,803,679	34,987	3,427,500
Net Position	404 700 000	0.004.640	9,894,706	4 450 440	145 457 605
Net investment in capital assets Restricted - expendable	101,782,923	2,021,646	1,340,099	1,458,410	115,157,685
Restricted - experidable Restricted - nonexpendable	5,432,097	33,296	1,340,099	-	6,772,196 33,296
Unrestricted	22,086,762	6,173,338		2,269,747	30,529,847
Total net position	129,301,782	8,228,280	11,234,805	3,728,157	152,493,024
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and net position	\$ 175,815,343	\$ 11,783,704	\$ 15,106,129	\$ 7,668,710	\$ 210,373,886

City of North Little Rock, Arkasas Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Gra	perating ants and tributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions	٧	Vaste Water Utility	R	North Little Rock Public Prary System	Airport Commission	Advertising & Promotion Commission		Total
North Little Rock														
Public Library System	\$ 5,715,513		\$	131,411	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,321,775)	\$	- \$ -	\$	(5,321,775)
Advertising and promotion	10,187,529	543,444						<u> </u>				- (9,644,085)	_	(9,644,085)
Total governmental activities	15,903,042	805,771		131,411						(5,321,775)		- (9,644,085)	_	(14,965,860)
Business-type Activities														
Waste water utility	18,567,978	29,229,847		-		-		10,661,869		-				10,661,869
Airport commission	1,172,826	546,306				1,634,416		-			1,007,89	6 -		1,007,896
Total business-type activities	19,740,804	29,776,153				1,634,416		10,661,869			1,007,89	6 -	_	11,669,765
Total component units	\$ 35,643,846	\$ 30,581,924	\$	131,411	\$	1,634,416		10,661,869		(5,321,775)	1,007,89	6 (9,644,085)		(3,296,095)
	General Reven													
	Taxes - other							-		4,993,275	07.46			4,993,275
	Taxes - sale Investment i							1 120 056		-	27,16			10,179,788
	Other	ncome						1,129,956 27,737		16,722	5,14 122,21			1,182,621 250,112
	Other						_	21,131		10,722	122,21	0 03,443	_	230,112
	Total ger	neral revenues						1,157,693		5,009,997	154,51	9 10,283,587		16,605,796
	Change in Net	Position						11,819,562		(311,778)	1,162,41	5 639,502		13,309,701
	Net Position, E	Beginning of Ye	ar					117,482,220		8,540,058	10,072,39	0 3,088,655		139,183,323
	Net Position, E	ind of Year					\$	129,301,782	\$	8,228,280	\$ 11,234,80	5 \$ 3,728,157	\$	152,493,024

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of North Little Rock, Arkansas (City) is a municipal corporation operating under the authority of Arkansas state statute. The City is governed by an elected, nine-member council comprised of the Mayor (elected at large) and eight City Council members. The City provides a full range of municipal services. These include police and fire protection, emergency medical services, public works (streets and waste collections), public improvements, electric and sewer services, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, social, cultural, and general administrative services. The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the City.

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas and its component units. The component units are legally separate entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the City's substantive appointment of the majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the City must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. These component units are further distinguished between blended component units, presented as part of the primary government, and discretely presented component units, presented separately.

Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which was adopted by the City in 2020, the Retirement System of The City of North Little Rock (The Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Plan) is presented as a fiduciary component unit in the City's fiduciary fund statements.

The discretely presented component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operations or financial relationships with the City. The City has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Major Component Units

North Little Rock Waste Water Utility - The North Little Rock Waste Water Utility maintains the City's wastewater facility. The City appoints a majority of the Utility's governing body. The City has the ability to remove appointed members of the Utility's governing body at will.

North Little Rock Public Library System - The North Little Rock Public Library System (Library) provides North Little Rock with library services, receives a financial benefit from the City in the form of property tax revenue, levied by the City but collected by the Library and has had to request subsidies in the past. In addition, the City owns the land and building the main Library is on and the City also appoints a majority of the Library's board.

North Little Rock Airport Commission - The North Little Rock Airport Commission (Airport) operates the municipal airport located within the City. The City appoints a majority of the Commission's board.

There were no significant transactions between the major component units and the City or its other component unit in 2024.

Nonmajor Component Unit

North Little Rock Advertising and Promotion Commission - The governing body of the commission is appointed by the City Council. The City has the power to impose its will on the Commission. The Commission serves as the sales and advFertising office for the City's tourism industry.

The North Little Rock Waste Water Utility, the North Little Rock Advertising and Promotion Commission, and the North Little Rock Public Library System issue separately audited financial statements. Copies of which may be obtained from the management of those entities.

Administrative Offices

North Little Rock Waste Water Utility 7400 Baucum Pike North Little Rock, Arkansas 72202 North Little Rock Public Library System 2801 Orange Street North Little Rock, Arkansas 72114

North Little Rock Advertising and Promotion Commission 600 Main Street North Little Rock, Arkansas 72114

Related Organizations

North Little Rock Housing Authority - The North Little Rock Housing Authority was created by state statute and is legally separate from the City. The City appoints the commissioners. However, the City cannot impose its will on the Authority since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the commissioners. The Authority is fiscally independent, and no financial benefit or burden relationship exists with the City. Therefore, it is not included in the City's financial statements.

North Little Rock Public Building Authority - The North Little Rock Public Building Authority was created by state statute and is legally separate from the City. The City appoints the board members. However, the City cannot impose its will on the Authority since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the board of directors. The Authority is fiscally independent, and no financial benefit or burden relationship exists with the City. Therefore, it is not included in the City's financial statements.

Central Arkansas Water - Effective July 1, 2001, the North Little Rock Water Department and the Little Rock Water Department were merged into Central Arkansas Water. The City appoints a minority of the commissioners, and the City cannot impose its will on the entity.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the government-wide statements because they cannot be used to support the City's own programs. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or identifiable activity is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly associated with a specific function or identifiable activity. Program revenues include: (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or identifiable activity and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program or identifiable activity.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund (governmental, proprietary and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and major enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All other governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The City has no nonmajor enterprise funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

ARPA Fund - To account for grant funds received from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund to address the Covid-19 pandemic and the corresponding economic downturn. This fund is designated as a major fund.

Grant Fund - To account for grant funds received for various programs. These monies are expended to satisfy purposes as outlined by each federal program.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

North Little Rock Electric Department - This fund accounts for operations of the City's electric utility.

Other funds of the City include the following:

Special Revenue Funds - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than expendable trusts or major capital projects, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds - The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by enterprise funds.

Pension Trust Fund - The pension trust fund accounts for assets held in trust for the Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund. Plan trustees must act in accordance with the specific purposes and terms of the retirement plan.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities' column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments and postemployment benefits are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual operating budgets are prepared by the Finance Department on an annual basis. The budget reflects revenues expected to be received and expenditures expected to be incurred during the year. The Mayor is required by City and State law to submit the budget to the City Council for approval. The City Council subsequently adopts the budget by City resolution no later than December 31 of each year. Department expenditures relating to budgeted items may not exceed their appropriated amount without approval. Transfers over budgeted amounts must receive City Council approval. Appropriations for special projects are made each year by the City Council to finance specific events and capital outlays. These projects are carried forward until they are fully expended or repealed by the City Council's resolution. Appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term instruments with original maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase. For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the Enterprise Fund, the City considers all liquid investments, including restricted assets, with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments and Investment Income

Generally, investments are stated at fair value or amortized cost and are held by the City in various forms as allowed by the laws of the State of Arkansas. The Electric Department carries debt securities with an original maturity of less than one year at amortized cost. All other investments of the Electric Department are carried at fair value using quoted market prices. Pension fund investments are carried at fair value using quoted market prices. The Waste Water Utility investments in securities are carried at fair value using quoted market prices. The City records all investment income earned in the respective funds. Investment income includes interest income, dividend income, other investment income, realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value (the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value), investments carried at other than fair value, and other investment income. Investment income is included in unrestricted net position and is reflected as nonoperating revenue in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position in Proprietary Funds.

Restricted Assets

Certain funds are held by the Governmental and Enterprise funds in accounts restricted for debt service, capital construction, utility operations and maintenance, and customer deposits. These funds are invested in certificates of deposits and securities as allowed by state law and the related debt agreements. The Waste Water Utility restricts certain assets for the payment of debt service, capital improvements, and repairs and maintenance. The North Little Rock Public Library System restricted assets (donor endowment) consist of a certificate of deposit. The Advertising and Promotion Commission restricted assets consist of a certificate of deposit. The principal of the endowment is permanently restricted, while investment income must be spent on reference materials.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Proprietary fund types, and the component units. The proprietary fund and Waste Water Utility (Utility) accounts receivable are stated at the amounts billed to customers. All funds and the Utility utilize the allowance method of accounting for uncollectible accounts receivable where appropriate. Management uses significant judgment in estimating uncollectible amounts, considering factors such as current overall economic conditions, industry-specific economic conditions, historical customer performance, and anticipated customer performance. While management believes the processes effectively address its exposure to doubtful accounts, changes in economic, industry, or specific customer conditions may require adjustment to the recorded allowance.

The electric department has a note receivable balance of \$1,155,000 as of December 31, 2024. The note is payable annually over the next seven years. The stated interest rate per the note is 5.25%.

Allowances have been established for December 31, 2024:

Primary Government

General Fund	\$ 915,729
Street Fund	189,095
Baring Cross Debt Service	41,172
Electric Department	139,850

Component Units

Waste Water Utility	\$ 10,000
Public Library System	503,541

Lease Receivable

The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases related to land. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses the lessee's rate, or the rate disclosed in the agreement. If the rate is not readily available, the City uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Inventories

All governmental-type fund inventories are accounted for using the purchase method, whereby inventories are charged to expenditures when purchased. Governmental inventories are immaterial to the government-wide financial statements. Electric Department inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the average cost method. Waste Water Utility and North Little Rock Public Library System inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances, which are recognized as expenditures as they are consumed, are for payments made by the City in the current year for services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and a reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that portion of the fund balance is not available for subsequent expenditures.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets constructed since 1980, are reported in the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements for the proprietary fund and all Discretely Presented Component Units. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

In connection with the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34, the City adopted a capitalization policy for infrastructure assets of \$250,000. The City defined machinery and equipment to be capitalized as those assets with value or cost greater than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. The cost of City additions includes contractual work, direct labor, materials and allocable overhead. For the Waste Water Utility, assets are constructed by utility work crews, independent contractors financed by utility funds, contributions to the Utility by independently financed waste water improvement districts, and contributions to the Utility by real estate developers in conjunction with property development. Assets acquired from improvement districts and real estate developers result in donated capital and have been so classified. The North Little Rock Public Library System defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$10,000 and a minimum estimated useful life of one year or more. Cost of repairs and maintenance that do not improve or extend the asset lives are charged to operations expense as incurred.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives ranging from 15 to 50 years for infrastructure, 10 to 40 years for buildings, 5 to 50 years for electric plant, and 3 to 25 years for land improvements, vehicles, and equipment. Depreciation for the Waste Water Utility is provided using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from three to fifty years. Depreciation for the North Little Rock Public Library System is provided using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from one to twenty years.

Depreciation expense is charged directly to the department/function based on the department that utilizes the related asset.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the columns for governmental activities, business-type activities, and component units. These amounts are also reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements for the proprietary fund. Debt premiums are generally deferred and amortized using the effective interest rate method. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable debt premium. Debt issuance costs are expensed.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental fund types are not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued, and premiums received are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report a liability, unearned revenue, in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned, which consists primarily of grant dollars received in advance of incurring eligible expenditures.

Lease Assets and Liabilities

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment and a building. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life for lease term, whichever is shorter.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines: (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged
 by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the
 discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with capital, lease, and subscription assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

Subscription Assets and Liability

The City contracts for noncancellable subscriptions of information technology software. At the commencement of a subscription, the City measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life or subscription term, whichever is shorter.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscriptions include how the City determines: (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Subscription payments
 included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase
 option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with capital, lease, and subscription assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits in varying amounts based upon length of service. Upon termination or retirement, employees are paid for unused, accumulated amounts up to specified maximums. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. In governmental funds, a liability for these amounts is reported only as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee terminations, resignations and retirements. For governmental activities, the liability for compensated absences is generally liquidated from the general fund.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's defined benefit pension plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the City's Health Care Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City has deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB, consisting of the amount of contributions made to the pension plans after the measurement date, the difference in assumption changes, the difference in projected and actual earnings on investments, changes of proportion and the difference in expected and actual experience.

Deferred outflows related to contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in years subsequent to the current fiscal year end. The remaining amounts will be amortized to pension expense over future periods.

The City also has deferred outflows related to loss on bond refunding which will be amortized over the life of the refunding bond or new bond, whichever is shorter.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City's deferred inflows relate to pensions and OPEB. This consists of the difference between the expected and actual experience, the difference in assumption changes, the difference in projected and actual earnings on investments, and changes of proportion. These amounts are amortized over future periods to pension and OPEB expense.

The City's deferred inflows also include leases in the governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements. These amounts represent the initial value of the lease receivable under GASB 87 systematically reduced and recognized as lease revenue over the term of the lease.

The City's deferred inflows also include unavailable revenues in the governmental funds. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position/Fund Balance

The net position of the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds of the City are classified in four components.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital, lease, and subscription assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.

Restricted expendable net position represents noncapital assets that must be used for a particular purpose as specified by creditors, grantors or donors external to the City, including amounts deposited with trustees as required by bond indentures, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related borrowings.

Restricted nonexpendable net position represents noncapital assets that are required to be maintained in perpetuity as specified by parties external to the City, such as permanent endowments. The City has no restricted nonexpendable net position at December 31, 2024. The North Little Rock Public Library System has restricted nonexpendable net position of \$33,296 at December 31, 2024.

Unrestricted net position represents remaining assets and deferred outflows of resources less remaining liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of net investments in capital, lease, and subscription assets or restricted expendable/nonexpendable net position.

The fund balances for the City's governmental funds are displayed in five components:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses or inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - Committed fund balances may be used only for the specific purposes determined by ordinance of the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of an ordinance by the City Council.

Assigned fund balance - assigned fund balances are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes as determined by the Mayor or the City Council. The Mayor is allowed to assign funds up to \$20,000. Any assignment of more than \$20,000 must be approved by the City Council. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned fund balance – Residual amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Flow assumptions - When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of net position/fund balance are available for use for expenses/expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: Committed, then Assigned, and lastly, Unassigned.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which was effective for the City beginning in fiscal year 2024. The objective of this statement is to better meet the financial statement needs of users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Implementation of GASB 101 did not affect beginning net position as of January 1, 2024 and did not have a material impact on the City.

Future Adoption of Accounting Standards

The GASB has issued the following potentially significant statements which the City has not yet adopted, and which require adoption subsequent to December 31, 2024. The City will evaluate the potential impact on the City's net position.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*: The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. This standard is effective for the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*: The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This standard is effective for the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2026.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*: The objective of this statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This standard is effective for the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2026.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned, or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. It is the City's policy to require collateralization of all deposits in excess of federal depository insurance. State statute requires that deposits in financial institutions be collateralized with federal depository insurance and bonds or other interest-bearing securities of the United States, the State of Arkansas, Arkansas political subdivisions or agencies, or instrumentalities of these entities. Deposits of the City's reporting entity are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department, or its agent, in the name of the City or applicable public trust. At December 31, 2024, none of the City's primary government bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

At December 31, 2024, none of the City's component unit bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Summary of Carrying Values

Carrying values below are summarized for the primary government and pension trust fiduciary fund:

Carry	/inq	Val	ues

Deposits Investments	\$ 85,600,867 109,875,384
Total	\$ 195,476,251

Included in the following statement of net position captions for the primary government and pension trust fiduciary fund:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,918,603
Investments	54,612,613
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	
Cash and cash equivalents	10,173,320
Fiduciary fund	 66,771,715
Total	\$ 195,476,251

Investments

Arkansas statutes authorize the City to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Government; obligations on which the principal and interest are fully guaranteed, or are fully secured, insured, or covered by commitments or agreements to purchase by the U.S. Government; obligations of agencies and instrumentalities created by acts of the United States Congress and authorized thereby to issue securities or evidence of indebtedness, regardless of guarantee of repayment by the U.S. Government; obligations of political subdivisions of the United States; certain obligations issued by the State Board of Education; short-term warrants of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas and municipalities; the sale of federal funds with a maturity of not more than one business day; demand, savings or time deposits fully insured by a federal deposit insurance agency; repurchase agreements that are fully insured by obligations of the U.S. Government, any U.S. state or any political subdivision thereof; securities of, or other interest in, any open-end type investment company or investment trust registered under the *Investment Company Act of 1940*, and which is considered a money market fund, provided that the portfolio is limited principally to U.S. Government obligations and the investment company or trust takes delivery of collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian; and bank certificates of deposits.

Arkansas statutes also authorize the City to invest no more than 20% of its capital base in corporate debt obligations; revenue bond issues of any U.S. state, municipality, or political subdivision; industrial development bonds for corporate obligors issued through any U.S. state or political subdivision; securities or interest in an open-end or closed-end management type investment company or trust registered under the *Investment Company Act of 1940* with certain limitations; securities or interests issued, assumed, or guaranteed by certain international banks; and uninsured demand, savings, or time deposits or accounts of any depository institution chartered by the United States, any U.S. state, or the District of Columbia. The pension trust funds are authorized to also invest in common stocks, investment grade corporate bonds, and other appropriate securities.

At December 31, 2024, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Total											
						Maturitie	s in Y	ears			
Туре		Fair Value		Less than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10		More than 10	
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	51,677,438	\$	51,677,438	\$	_	\$		_	\$	_
U.S. Agencies obligations		6,912,193		-		6,912,193			-		-
Mutual funds		5,476,254		5,476,254		-			-		_
Money market mutual funds		11,661,200		11,661,200		-			-		-
Exchange traded funds		45,809,499		45,809,499		<u>-</u>					
	\$	121,536,584	\$	114,624,391	\$	6,912,193	\$			\$	

Interest Rate Risk

The City has no formal policy to limit its exposure to fair value losses due to rising interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the City's name, and are held by either the counterparty to the investment purchase or are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not held in the City's name. None of the City's investments owned at December 31, 2024, were subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. Provisions of debt agreements require that investments by the City in government obligations not directly guaranteed by the U.S. Government be rated no less than Aa by Moody's Investor Service and AA by Standard and Poor's Investor Service. At December 31, 2024, the City's investments not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Rating Agency	Rating		
Money Market Mutual Funds	S&P/Moody's	AAA/Aaa		
U.S. Ágency Obligations	S&P/Moody's	AA+/Aaa		
U.S. Treasury Obligations	S&P/Moody's	Aaa/AA+		
Municipal Bonds	S&P/Moody's	A3 to Aa2/A3 to Aa2		
Corporate Bonds	S&P/Moody's	Baa3 to AA+/B3 to Aaa+		

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount that the City may invest in any one issuer. The City had amounts deposited in common trust and money market funds totaling \$11,661,200 which are included in cash and restricted cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2024.

The pension trust fund had the following investments that exceeded 5% of net position:

Nonuniformed Employees' Defined Benefit Plan – FDIC Ultra Insured Fund I, Goldman Sachs Access Investment Grade Corp Bd ETF, Goldman Sachs Activebeta US Large Cap Equity Etf Actvbeta Lrg, Putnam Equity Income Fund Class A Large Cap Value Y, iShares Russell 1000 Growth ETF, iShares Russell Mid-Cap Growth ETF, and iShares Russell Mid-Cap Value ETF.

Foreign Currency Risk

The City has no foreign currency risk as all investments are in U.S. dollar-denominated assets.

Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
Level 3	Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2024:

Fair Value	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
\$ 51,677,438 6,912,193 5,476,254 45,809,499	\$ 51,677,438 - 5,476,254 45,809,499	\$ - 6,912,193 - -	\$ - - - -	
109,875,384	\$ 102,963,191	\$ 6,912,193	\$ -	
11,661,200 * \$ 121,536,584				
	\$ 51,677,438 6,912,193 5,476,254 45,809,499 109,875,384	In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	In Active Markets for Identical Assets Inputs (Level 1)	

^{*} Included in Cash and Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents per Report

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The City had no investments classified as Level 3 at December 31, 2024.

Note 3: Property Tax Receivable, Deferred Revenue, and Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are assessed, collected and remitted to the City by Pulaski County. Taxes are levied on November 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of that year for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are due and payable on the first Monday in January after the levy and become delinquent after October 16. The majority of collections occur between March and December. As a result, the property tax is not collected within the time frame necessary to finance the liabilities of the current period.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are measurable when levied even though they are not available, and as a result, property taxes receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources are recorded on the levy date. In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes receivable and related revenues are recorded on the levy date.

Accordingly, a receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, and a related revenue in the amount of \$14,204,186 has been recognized in the government-wide financial statements, while a receivable of \$14,204,186 and a related unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$12,913,729 have been recognized in the governmental fund statements.

The North Little Rock Public Library System has recorded a receivable and a related revenue in the amount of \$5,035,410, which is recognized in the Discretely Presented Component Units Statement of Net Position.

Millage rates for 2024 taxes collectible in 2025 were 5.00 for the General Fund, 3.00 for the Library, 1.00 for the Police pension, 1.00 for the Fire pension, and 1.45 for the Street Fund.

Note 4: Lease Receivable

Governmental Activities

The City leases a portion of its property to a business who uses the space to conduct their operations, the terms of which expire in various years through 2061. The measurement of the lease receivable is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee.

The City recognized \$22,407 in lease revenue and \$8,139 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of December 31, 2024, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$409,349. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease terms. As of December 31, 2024, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$403,815.

The following is a schedule by year of minimum payments to be received under the City's leases that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable as of December 31, 2024:

	Governmental Activities									
Year Ending December 31,	Principal			Interest		I Receipts				
2025	\$	17,737	\$	7,565	\$	25,302				
2026		8,053		7,249		15,302				
2027		8,202		7,100		15,302				
2028		8,354		6,948		15,302				
2029		8,508		6,793		15,301				
2030-2034		44,963		31,545		76,508				
2035-2039		49,282		27,226		76,508				
2040-2044		54,015		22,493		76,508				
2045-2049		59,202		17,306		76,508				
2050-2054		64,888		11,620		76,508				
2055-2059		71,120		5,388		76,508				
2060-2061		15,025		278		15,303				
Total	\$	409,349	\$	151,511	\$	560,860				

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Airport leases a portion of its property to a business who uses the space to conduct their operations, the terms of which expire in various years through 2111. The measurement of the lease receivable is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee.

The Airport recognized \$20,430 in lease revenue and \$33,614 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of December 31, 2024, the Airport's receivable for lease payments was \$1,811,465. Also, the Airport has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease terms. As of December 31, 2024, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,777,458.

The following is a schedule by year of minimum payments to be received under the Airport's leases that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable as of December 31, 2024:

		Airport									
Year Ending December 31,	Principal			Interest	Total Receipts						
2025	\$	8,457	\$	33,459	\$	41,916					
2026		8,615		33,301		41,916					
2027		8,776		33,140		41,916					
2028		8,940		32,976		41,916					
2029		9,107		32,809		41,916					
2030-2034		48,148		161,432		209,580					
2035-2039		52,813		156,767		209,580					
2040-2044		57,930		151,650		209,580					
2045-2049		63,543		146,037		209,580					
2050-2054		69,700		139,880		209,580					
2055-2059		76,453		133,127		209,580					
2060-2064		83,860		125,720		209,580					
2065-2069		91,985		117,595		209,580					
2070-2074		110,674		98,906		209,580					
2075-2079		100,898		108,682		209,580					
2080-2084		121,397		88,183		209,580					
2085-2089		133,159		76,421		209,580					
2090-2094		146,061		63,519		209,580					
2095-2099		160,213		49,367		209,580					
2100-2104		175,736		33,844		209,580					
2105-2109		192,763		16,817		209,580					
2110-2111		82,237		1,595		83,832					
Total	\$	1,811,465	\$	1,835,227	\$	3,646,692					

Regulated Leases

In accordance with GASB 87, the City does not recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for regulated leases in which the City is the lessor. Regulated leases are certain leases that are subject to external laws, regulations, or legal rulings, e.g. the U.S. Department of Transportation and the Federal Aviation Administration, between airports and air carriers and other aeronautical users. The City has regulated leases related to its municipal airport. These leases are for use of the land and building space owned by the City. The City had forty regulated leases during the year that had terms exceeding one year. The regulated leases for the City's municipal airport are agreements where the Lessee agrees to use the premises as airport hangars, or either as aircraft charter and freight services, aircraft engine, accessory maintenance and sales, flight instruction, aircraft sales, aircraft rental, hangar storage of aircraft and tiedown of aircrafts. The hangars must be used for aviation purposes meaning having an aircraft in flying condition or in an active state of repair or building. Any other use must be approved by the Airport Commission. The Lessee must agree that its use of the property will conform to all federal laws and regulations, state laws, local ordinances, and operational rules and regulations of the North Little Rock Airport Commission. The revenue recognized for these leases during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 was approximately \$200,000.

The future principal and interest lease receipts for regulated leases as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		Payment		
2005	•	000.050		
2025	\$	226,052		
2026		224,704		
2027		218,882		
2028		213,705		
2029		219,172		
2030-2034		1,050,690		
2035-2039		649,751		
2040-2044		622,762		
2045-2049		469,622		
2050-2054		203,749		
2055-2059		77,885		
2060-2064		33,396		
2065-2069		15,000		
2070-2074		15,000		
2075-2079		15,000		
2080-2084		15,000		
2085-2089		15,000		
2090-2094		15,000		
2095-2099		15,000		
2100-2104		15,000		
2105-2109		15,000		
2110-2112		8,000		
Total	\$	4,353,370		

Note 5: Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the capital, lease and subscription assets of governmental activities:

Capital sasets, non-depreciable Capital sasets, non depreciable Capi		January 1, 2024	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	December 31, 2024
Capital assets, non-depreciable Land and indrights \$11.512.894 \$8.42.258 \$1.5.5.875 \$(922.672) \$11.432.480 \$16.241.889 \$18.829.697 \$(18.355.875) \$(92.896) \$16.622.815 \$1.000	Governmental Activities					
Cand and land rights \$11,512,894 \$842,258 \$ \$ \$ \$ (922,672) \$ 11,432,480 \$ 16,241,889 \$ 18,829,697 \$ (18,355,875) \$ (20,896) \$ 16,622,815 \$ \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 16,622,815 \$ \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 16,622,815 \$ \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ 1 \$ (32,896) \$ (32,896)						
Construction in progress 16,241,889 18,829,697 (18,355,875) (92,896) 16,622,815 Total capital assets, non depreciable 27,754,783 19,671,955 (18,355,875) (1,015,568) 28,055,295 Capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable Infrastructure 69,221,327 789,551 7,881,141 (256,289) 77,635,730 Buildings and building improvements 87,309,259 476,002 9,555,057 (60,587) 97,279,731 Land Improvements 10,159,589 113,963 788,201 (12,847) 11,048,906 Vehicles 34,217,582 3,235,357 (61,956) 36,833,383 Equipment 37,085,920 1,879,082 131,476 (66,156) 39,030,322 Ships and watercrafts 3,673,738 3,278 1,23805 (68,534) 1,304,728 Lease equipment 646,647 1,123,805 (285,534) 1,304,728 Lease equipment 646,647 1,123,805 (285,534) 1,304,728 Lease building 784,724 351,481 1 (30,514) 615,333 Lease building 784,724 (2,770,733) 1 68,723 (30,247,952) Suldings and building 784,724 (2,770,733) 2 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (28,93,569) (2,522,133) 60,587 (31,395,115) Lead Improvements (27,645,942) (2,770,733) 2 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,92,545) (2,103,536) 5,555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (30,304) 1 2,68,90 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (14,16,223) (30,004) 1 2,68,90 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (14,16,223) (30,004) 1 2,68,90 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (14,96,527) (149,6527) (149,6527) (149,6527)		\$ 11.512.894	\$ 842.258	\$ -	\$ (922.672)	\$ 11.432.480
Capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 69,221,327 789,551 7,881,141 (256,289) 77,635,730 789,151 7,881,141 (256,289) 77,635,730 789,151 7,881,141 (256,289) 77,635,730 789,151 7,881,141 (256,289) 77,635,730 789,151 7,881,141 (256,289) 77,635,730 7,931,731 7					' ' '	
Capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable Infrastructure 69,221,327 789,551 7,881,141 (256,289) 77,635,730 Buildings and building improvements 87,309,259 476,002 9,555,057 (60,587) 97,279,731 Land Improvements 10,159,589 113,963 788,201 (12,847) 11,048,908 Vehicles 34,217,582 3,235,357 - (619,556) 36,833,383 Equipment 37,085,920 1,879,082 131,476 (66,156) 39,030,322 Ships and watercrafts 3,673,738 3,278 - (30,544) 615,333 Lease equipment 645,847 - (30,514) 615,333 Lease equipment 645,847 - (30,514) 615,333 Lease building 784,724 351,481 - (30,544) 615,333 Lease building 840,544,443 7,972,519 18,355,875 (1,331,483) 268,561,354 Lease building 840,544,544 (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building 169,750,750,750,750,750,750,750,750,750,750	Total capital assets,					
Description Capter Capte	non depreciable	27,754,783	19,671,955	(18,355,875)	(1,015,568)	28,055,295
Infrastructure						
Buildings and building improvements 87,309,259 476,002 9,555,057 (60,587) 97,279,731 Land Improvements 10,159,589 113,963 788,201 (12,847) 11,048,906 Vehicles 34,217,582 3,235,357 - (619,556) 36,833,838 Equipment 37,085,920 1,879,082 131,476 (66,156) 39,030,322 Ships and watercrafts 3,673,738 3,278 3- (285,534) 1,304,728 Lease equipment 645,847 (30,514) 615,333 Lease building 784,724 351,481 - (30,514) 615,333 Lease building 784,724 351,481 1,136,205 Total capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 243,564,443 7,972,519 18,355,875 (1,331,483) 268,561,354 (1,331,483) 268	· ·					
Improvements	Infrastructure	69,221,327	789,551	7,881,141	(256,289)	77,635,730
Land Improvements	Buildings and building					
Vehicles 34,217,582 3,235,357 - (619,556) 36,833,883 Equipment 37,085,920 1,879,082 131,476 (66,156) 39,030,322 Ships and watercrafts 3,673,738 3,278 - - 3,677,016 Subscription assets 466,457 1,123,805 - (285,534) 1,304,728 Lease equipment 645,847 - - - (30,514) 615,333 Lease epuilding 784,724 351,481 - - - 1,136,205 Total capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 243,564,443 7,972,519 18,355,875 (1,331,483) 268,561,354 Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles <	improvements	87,309,259	476,002	9,555,057	(60,587)	97,279,731
Vehicles 34,217,582 3,235,357 - (619,556) 36,833,883 Equipment 37,085,920 1,879,082 131,476 (66,156) 39,030,322 Ships and watercrafts 3,673,738 3,278 - - 3,677,016 Subscription assets 466,457 1,123,805 - (285,534) 1,304,728 Lease equipment 645,847 - - - (30,514) 615,333 Lease epuilding 784,724 351,481 - - - 1,136,205 Total capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 243,564,443 7,972,519 18,355,875 (1,331,483) 268,561,354 Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles <	Land Improvements	10,159,589	113,963	788,201	(12,847)	11,048,906
Equipment 37,085,920 1,879,082 131,476 (66,156) 39,030,322 Ships and watercrafts 3,673,738 3,278 3,677,016 Subscription assets 466,457 1,123,805 - (285,534) 1,304,728 Lease equipment 645,847 (30,514) 615,333 Lease building 784,724 351,481 1,136,205	Vehicles	34,217,582	3,235,357	-	(619,556)	
Ships and watercrafts 3,673,738 3,278 - - 3,677,016 Subscription assets 466,457 1,123,805 - (285,534) 1,304,728 Lease equipment 645,847 - - (30,514) 615,333 Lease building 784,724 351,481 - - 1,136,205 Total capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable assets, depreciable/amortizable 243,564,443 7,972,519 18,355,875 (1,331,483) 268,561,354 Less accumulated depreciation/amortization infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,882,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts	Equipment	37,085,920	1,879,082	131,476		
Subscription assets	Ships and watercrafts	3,673,738	3,278	· -	-	3,677,016
Lease equipment Lease building 645,847 784,724 - - (30,514) 615,333 1,136,205 Total capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 243,564,443 7,972,519 18,355,875 (1,331,483) 268,561,354 Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (35,73,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294)		466.457	1.123.805	_	(285.534)	1.304.728
Lease building 784,724 351,481 - - 1,136,205 Total capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 243,564,443 7,972,519 18,355,875 (1,331,483) 268,561,354 Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,407,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (21,22,294) <td< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>, , ,</td><td>, ,</td></td<>		,	-	-	, , ,	, ,
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 25,535 (333,393) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,41	Lease building	784,724	351,481			1,136,205
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 25,535 (333,393) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,41	Total capital, lease, and subscription					
depreciation/amortization (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,41		243,564,443	7,972,519	18,355,875	(1,331,483)	268,561,354
Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715	Less accumulated					
Infrastructure (27,645,942) (2,770,733) - 168,723 (30,247,952) Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715	depreciation/amortization					
Buildings and building improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715		(27,645,942)	(2,770,733)	-	168,723	(30,247,952)
improvements (28,933,569) (2,522,133) - 60,587 (31,395,115) Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715	Buildings and building	(, , , ,	(, , , ,		,	(, , , ,
Land Improvements (3,573,679) (429,573) - 2,302 (4,000,950) Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental		(28,933,569)	(2,522,133)	-	60,587	(31,395,115)
Vehicles (20,892,545) (2,103,536) - 555,346 (22,440,735) Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental	Land Improvements	(3.573.679)		_	2.302	(4.000.950)
Equipment (27,165,423) (1,880,711) - 26,890 (29,019,244) Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental	•			-	,	(' ' '
Ships and watercrafts (1,416,223) (80,304) - - (1,496,527) Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental	Equipment		(' ' '	-	,	(, , ,
Subscription assets (217,022) (401,843) - 285,535 (333,330) Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental			(' ' '	-	-	, , ,
Lease equipment (135,274) (130,064) - 30,514 (234,824) Lease building (122,294) (72,668) - - - (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental	•	(' ' '	` ' '	_	285.535	(' ' '
Lease building (122,294) (72,668) (194,962) Total accumulated depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental			, , ,	-	,	, , ,
depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental		, ,	, ,			, ,
depreciation/amortization (110,101,971) (10,391,565) - 1,129,897 (119,363,639) Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental	Total accumulated					
Net capital, lease, and subscription assets, depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental		(110 101 071)	(40 204 EGE)		1 100 007	(440.262.620)
depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental	depreciation/amortization	(110,101,971)	(10,391,505)	<u>-</u>	1,129,097	(119,363,639)
depreciable/amortizable 133,462,472 (2,419,046) 18,355,875 (201,586) 149,197,715 Total governmental	Net capital, lease, and subscription assets.					
		133,462,472	(2,419,046)	18,355,875	(201,586)	149,197,715
	Total governmental					
	•	\$ 161,217,255	\$ 17,252,909	\$ -	\$ (1,217,154)	\$ 177,253,010

The following is a summary of changes in the capital and subscription assets of business-type activities:

	January 1, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	December 31, 2024
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets, non-depreciable					
Land and land rights	\$ 2,382,960	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,382,960
Construction in progress	12,016,108	10,046,228		(9,652,711)	12,409,625
Total capital assets,					
non depreciable	14,399,068	10,046,228		(9,652,711)	14,792,585
Capital assets, depreciable					
Plant and equipment	318,136,766	2,961,238	(8,203,274)	9,652,711	322,547,441
Subscription assets	627,852	59,956	(180,622)	_	507,186
Total capital and subscription assets,					
being depreciated/amortized	318,764,618	3,021,194	(8,383,896)	9,652,711	323,054,627
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Plant and equipment	(204,897,454)	(11,222,444)	8,002,614	-	(208,117,284)
Subscription assets	(197,788)	(337,509)	180,622		(354,675)
Total accumulated depreciation and					
amortization	(205,095,242)	(11,559,953)	8,183,236		(208,471,959)
Net capital assets,					
depreciable/amortizable	113,669,376	(8,538,759)	(200,660)	9,652,711	114,582,668
Total business-type					
activities, net	\$ 128,068,444	\$ 1,507,469	\$ (200,660)	\$ -	\$ 129,375,253

The following is a summary of changes in the capital, lease and subscription assets of component units:

	January 1, 2024	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	December 31, 2024
Component Units					
Capital assets, non-depreciable					
Land and land rights	\$ 5,222,643	\$ 203,540	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,426,183
Construction in progress	9,157,562	10,063,138	(12,367,990)	<u> </u>	6,852,710
Total capital assets,					
non depreciable	14,380,205	10,266,678	(12,367,990)		12,278,893
Capital, lease and subscription					
assets,depreciable/amortizable					
Infrastructure	21,942,911	-	-	-	21,942,911
Buildings and Building					
Improvements	12,077,702	242,116	-	-	12,319,818
Plant [']	220,468,062	1,757,330	11,904,928	(114,901)	234,015,419
Equipment	2,308,660	10,503	463,062	-	2,782,225
Vehicles	524,724	-	-	_	524,724
Books and AV Materials	4,604,210	176,844	_	(6,283)	4,774,771
Subscription assets	85,909	40,180	_	(85,909)	40,180
Lease assets	1,682,282				1,682,282
Total capital, lease and subscription assets,					
depreciable/amortizable	263,694,460	2,226,973	12,367,990	(207,093)	278,082,330
Less accumulated					
depreciation/amortization					
Infrastructure	(21,664,882)	(435,882)	-	-	(22,100,764)
Buildings and Building	,	, ,			,
Improvements	(2,539,069)	(90,342)	-	-	(2,629,411)
Plant [']	(96,217,826)	(5,082,640)	-	114,901	(101,185,565)
Equipment	(567,969)	(73,219)	_	· -	(641,188)
Vehicles	(46,542)	-	_	_	(46,542)
Books and AV Materials	(3,845,318)	(59,912)	_	6,284	(3,898,946)
Subscription assets	(51,740)	(39,935)	_	85,908	(5,767)
Lease assets	(843,957)	(422,324)			(1,266,281)
Total accumulated					
depreciation/amortization	(125,777,303)	(6,204,254)	-	207,093	(131,774,464)
Not agaital lagge and					
Net capital, lease and					
subscription assets,	127 017 157	(2.077.204)	12 267 000		146 207 066
depreciable/amortizable	137,917,157	(3,977,281)	12,367,990	<u>-</u>	146,307,866
Total component units, net	\$ 152,297,362	\$ 6,289,397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 158,586,759

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and component units as follows:

Governmental Activities General Government		
Administrative	\$	37,942
Animal Shelter	Ψ	25,101
Code Enforcement		31,928
Community Planning		14,802
Emergency Services		110,425
Equitable Sharing		26,389
Finance		1,451
General government		2,272,209
Health		20,000
Legal		5,200
2nd District Court		3,047
Neighborhood Services		1,916
Human Resources		1,938
Public Safety – Fire		1,284,733
Public Safety – Police		1,977,187
Public Works		38,329
Parks & Recreation		1,241,618
Sanitation		432,268
Senior Citizens Center		285,947
Streets and Traffic		2,284,422
Vehicle Maintenance		45,274
Information Technology		249,439
Total depreciation and amortization expense –		
governmental activities		10,391,565
Dunings Time Activities		
Business-Type Activities Electric Department		10 010 441
Electric Department		10,910,441
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	-	10,910,441
Total depreciation expense – primary government	\$	21,302,006
Component Units		
Waste Water Utility	\$	5,082,640
North Little Rock Public Library System	Ψ	612,513
Airport Commission		435,882
Advertising and Promotion		73,219
Autorioning and Fromotion		70,210
Total depreciation and amortization expense – component units	\$	6,204,254
		5,20.,201

^{*} The Electric Department allocates a portion of total depreciation expense to various operating expense accounts. The amount of depreciation expense that was allocated as of December 31, 2024, was \$649,512.

The City had approximately \$9.6 million in capital commitments outstanding at year-end. Large commitments making up this total included two pumper trucks totaling \$1.7 million, construction costs of improvements to the North Little Rock Community Center of approximately \$280,000, design costs of the North Little Rock Event Center of approximately \$370,000, a Bearcat for the police department costing approximately \$395,000, capital costs of approximately \$790,000 to rebuild Funland in Burns Park from the 2023 tornado, a new generator for the City Services building costing approximately \$480,000, and approximately \$485,000 in various other capital improvements.

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Beginning Balances		• •		Retirements/ Deductions		Ending Balances		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities										
Special obligation bonds	\$	8,710,000	\$	-	\$	(680,000)	\$	8,030,000	\$	705,000
Issuance premiums		812,795		-		(120,798)		691,997		112,601
Financed purchases		91,667		-		(51,846)		39,821		39,821
Subscription liability Lease liabilities		183,029 1,193,699		1,103,805 351,481		(416,218) (206,338)		870,616 1,338,842		365,044 191,855
Accrued compensated absences		11,567,286		8,551,235		(7,155,985 <u>)</u>		12,962,536		1,214,706
Governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	22,558,476	\$	10,006,521	\$	(8,631,185)	\$	23,933,812	\$	2,629,027
Business-type Activities										
Revenue bonds	\$	12,404,556	\$	-	\$	(2,971,910)	\$	9,432,646	\$	3,027,646
Subscription liability		338,986		59,956		(327,653)		71,289		49,487
Accrued compensated absences		1,795,593		238,647		(123,359)		1,910,881		162,300
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	14,539,135	\$	298,603	\$	(3,422,922)	\$	11,414,816	\$	3,239,433
Component Units										
Waste Water Utility	•	40.750.054	•	0.407.707	Φ.	(4.050.007)	•	40.070.004	Φ.	4 000 044
Revolving loan Reserve for Bio-Solids Disposal	\$	42,750,951 3,099,920	\$	2,187,707	\$	(4,859,337)	\$	40,079,321 1,168,750	\$	4,602,344
Accrued compensated absences		3,099,920 728.798		269.919		(1,931,170)		998,717		- 998,717
North Little Rock Public Library System		720,750		200,010				330,717		550,717
Subscription liabilities		24,304		40,180		(38,104)		26,380		12,991
Lease liability		9,276		, -		(9,276)		-		-
Accrued compensated absences		151,355		286,882		(135,272)		302,965		45,445
Advertising & Promotion										
Accrued compensated absences		192,969		6,516		<u>-</u>		199,485		199,485
Component unit										
long-term liabilities	\$	46,957,573	\$	2,791,204	\$	(6,973,159)	\$	42,775,618	\$	5,858,982

Governmental Activities

Bonds Payable

Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A

The City issued Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A in the amount of \$9,305,000 in November 2019 to finance the cost of constructing a new police and courts facility, fund a debt service reserve and pay the expense of issuing the Series 2019A Bonds. The bonds are specific obligations secured by a pledge of revenues derived by the City from all franchise fees collected from public utilities for the privilege of using the streets, highways and other public places in the City. The Bond shall bear interest at a fixed rate of 5.00%. Interest will be payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2020. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,293,976.

Long Term Financing Obligations, Series 2019 Tax Increment Bond

The City issued the Series 2019 Tax Increment Bonds in the amount of \$790,000 in July 2019. The bonds are special obligations of the City secured by and payable solely by the pledge of the incremental ad valorem tax receipts derived with respect to the real property within the City's Baring Cross Redevelopment District. The bonds were issued to finance the cost of construction of street and drainage infrastructure within the Redevelopment District. The Bond shall bear interest at a fixed rate of 5.25%. Interest will be payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing December 1, 2019.

Long Term Financing Obligations, Series 2017-3 Tax Incremental Bonds

The City issued the Series 2017-3 Tax Incremental Bonds in the amount of \$1,105,000 in January 30, 2017. Principal on the bond shall be paid annually, on a graduated basis, on December 1 of each year, commencing December 1, 2017, with the final payment due December 1, 2031. The Bond shall bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.25%. Interest will be payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2017. The bond was issued to refinance the cost associated with the creation of the Redevelopment District of the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas #2 (Lower Baring Cross Redevelopment District).

Financed Purchases - Short Term Financing Obligations, Series 2020

The \$250,000 note was issued to finance and acquire golf carts for the North Little Rock Burns Park Golf Course. Payments of principal and interest of \$4,485 beginning on October 15, 2020 and continuing on the same day of each month thereafter until September 15, 2025, at which date all principal and accrued interest will be due and payable. The interest rate is 2.89%.

Business-Type Activities

Series 2020 Electric System Revenue Bonds

On March 6, 2020, the Department issued a Series 2020 A & B refunding revenue bond totaling \$16,479,710. Principal on the bond shall be paid annually, on a graduated basis, on July 1 of each year, commencing July 1, 2020, with the final payment due July 1, 2025. The bond shall bear interest rates ranging between 1.853% and 1.921%. Interest will be payable semiannually on July 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing July 1, 2020.

Series 2016 Electric System Revenue Bonds

On November 1, 2016, the City issued the Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016 in the amount of \$13,850,000. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 2011 bonds. Principal on the Bond shall be paid annually, on a graduated basis, on May 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2017, with the final payment due May 1, 2031. The weighted average maturity of the Bond shall not exceed 8.5 years. The Bond shall bear interest at a fixed rate per annum for 96 months equivalent to 2.47% and at a fixed rate per annum equivalent to 2.57% for the remaining 78 months. Interest will be payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2017.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Waste Water Utility Revolving Loans

The Waste Water Utility long-term debt consists of draws against revolving loan funds from the Arkansas Department of Pollution Control and Ecology administered by the Arkansas Development Finance Authority. The funds are to be used for improvements to publicly owned sewage treatment facilities. The loans are secured by the projects for which the funds are used and a pledge of the Utility's sewer revenues.

In 2001, the Utility received a \$10,000,000 program award available for approved construction. The interest rate on the 2001 revolving loan fund is at 2.25% and a financing fee at 1% of the outstanding principal with semiannual payments of interest and financing fees during the construction period. Repayment of principal, interest and financing fee of the 2001 loan began in October 2005 with payments to be made semiannually over twenty years.

In 2008, the Utility received a \$14,000,000 program award available for approved construction. The interest rate on the 2008 revolving loan fund is at 0.75% and a financing fee at 1% of the outstanding principal with semiannual payments of interest and financing fees during the project construction period. Repayment of principal, interest and financing fee of the 2008 loan began in April 2012 with payments to be made semiannually over twenty years. On April 15, 2022, the Utility modified the original bond purchase agreement dated October 8, 2008, by reducing the interest rate from 1.75% to .75% on remaining bonds outstanding in the amount of \$7,602,004. Semiannual payments, including principal, interest, and service fee, will be reduced by \$21,341 over the life of the bonds.

In 2012, the Utility received a \$21,000,000 program award available for approved construction. The interest rate on the 2012 revolving loan fund is at 0.75% and a financing fee at 1% of the outstanding principal with semiannual payments of interest and financing fees during the project construction period. Repayment of principal, interest and financing fee of the 2012 loan began in April 2016 with payments to be made semiannually over twenty years. On April 15, 2022, the Utility modified the original bond purchase agreement dated October 8, 2012, by reducing the interest rate from 1.5% to .75% on remaining bonds outstanding in the amount of \$15,281,481. Semiannual payments, including principal, interest, and service fee, will be reduced by \$32,422 over the life of the bonds.

In 2016, the Utility received a \$30,000,000 program award available for approved construction. The interest rate on the 2016 revolving loan fund is at 0.75% and a financing fee at 1% of the outstanding principal with semiannual payments of interest and financing fees during the project construction period. Repayment of principal, interest and financing fee of the 2016 loan began in April 2021 with payments to be made semiannually over twenty years. On April 15, 2022, the Utility modified the original bond purchase agreement dated October 25, 2016, by reducing the interest rate from 1.25% to .75% on remaining bonds outstanding in the amount of \$17,373,599. Semiannual payments, including principal, interest, and service fee, will be reduced by \$381,811 over the life of the bonds. Due to the 2016 Bond being closed out, undrawn loan funds in the amount of \$10,812,127 were de-obligated by the Utility. The de-obligation was reported to the Natural Resources Division on June 1, 2022.

In 2022, the Utility received a \$45,000,000 program award available for approved construction. The interest rate on the 2022 revolving loan fund is at 0.75% and a financing fee at 1% of the outstanding principal with semiannual payments of interest and financing fees during the project construction period. Repayment of principal, interest and financing fee of the 2022 loan will begin in April 2024 with payments to be made semiannually over twenty years. At December 31, 2024, \$36,801,183 remained to be drawn.

Waste Water Utility Restricted Funds

The Utility had certain debt service funds with AFDA, which are restricted to various uses. The Utility is required to deposit monthly with the AFDA, to be held in trust, an amount equal to 1/6 of the interest coming due on the next ensuing interest payment plus 1/6 of the next installment of principal due on the bonds. The required deposits shall be reduced by any amount in the Debt Service Fund available for meeting the purpose for which the deposit is required to be made. The total deposits held in trust as of December 31, 2024 was \$900,178.

Pledged Revenues

The following is a summary of pledged revenues of the City for the year ended December 31, 2024:

Debt	Revenue Pledged	Pledged D		rrent Year bt Service juirements	Percentage Portion of Pledged Revenue Stream	Remaining Principal and Interest		Period Revenue Will Not Be Available For Other Purposes
2019 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	Franchise fees for public utilities	\$ 1,872,667	\$	854,350	46%	\$	8,518,350	Until 2034
2019 Tax Increment Financing (TIF)	Property tax	254,724		104,913	41%		727,301	Until 2031
2017 Tax Increment Financing (TIF)	Property tax	254,724		95,638	38%		634,426	Until 2031
2016 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds 2020 Electric System Revenue	Net revenues of the electric utility Net revenues of	33,704,150		1,147,061	3%		8,067,572	Until 2031
Refunding Bonds	the electric utility	33,704,150		2,100,281	6%		2,097,177	Until 2025

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on the revenue bonds and financed purchases outstanding at December 31, 2024. Principal and interest are also disclosed for component units as follows:

Governmental Activities

Special Obligation Bonds									
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total						
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034	\$ 705,000 735,000 775,000 810,000 845,000 4,160,000	\$ 342,038 307,925 272,300 234,751 201,888 491,175	\$ 1,047,038 1,042,925 1,047,300 1,044,751 1,046,888 4,651,175						
Total	\$ 8,030,000	\$ 1,850,077	\$ 9,880,077						
		Financed Purchase	·						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total						
2025	\$ 39,821	\$ 540	\$ 40,361						
Total	\$ 39,821	\$ 540	\$ 40,361						

Business-Type Activities

	Revenue Bonds								
Year Ending December 31,	Principal			nterest	Total				
2025	\$	3,027,646	\$	218,960	\$	3,246,606			
2026		1,000,000		153,759		1,153,759			
2027		1,025,000		127,374		1,152,374			
2028		1,050,000		100,649		1,150,649			
2029		1,080,000		72,583		1,152,583			
2030-2031		2,250,000		58,778		2,308,778			
Total	\$	9,432,646	\$	732,103	\$	10,164,749			

Component Units

	Revolving Loans									
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total							
2025	\$ 4,602,344	\$ 319,668	\$ 4,922,012							
2026	1,964,443	305,125	2,269,568							
2027	1,998,971	290,328	2,289,299							
2028	2,034,107	275,269	2,309,376							
2029	2,069,859	259,947	2,329,806							
2030-2034	10,907,969	1,057,302	11,965,271							
2035-2039	11,900,889	634,765	12,535,654							
Thereafter	4,600,739	175,513	4,776,252							
Total	\$ 40,079,321	\$ 3,317,917	\$ 43,397,238							

Davelying Leans

Lease Liabilities

Governmental Activities

The City leases property and equipment from various third parties to conduct its operations, the terms of which expire in various years through 2039. The measurement of the lease payables is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be paid during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee.

As of December 31, 2024, the value of the lease liabilities was \$1,338,842. Incremental borrowing rates of 0.2580% to 3.4450% were used to measure lease liabilities. The value of the right-to-use assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$1,751,538 and had accumulated amortization of \$429,786.

The future principal and interest payments for lease liabilities as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

		G	overnm	ental Activiti	al Activities						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal			nterest	Total Requirements						
2025	\$	191,855	\$	26,963	\$	218,818					
2026		191,798		22,852		214,650					
2027		182,116		18,691		200,807					
2028		120,985		15,120		136,105					
2029		84,148		13,217		97,365					
2030-2034		455,150		41,400		496,550					
2035-2039		112,790		9,081		121,871					
Total	\$	1,338,842	\$	147,324	\$	1,486,166					

Subscription Liability

Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities have agreements for various software, the terms of which expire in various years through 2029. As of December 31, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$870,616. An incremental borrowing rate of 2.61% to 3.76% was used to measure the subscription liability. The value of the right-to-use assets as of December 31, 2024 was \$1,304,728 and had accumulated amortization of \$333,330.

The City's proprietary fund has agreements for various software, the terms of which expire in various years through 2026. As of December 31, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$71,289. An incremental borrowing rate of 2.61% to 3.76% was used to measure the subscription liability. The value of the right-to-use assets as of December 31, 2024 was \$507,186 and had accumulated amortization of \$354,675.

Total future minimum subscription payments are as follows for the years ending December 31:

Governmental Activities

	Principal			Interest	Total		
2025	\$	365,044	\$	21,523	\$	386,567	
2026		284,744		12,030	\$	296,774	
2027		117,689		4,729	\$	122,418	
2028		61,265		2,249	\$	63,514	
2029		41,874		471	\$	42,345	
	\$	870,616	\$	41,002	\$	911,618	

Business-Type Activities

	<u>Principal</u>			iterest	Total		
2025	\$	49,487	\$	2,276	\$	51,763	
2026		21,802		614		22,416	
	\$	71,289	\$	2,890	\$	74,179	

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Library has subscription IT arrangements to conduct its operations, the terms of which expire through 2026.

The measurement of the subscription liabilities is based on the present value of subscription payments expected to be paid during the subscription term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any subscription incentives payable.

As of December 31, 2024, the value of the subscription liabilities was \$26,380. An incremental borrowing rate of 2.61% to 3.76% was used to measure subscription liabilities. The value of the subscription assets as of December 31, 2024 was \$40,180 and had accumulated amortization of \$5,767.

Component Unit

			Li	ibrary			
	Principal			terest	Total		
2025 2026	\$	12,991 13,389	\$	809 410	\$	13,800 13,799	
Total	\$	26,380	\$	1,219	\$	27,599	

Legal Debt Margin

The City is subject to a legal debt margin as set forth in the Constitution of the State of Arkansas, Amendments 78 and 62. General obligation debt is not to exceed 20% of assessed value and short-term financing debt is not to exceed 5% of assessed value. For additional information, see Table 13 within the Statistical Section.

Note 7: Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following as of December 31, 2024:

	Interfund Receivables			Interfund Payables
Major Governmental Funds				
General Fund	\$	6,469,936	\$	3,468,224
Grant Fund		2,498		4,137,062
Nonmajor Funds				
Street Fund		553,166		109,278
Parks and Recreation Fund		41,835		210,717
Community Development Fund		-		367,781
Equitable Sharing Fund		9,184		-
Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund		1,041,281		118,947
2023 Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund		2,381,507		484,913
Major Enterprise Fund				
Electric Department		<u>-</u>		1,602,485
Total	\$	10,499,407	\$	10,499,407

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates: (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between the funds are made.

Interfund transfers in and transfers out consisted of the following as of December 31, 2024:

Interfund Transfers Out											
										Proprietary	
				Governme	ntal Fu	nds				Fund	
								Other			
								Nonmajor			
							Go	vernmental			
Interfund Transfers In		General		ARPA		Grant		Funds	E	lectric Fund	 Totals
Governmental Funds											
General fund	\$	-	\$	1,037,467	\$	2,215,031	\$	1,874,100	\$	13,950,000	\$ 19,076,598
Other nonmajor governmental funds		19,490,937		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		300,000		<u> </u>	 19,790,937
	\$	19,490,937	\$	1,037,467	\$	2,215,031	\$	2,174,100	\$	13,950,000	\$ 38,867,535

Monthly sales tax revenue deposits are made into the General Fund. Therefore a transfer must be made to the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund and the 2023 Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund for each respective funds' share of the monthly sales tax deposit. Transfers from the General Fund to these two funds related to sales tax revenues totaled approximately \$17.6 million in 2024. The Parks Fund receives an operating subsidy from the General Fund each year and a transfer in from the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund for capital purchases. Transfers in to the Parks Fund from these two funds were approximately \$1 million in 2024. The Grant Fund and ARPA fund are both used to track federal funds. Transfers are used between these two funds and other funds in the City to move expenses being reimbursed with federal funds. The Electric Department transfers funds to the General Fund based on amounts directed and authorized by the City Council in lieu of franchise fees and to cover costs associated with services from the accounting, human resources, information technology and legal departments.

Note 8: Pension Plans

Substantially all of the City's employees receive retirement benefits. The City sponsors a single-employer defined benefit plan, The Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Plan (Non-Uniformed Plan). The City also contributes to the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI), a state-wide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; and the LOPFI Police Pension and Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund plans, which are state-wide agent, multi-employer defined benefit plans. The City also contributes to the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS), a state-wide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plans are maintained in legally separate trusts and each Plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that Plan or their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Pension liabilities are generally liquidated in the General Fund.

A summary of the net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and pension expense of each plan is shown below. Detailed discussion of each plan will follow in this note.

Primary Government	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense (Income)		
Nonuniform – Governmental Activities Nonuniform – Business-type Activities Police – LOPFI Fire – LOPFI Police Pension Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund APERS	\$ 24,097,036 10,343,362 29,724,807 25,638,442 26,289,570 24,827,998 567,399	\$ 2,621,629 893,468 11,162,412 8,694,234 2,285,046 2,186,053 129,086	\$ 1,688,243 345,684 1,483,300 2,414,088 - 54,167	\$ 3,413,664 1,536,122 4,390,386 2,599,784 1,504,620 1,367,694 102,551		
	\$ 141,488,614	\$ 27,971,928	\$ 5,985,482	\$ 14,914,821		
Discretely Presented Component Units	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense		
Nonuniform – Airport Nonuniform – Library Waste Water Utility APERS – Advertising and Promotion Commission	\$ 112,428 2,923,124 2,045,632 855,739	\$ 9,051 966,403 2,566,940 214,669	\$ 26,221 111,909 1,476,925 34,987	\$ 11,739 559,714 795,263 191,940		
	\$ 5,936,923	\$ 3,757,063	\$ 1,650,042	\$ 1,558,656		

Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, non-uniformed employees of the City are eligible to participate in "The Retirement System of the City of North Little Rock" (Non-Uniformed Plan) defined benefit plan. The provisions of the Non-Uniformed Plan call for employee contributions of 5.25% of base salary to be paid through payroll withholdings. Each month, the City contributes 12.35% of each employee's monthly compensation.

The Non-Uniformed Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit plan established under Arkansas state law. The Non-Uniformed Plan assets are administered by an independent fiduciary agent but governed by a Board of Trustees. The Non-Uniformed Plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to all regular, full-time, non-uniformed employees of the City.

Benefits Provided

The Non-Uniformed Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits are determined as a percentage of the member's final average earnings.

Members are eligible to retire with a full benefit under the following conditions:

- At age 65
- At age 62 with 10 years of service
- Members may retire with a reduced benefit at age 55 with at least 10 years of service.
- Members are eligible for disability benefits at age 50 with 10 years of service.
- Death benefits are paid to a surviving spouse based upon age and length of service.

Number of Participants

Membership in the Non-Uniformed Plan at December 31, 2024, is comprised of the following:

	Non-Uniformed Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Inactives employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active plan members	256 13 536
Total	805

Contributions

For the Non-Uniformed Plan as a whole, it is the actuary's opinion that the city and member contributions scheduled to be 17.60% (12.35% for employer and 5.25% for employee) as required by the Non-Uniformed Plan are not expected to be sufficient to finance the cost of benefits earned by members during a given year. The recommended contribution level for the 2024 Plan Year for the City as a whole is 18.72%. For 2024, the City's contributions to the Plan were \$4,120,409.

Contributions to the plan are made from various city governmental and business type funds, as well as the City's component units.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level of Percent of Pay (3.5% Growth)

Remaining Amortization Period 14 Years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Salary Increases 2.75% - 6.16% Annually

Mortality Table 105% Pub-2010, General Employees, below median income

Projected with MP-2020

This mortality basis first used for the 2022 ADC

Inflation 2.50%

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return. The target allocation of the plan and the long-term expected real rates of return are summarized in the table below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Stock - Large Cap	35%	4.00%
US Stock - Mid/Small Cap	20%	5.25%
Foreign Equity (Developed)	5%	4.25%
Alternatives	0%	3.75%
Fixed Income	35%	3.50%
Cash	5%	0.50%
Total	100%	

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.50%. The projection of cash flows, based on the assumptions made, found that the pension plan's net position together with the employer contributions and projected investment returns will be sufficient to meet benefit payments and expenses in all future years.

The City's net pension liability as of December 31, 2024, was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of this date.

Changes in Total Pension Liability

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net pension and the net pension liability through the respective fiscal years ended, are as follows for the Plan as determined by the City at December 31, 2024:

Changes in	Net Pension	Liability – Non-	-Uniformed Plan
------------	-------------	------------------	-----------------

	Total Pension Liability (a)		
	Liability (a)	1 osition (b)	(a) - (b)
Balances as of Beginning of Year	\$ 100,282,421	\$ 59,604,208	\$ 40,678,213
Charges for the year			
Service cost	2,575,900	-	2,575,900
Interest on total pension liability	6,407,325	-	6,407,325
Difference between expected and actual return	991,489	-	991,489
Administrative expense	-	(83,258)	83,258
Benefit payments, including refunds of		,	
employee contributions	(5,992,292)	(5,992,292)	-
Contributions – employer	-	4,120,409	(4,120,409)
Contributions – employee	-	1,751,561	(1,751,561)
Net investment income		7,388,265	(7,388,265)
Net changes	3,982,422	7,184,685	(3,202,263)
Balances as of End of Year	\$ 104,264,843	\$ 66,788,893	\$ 37,475,950

The above amounts are allocated between government-wide (governmental activities), Electric (business-type activities), Airport (component unit) and the North Little Rock Public Library System (component unit) on the basis of actual contributions by the participants of the employer in the measurement period. The primary government's proportionate share was 91.9% (93.2% in prior year), the Airport's proportionate share was 0.30% (0.30% in prior year), and the Library's proportionate share was 7.8% (6.5% in prior year).

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances as of Beginning of Year	\$ 92,146,256	\$ 54,762,980	\$ 37,383,276	
Charges for the year				
Service cost	2,367,252	-	2,367,252	
Interest on total pension liability	5,888,333	-	5,888,333	
Difference between expected and actual return	911,178	-	911,178	
Administrative expense	-	(76,514)	76,514	
Benefit payments, including refunds of		, ,		
employee contributions	(5,546,916)	(5,546,916)	-	
Contributions – employer	-	3,786,656	(3,786,656)	
Contributions – employee	-	1,609,684	(1,609,684)	
Net investment income		6,789,815	(6,789,815)	
Net changes	3,619,847	6,562,725	(2,942,878)	
Balances as of End of Year	\$ 95,766,103	\$ 61,325,706	\$ 34,440,398	

Changes in Net Pension Liability - Non-Uniformed Plan (Airport)

Liability		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
		354,135	\$	232,100	\$	122,035	
Charges for the year							
Service cost		7,728		-		7,728	
Interest on total pension liability		19,222		-		19,222	
Difference between expected and actual return		2,974		-		2,974	
Administrative expense		-		(250)		250	
Benefit payments, including refunds of				. ,			
employee contributions		(17,977)		(17,977)		-	
Contributions – employer		-		12,361		(12,361)	
Contributions – employee		-		5,255		(5,255)	
Net investment income				22,165		(22,165)	
Net changes		11,947		21,554		(9,607)	
Balances as of End of Year	\$	366,082	\$	253,654	\$	112,428	

Balances as of End of Year

Changes in Net Pension Liability - No	n-Uniformed Plan (Li	ibrary)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances as of Beginning of Year	\$ 7,822,029	\$ 4,649,128	\$ 3,172,901	
Charges for the year				
Service cost	200,920	-	200,920	
Interest on total pension liability	499,771	-	499,771	
Difference between expected and actual return	77,336	-	77,336	
Administrative expense	-	(6,494)	6,494	
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(467,399)	(467,399)	-	
Contributions – employer	-	321,392	(321,392)	
Contributions – employee	-	136,622	(136,622)	
Net investment income		576,285	(576,285)	
Net changes	310,629	560,405	(249,777)	

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

8,132,658

5,209,533

2,923,124

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.5%)	Rate Assumption (6.5%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.5%)
Non-Uniformed Plan – City's net pension liability Non-Uniformed Plan – Airport's net pension liability Non-Uniformed Plan – Library's net pension liability	\$ 46,166,889 150,708 3,918,408	\$ 34,440,398 112,428 2,923,124	\$ 24,670,157 80,534 2,093,876
	\$ 50,236,005	\$ 37,475,950	\$ 26,844,567

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City and its component units recognized pension expense of \$5,521,241, and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for the Non-Uniformed Plan at December 31, 2024:

Non-Uniformed - Primary Government	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Change in proportion	\$	2,107,937 664,709 742,451	\$	181,878 - 1,391,971	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		<u>-</u>		460,078	
Total	\$	3,515,097	\$	2,033,927	
Non-Uniformed - Airport	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Change in proportion Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	6,881 2,170 -	\$	594 - 24,125 1,502	
Total	\$	9,051	\$	26,221	
Non-Uniformed - Library	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred oflows of esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Change in proportion Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	178,911 56,417 731,075	\$	15,437 - 57,423 39,049	
Total	\$	966,403	\$	111,909	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	` ,		Non- formed Plan irport)	Non- niformed Plan Library)
2025	\$ 930,90)1 \$	(1,433)	\$ 201,050
2026	1,246,36		(364)	241,057
2027	(609,09	96)	(6,393)	92,802
2028	(417,25	51)	(5,736)	119,291
2029	262,77	' 5	(3,668)	126,547
Thereafter	67,47	<u> </u>	424	 73,747
Total	\$ 1,481,17	<u>*************************************</u>	(17,170)	\$ 854,494

Money-Weighted Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments is calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The money-weighted rates of return are shown in the table below:

	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Non-Uniformed Plan	12/31/2024	12.42%
	12/31/2023	10.77%
	12/31/2022	-11.10%
	12/31/2021	11.35%
	12/31/2020	3.80%
	12/31/2019	17.73%
	12/31/2018	-6.79%
	12/31/2017	10.00%
	12/31/2016	5.20%
	12/31/2015	-3.65%

Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI)

Plan Description

The City participates in the LOPFI, a state-wide cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit plan administered by a seven-member Board of Trustees and created by Act 364 of the 1981 Arkansas General Assembly. LOPFI provides retirement benefits for uniformed employees. LOPFI issues a separate audited GAAP-basis postemployment benefit plan report. This report may be obtained by visiting the LOPFI website: www.lopfi-prb.com.

Benefits Provided

Benefit Program 1 provides benefits to a member with five or more years (10 or more years for members hired after July 1, 2013) of credited service in force who has attained his or her normal retirement age consist of an annuity equal to the following:

- a. For each year of paid service resulting from employment in a position not also covered by social security, 2.94% of his or her final average pay (2.7% for those with retirement date prior to July 1, 2009); plus
- b. For each year of paid service resulting from employment in a position also covered by social security, 1.94% or his or her final average pay (1.7% for those with retirement date prior to July 1, 2009). In addition, if such member is retiring and if such member's age at retirement is younger than social security's minimum age for an unreduced retirement benefit, then such member receives a temporary annuity equal to 1% of his or her final average pay for each such year of paid service. Such temporary annuity terminates at the end of the calendar month in which the earliest of the following events occur: such member's death; or his or her attainment of such social security minimum age for unreduced benefits.
- c. In no event will the total of a. plus b. exceed, at the time of retirement, 100% of such final average pay; plus
- d. Effective July 1, 2016, for each year of volunteer service, \$6.41 per month, to a maximum of \$256.40 monthly.
- e. Before the date that the first payment of his or her annuity becomes due, but not thereafter, a member may elect to have his or her life annuity reduced, but not any temporary annuity which may be paid, and nominate a beneficiary in accordance with the provisions of one of four options. If a member does not elect an option, his or her annuity shall be paid to him or her as a life annuity.

Benefit Program 2 says for each year of paid service rendered on or after the election date of Benefit Program 2 and resulting from employment in a position not also covered by social security, 3.28% of his or her final average pay, plus for each year of paid service rendered on or after the election date of Benefit Program 2 and resulting from employment in a position also covered by social security, 2.94% of his or her final average pay. A member will receive disability benefits computed in the same manner as normal retirement benefits if the member has five or more years of credit service (or 10 years of actual service if hired on or after July 1, 2013) and terminates employment because of becoming totally and permanently disabled from non-duty related causes. If the disability is determined to be duty related, a benefit is 65% of the member's final average pay. Prior to that date, the benefit was computed as if the member had completed 25 years of service.

Contributions

The employee contribution rate depends on the type of service being rendered and whether or not the service is also covered by social security. The different employee contribution rates are:

- a. Paid service not covered by social security: 8.5% of gross pay beginning July 1, 2009; 6% prior to that date
- b. Paid service also covered by social security: 2.5% of gross pay beginning July 1, 2009; no employee contributions prior to that date
- c. Paid service-benefit program 2: 8.5% of gross pay beginning July 1, 2009; 6% prior to that date
- d. Volunteer service: no employee contribution

The employee contribution rate is adjusted automatically every year to reflect changes in the composition of the employee group and other factors which affect cost. Contributions are determined on an actuarial basis in order to ensure that the individual system employers can honor their benefit commitments to covered employees. An individual entry age actuarial cost method valuation is used to determine normal cost. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 22.79% for participating police officers and firemen. City contributions for 2024 for police and fire to the Plan were \$3,747,812 and \$3,082,104, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of December 31, 2024, the City reported net pension liability for their proportionate share of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	Net Pension Liability
North Little Rock Fire	\$ 25,638,442
North Little Rock Police	\$ 29,724,807

To facilitate the separate actuarial valuations, LOPFI maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of December 31, 2024, are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to the total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. The contributions used excluded contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. The employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes. Therefore, use of these percentages to recalculate individual employer amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer may result in immaterial differences due to rounding. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each plan is as follows:

	Proportionate Share Percentage	
North Little Rock Fire North Little Rock Police		(2.71215% in prior year) (2.85858% in prior year)

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the LOPFI Fire and LOPFI Police recognized pension expense of \$2,599,784 and \$4,390,386, respectively. At December 31, 2024, LOPFI Fire and LOPFI Police reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

LOPFI – Police		Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,643,631	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		111,872		1,390,635
Changes in proportion Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		907,983		92,665
pension plan investments		2,751,114		-
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		3,747,812		
Total	\$	11,162,412	\$	1,483,300

LOPFI – Fire	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion	\$	3,142,729 96,492	\$	1,199,460 1,214,628
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to measurement date		2,372,909 3,082,104		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	8,694,234	\$	2,414,088

At December 31, 2024, LOPFI Police and LOPFI Fire reported \$3,747,812 and \$3,082,104 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2024, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		LOPFI - Police			LOPFI – Fire	
2025 2026 2027 2028		\$	1,743,471 2,536,490 2,823,095 (1,171,756)	\$	447,957 1,467,804 2,292,952 (1,010,671)	
Total		\$	5,931,300	\$	3,198,042	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of December 31, 2024, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Paid Service Assumptions

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Asset Valuation Method Price Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement age	5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor 2.25% 3.50% to 18.00%, including inflation 7.25%, as adopted by the Board Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2021 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2020.
	·

Entry Age Normal

Mortality

The healthy post-retirement tables used were the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted General Below Median Income Healthy Retiree tables, set forward one year for males, and two years for females. The disability post-retirement mortality tables used were the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted General Disabled Retiree tables for males and females. The death-in-service mortality tables used were the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted General Below Median Income Employee tables for males and females. Fifty percent of deaths-in-service were assumed to be duty related. The tables were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2020.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future and real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and Inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2024, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. stock – large cap	21%	5.62%
U.S. stock – small cap	21%	5.86%
International equity	9%	6.92%
Emerging markets	9%	8.95%
U.S. corporate bonds	25%	2.29%
Real estate	5%	3.61%
Private equity	10%	9.48%
Total	100%	
Expected Inflation		2.25%

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower (6.25%) or 1% higher (8.25%).

		1% Decrease 6.25%	Current Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%
LOPFI – Fire LOPFI – Police	Net pension liability Net pension liability	\$ 40,188,215 46,593,586	\$ 25,638,442 29,724,807	\$ 13,869,838 16,080,473
		\$ 86,781,801	\$ 55,363,249	\$ 29,950,311

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LOPFI financial report. That report may be obtained from the internet at www.lopfi-prb.com.

Police Pension

Plan Description and Funding Information

The Police Pension is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan in which the City participates, established in accordance with legislation enacted by the Arkansas General Assembly. Benefit provisions are established by the *State of Arkansas Act #16, as amended.* The Plan assets are held by and managed by the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System and are excluded from the City's financial statements.

The Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI) is a statewide retirement system for police officers and firefighters of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas. It was established under the authority of *Act 364 of 1981* and bears a fiduciary obligation to the participants of LOPFI. Local plans that are now being administered by LOPFI are included in the agent multiple-employers defined benefit pension plan for financial reporting purposes; however, the assets of the individual local plans can only be used to pay the benefit (or to refund any contribution) to plan members or beneficiaries of the individual local plan. LOPFI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan, which may be obtained from the internet at www.lopfi-prb.com.

The Police Pension provides retirement benefits for police officers who have completed 20 years of service. Disability benefits are available to police officers who become permanently disabled, unless the disability is the direct result of gainful employment performed outside of the police department. The Police Pension also provides benefits for surviving spouses and dependent children of deceased police officers. No benefits are vested to participants until normal retirement. At normal retirement, participants may elect to continue working and enter the DROP for up to 10 years. All police officers hired after January 1, 1983, participate in the *Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System created by Act 364 of 1981*. Therefore, the Police Pension is effectively closed to new members.

Contributions to the Police Pension are set forth in Arkansas statute. The City's contribution to the Police Pension consists of a one mill real and personal property tax collection, an insurance premium tax turnback collected by the State Insurance Commissioner, and a \$3 assessment against each court case plus 10% of fines and forfeitures collected. The City's contributions to the Plan for 2024 were \$2,285,046. The liability for the Police Pension has typically been liquidated from the general fund.

Number of Participants

Membership in the Police Plan at December 31, 2023 (measurement date), is comprised of the following:

	Police Pension
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Members on Deferred Retirement Option	90
Plan (DROP)	1
	91

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

For the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial value of pension benefit assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), projected salary increases of 3.00%, which includes an inflation rate of 2.25% and no costs of living increases. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2023, was 15 years using a closed amortization period based on projected future payroll. The mortality assumption was based on the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted General Below Median Income Healthy Retiree tables set forward one year for males and two years for females, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. There were no factors that significantly affected the identification of trends such as changes in benefits, actuarial methods, or assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2017 through 2020.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return. The rates were built on a target allocation for all local police and fire pension funds; the target for an individual fund will vary within the guidelines of Arkansas law and regulation. The target allocation and the long-term expected real rates of return are shown in the table below:

Police Pension Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real of Return
Accor class	7410041011	
U.S. stock – large cap	21%	5.62%
U.S. stock – small cap	21%	5.86%
International equity	9%	6.92%
Emerging markets	9%	8.95%
U.S. corporate bonds	25%	2.29%
Real estate	5%	3.61%
Private equity	10%	9.48%
	100%	

Discount Rate

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 3.77%, and the resulting *Single Discount Rate* (SDR) is 3.77%, 4.05% in prior year.

The SDR is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects: 1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and 2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

The City's net pension liability as of December 31, 2024, was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability are as follows for the Police Pension for the year ended December 31, 2024:

Changes in Net Pension Liability - Police Pension

Total Plan Net Pension Liability (a) -Pension **Fiduciary Net** Liability (a) Position (b) (b) Balances as of Beginning of Year 26,074,158 \$ (995,400)27,069,558 Charges for the year Interest on total pension liability 1,009,717 1,009,717 Difference between expected and actual return (129,783)(129,783)Changes of assumptions 628,558 628,558 Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions (2,285,755)(2,285,755)Contributions – member Contributions - employer 2,288,480 (2,288,480)

Sensitivity to Discount Rate Changes

Net changes

Balances as of End of Year

The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.77%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

(777, 263)

\$

25,296,895

2,725

(992,675)

(779,988)

26,289,570

	Current		
	1%	Discount	1% Increase
	Decrease 2.77%	Rate 3.77%	Increase 4.77%
Police Pension – Net pension liability	\$ 28,756,554	\$ 26,289,570	\$ 24,124,723

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense, as measured in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, of \$1,504,620, and reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for the Police Pension, as determined by the City at December 31, 2024:

Police Pension	Out	ferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	- 2,285,046	\$ - -
Total	\$	2,285,046	\$ -

At December 31, 2024, Police Pension reported \$2,285,046 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025.

Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Plan Description and Funding Information

The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan in which the City participates, established in accordance with legislation enacted by the Arkansas General Assembly. Benefit provisions are established by the *State of Arkansas Act #14, as amended*. In 2018, the Board agreed to transfer the administration of the plan to the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System, and the majority of Plan assets were transferred to the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System and are excluded from the City's financial statements.

The Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI) is a statewide retirement system for police officers and firefighters of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas. It was established under the authority of *Act 364 of 1981* and bears a fiduciary obligation to the participants of LOPFI. Local plans that are now being administered by LOPFI are included in the agent multiple-employers defined benefit pension plan for financial reporting purposes; however, the assets of the individual local plans can only be used to pay the benefit (or to refund any contribution) to plan members or beneficiaries of the individual local plan. LOPFI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan, which may be obtained from the internet at www.lopfi-prb.com.

The Firemen's Fund provides retirement benefits for firemen who have completed twenty (20) years of service. Disability benefits are available to firemen who become permanently disabled, unless the disability is the direct result of gainful employment performed outside of the fire department. The Firemen's Fund also provides benefits for surviving spouses and dependent children of deceased firemen.

No benefits are vested to participants until normal retirement. At normal retirement, participants may elect to continue working and enter the DROP for up to ten (10) years. All firemen hired after January 1, 1983, participate in the *Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System created by Act 364 of 1981*. Therefore, the Firemen's Fund is effectively closed to new members.

Contributions to the Firemen's Fund are set forth in Arkansas statute. The City's contribution to the Firemen's Fund consists of a one mill real and personal property tax collection and an insurance premium tax turnback collected by the State Insurance Commissioner. Contribution provisions applicable to the Fund are established by Arkansas code and may not be less than 6%. Administrative costs are financed through Fund assets approved by the Board of Trustees. The City's share of contributions was \$2,065,024 in 2024. The liability for the Firemen's Fund has typically been liquidated from the general fund.

Number of Participants

Membership in the Fireman's Fund at December 31, 2023 (measurement date), is comprised of the following:

	Firemen's Fund
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Members on Deferred Retirement Option	97
Plan (DROP)	1
	98

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

For the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial value of pension benefit assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), projected salary increases of 3.00%, which includes an inflation rate of 2.25% and no costs of living increases. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2023, was 15 years using a closed amortization period based on projected future payroll. The mortality assumption was based on the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted General Below Median Income Healthy Retiree tables set forward one year for males and two years for females, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. There were no factors that significantly affected the identification of trends such as changes in benefits, actuarial methods, or assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2017 through 2020.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return. The rates were built on a target allocation for all local police and fire pension funds; the target for an individual fund will vary within the guidelines of Arkansas law and regulation. The target allocation and the long-term expected real rates of return are shown in the table below:

Firemen's Pension Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real of Return
U.S. stock – large cap	21%	5.62%
U.S. stock – small cap	21%	5.86%
International equity	9%	6.92%
Emerging markets	9%	8.95%
U.S. corporate bonds	25%	2.29%
Real estate	5%	3.61%
Private equity	10%	9.48%
	100%	

Discount Rate

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 3.77%, and the resulting *Single Discount Rate* (SDR) is 3.92%, 4.28% in prior year.

The SDR is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time period. The SDR reflects: 1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and 2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

The City's net pension liability as of December 31, 2024, was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability are as follows for the Fireman's Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024:

Changes in Net Pension Liability - Firemen's Plan Net Pension Total Plan Pension **Fiduciary Net** Liability (a) -Liability (a) Position (b) (b) Balances as of Beginning of Year 27,949,083 2,448,128 25,500,955 Charges for the year Interest on total pension liability 1,130,943 1,130,943 Difference between expected and actual return (241,037)(241,037)Changes of assumptions 739,109 739,109 Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions (3,050,352)(3,050,352)Administrative expense (2,492)2,492 Contributions – member Contributions - employer 2,007,020 (2,007,020)Net investment income 297,444 (297,444)Net changes (1,421,337)(748, 380)(672,957)

Sensitivity to Discount Rate Changes

Balances as of End of Year

The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.92%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

26,527,746

1,699,748

24,827,998

	1% Decrease 2.92%	Current Discount Rate 3.92%	1% Increase 4.92%
Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund - Net pension liability	\$ 27,065,790	\$ 24,827,998	\$ 22,825,672

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense, as measured in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, of \$1,367,694, and reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund as determined by the City at December 31, 2024:

Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	O R	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	121,029 2,065,024	\$ - -
Total	\$	2,186,053	\$ -

At December 31, 2024, the Firemen's Pension and Relief reported \$2,065,024 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2024, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fire

Year Ending Decen	nber 31,	
2025	\$	(8,202)
2026		44,921
2027		115,884
2028		(31,574)
Total	_\$	121,029

Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS)

Plan Description

The City also contributes to the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS), which is a state-wide cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit plan which covers all State employees who are not covered by another authorized plan. The plan was established by the authority of the *Arkansas General Assembly with the passage of Act 177 of 1957*. The costs of administering the plan are paid out of investment earnings. The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the System is vested in the nine members of the Board of Trustees of the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (Board). Membership includes three state and three non-state employees, all appointed by the Governor, and three ex-officio trustees, including the Auditor of the State, the Treasurer of the State and the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions are set forth in Arkansas Code Annotated, Title 24, Chapters 5 and 6 and may only be amended by the Arkansas General Assembly. APERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as a percentage of the member's highest 3-year average compensation times the member's years of service. The percentage used is based upon whether a member is contributory or non-contributory as follows:

Contributory, prior to 7/1/2005	2.07%
Contributory, on or after	
7/1/2005, but prior to 7/1/2007	2.03%
Contributory on or after 7/1/2007	2.00%
Non-Contributory	1.72%

Members are eligible to retire with a full benefit under the following conditions:

- at age 65 with 5 years of service,
- at any age with 28 years actual service,
- at age 60 with 20 years of actual service if under the old contributory plan (prior to July 1, 2005), or
- at age 55 with 35 years of credited service for elected or public safety officials.

Members may retire with a reduced benefit at age 55 with at least five years of actual service at age 55 or at any age with 25 years of service.

Members are eligible for disability benefits with five years of service. Disability benefits are computed as an age and service benefit, based on service and pay at disability. Death benefits are paid to a surviving spouse as if the member had five years of service and the monthly benefit is computed as if the member had retired and elected the Joint & 75% Survivor option. A cost-of-living adjustment of 3% of the current benefit is added each year.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are set forth in Arkansas Code Annotated, Title 24, Chapter 4. The contributions are expected to be sufficient to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year and make a level payment that, if paid annually over a reasonable period of future years, will fully cover the unfunded costs of benefit commitments for services previously rendered (A.C.A. 24-2-701)(a)). Members who began service prior to July 1, 2005 are not required to make contributions to APERS. Members who began service on or after July 1, 2005 are required to contribute 5% of their salary. Employers are required to contribute at a rate established by the Board of Trustees of APERS based on an actuary's determination of a rate required to fund the plan (A.C.A. 24-2-701(c)(3)). The City is required to contribute 15.32% for court clerks in 2024. City contributions to the plan in 2024 were \$79,365.

APERS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about APERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued APERS Financial Report available at http://www.apers.org/annualreports.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the primary government and Advertising and Promotion Commission reported a liability of \$567,399 and \$855,739, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The City's proportionate share was .02280432% (.02457768% in prior year) for court clerks and .03439295% (.03347401% in prior year) for the Advertising and Promotions Commission. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual City contributions to the pension plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating APERS members for the year ended June 30, 2024.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the primary government and Advertising and Promotion Commission recognized pension expense of \$102,551 and \$191,940, respectively. At December 31, 2024, the City and its component unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government				Advertising and Promotion Commission					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Int	eferred flows of sources
Differences in expected and										
actual experience	\$	22,020	\$	23,198	\$	33,209	\$	34,987		
Change in proportion		31,149		30,969		68,376		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension										
plan investments		16,460		-		24,825		-		
Change of assumptions		19,774		-		29,822		-		
Contributions subsequent to the										
measurement date*		39,683				58,437				
Total	\$	129,086	\$	54,167	\$	214,669	\$	34,987		

^{*}Contributions made subsequent to measurement date of June 30, 2024.

At December 31, 2024, the primary government and Advertising and Promotion Commission reported \$39,683 and \$58,437, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year Ending December 31,		Primary Government				
2025		\$	(4,985)	\$	38,971		
2026			78,325	\$	136,410		
2027			(24,706)		(33,655)		
2028			(13,579)		(20,481)		
2029			181				
Total		\$	35,236	\$	121,245		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	Entry Age Normal Level percentage of payroll, closed (Level Dollar, Closed for District Judges New Plan and Paid off Old Plan and District
	Judges Still Paying Old Plan)
Remaining Amortization Period	16 years (5.6 years for District Judges New Plan and Paid Off Old Plan and 12 years for District Judges still paying Old Plan)
Asset Valuation Method	4-year smoothed market; 25% corridor (Market Value for Still Paying Old Plan)
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Price Inflation Rate	2.50%
Wage Inflation Rate	3.25%
Salary Increases	3.25% to 9.85% including inflation (3.25% to 6.96% including inflation for District Judges)
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition
Mortality Table	Based on the RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant benefit weighted generational mortality tables for males and females. Mortality rates are multiplied by 135% for males and 125% for females and are adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2017.
Average Service Life of All Members	3.6281%
Cost of living adjustments	3.0% annual compounded increase

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024, are summarized in the table below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Broad Domestic Equity	39%	5.03%
International Equity	17%	6.34%
Real Assets	16%	4.51%
Private Equity	5%	9.00%
Hedge Funds	2%	3.63%
Domestic Fixed	21%	3.38%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

		1% Decrease 6.00%		Current Discount Rate 7.00%		1% Increase 8.00%	
Primary Government	Net pension liability	\$	968,188	\$	567,399	\$	236,979
Advertising and Promotion Commission	Net pension liability	\$	1,460,198	\$	855,739	\$	357,406

Component Unit Pension Plans - Waste Water Utility

The North Little Rock Waste Water Utility Defined Pension Plan is a single-employer sponsored plan administered by the Waste Water Utility. The Plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Utility's Board of Commissioners establishes benefit provisions and all other requirements. The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements, nor is it included in another public employee retirement system plan's financial statements. Participants are not required to contribute to the Plan.

The Waste Water Utility is required to contribute to the Plan at an actuarially determined rate. The rate was 15.38% and 18.51% for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Further information is included in the audited financial statements of the Waste Water Utility, audited by other auditors, and is not presented in this report.

Note 9: Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

	Total OPEB	Deferred	Deferred	OPEB
	Liability	Outflows	Inflows	(Income)
Total Primary Government OPEB – Governmental Activities OPEB – Business-type Activities	\$ 2,380,173	\$ 530,613	\$ 3,905,226	\$ (29,169)
	260,118	73,473	568,771	(15,674)
	\$ 2,640,291	\$ 604,086	\$ 4,473,997	\$ (44,843)

Plan Description

The City of North Little Rock sponsors and administers a postemployment benefit plan (Plan). Arkansas statute provides that any municipal city official or employee vested in any of the City's retirement plans with 20 years of service and attains 55 years of age may continue to participate in the City's health care plan after retirement. In addition, members employed at least five years with age plus service exceeding 70 at retirement are eligible for benefits. The State of Arkansas has the authority to establish and amend the requirements of this statute. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB 75. The City does not issue stand- alone financial statements of the plan but all required information is presented in this report.

Benefits Provided

In addition to retirement benefits from the appropriate pension plan, individuals who have been employed full time for at least five years and meet the requirements of the "rule of 70" (age plus service equals at least 70) are eligible to continue health, dental, and vision insurance benefits under the City's group plan following retirement. Benefits under the plan are currently fully insured. Once the retiree reaches age 65, the retiree may continue coverage, but the coverage becomes secondary to Medicare. If the retiree, under age 65, drops their coverage, they cannot get coverage again when they reach age 65.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	23
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	819
	842

Premiums

Retired participants must pay the same premium as the city is charging active employees. Retired participants pay monthly premiums between \$572.50 for single coverage and \$1,292.50 for family coverage. Benefits paid by the City for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$219,629.

Actuarial Assumptions

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2024, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3% per year

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 8.0% in year 1, decreasing 0.5% each year to an ultimate rate

of 5.0% in year 7

Discount Rate 4.28% (prior year was 4.00%)
Mortality Table Based on RP 2014 Mortality Rate

Total OPEB Liability

The components of the total OPEB liability of the City at December 31, 2024, were as follows:

Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 4,955,511
Changes for the year	004.000
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability	204,268 201,998
Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,436,203)
Benefit payments	(219,629)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	 (65,654)
Net Changes	 (2,315,220)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 2,640,291

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the single discount rate calculated using a single discount rate of 4.28%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (3.28%)	Rate Assumptions Rate (4.28%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (5.28%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,881,575	\$ 2,640,291	\$ 2,418,199

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7%)	Current Health Care Trend Cost (8%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,315,411	\$ 2,640,291	\$ 3,032,716

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City of North Little Rock recognized OPEB income of \$44,843. At December 31, 2024, the City of North Little Rock reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences in expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	21,648 582,438	\$	3,552,790 921,207
	\$	604,086	\$	4,473,997

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	
2025	\$ (451,109)
2026	(451,109)
2027	(451,109)
2028	(451,109)
2029	(451,106)
Thereafter	(1,614,369)
Total	\$ (3,869,911)

Note 10: Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The City funds all amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan, at the direction of the covered employee (through payroll deductions), through investments in the United States Conference of Mayors Deferred Compensation Program maintained by Nationwide and Citistreet. All assets of the Plan (including all deferred amounts, property and rights purchased with deferred amounts, and all income attributable to such deferred amounts, property or rights), have been placed in a trust and therefore, are no longer included in the government-wide or governmental funds financial statements of the City. The City does not contribute to this plan.

Note 11: Insurance Coverage

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains insurance coverage through the Arkansas Municipal League (Pool), which is an association of local governments, covering each of the above risks of loss. The City pays an annual premium to the Pool. The Pool's governing agreement specifies that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of specified stop loss amounts. Management believes the coverage is adequate to preclude any significant uninsured risk exposure to the City. The North Little Rock Public Library System, Airport Commission and Advertising & Promotion Commission are also participating with the City. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years, nor has there been a significant reduction in coverage during the year ending December 31, 2024.

The Waste Water Utility was insured at December 31, 2024, for general liability, automobile liability, and all risk replacement cost except worker's compensation with the Arkansas Public Entities Risk Management Association with claims administered by Gallagher Bassett Insurance Services of Little Rock. The Utility was insured with the Municipal League Workers Compensation Trust for worker's compensation. The policy effective dates are for a calendar year for all aforementioned policies of the Utility. The Utility was insured at December 31, 2024, with RSUI Indemnity Co. for blanket property coverage. Further information is available in the audited financial statements of the Utility.

Note 12: Commitments

In 2007, the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas entered into a power purchase agreement with the Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC). Under the agreement, the Electric Department is committed to acquire approximately 60 megawatts of generating capacity from the Plum Point Energy Stations, which was constructed near Osceola, Arkansas and began power generation in 2010. The agreement runs through December 31, 2050 but may end prior to that date if the plant is retired, if certain termination provisions apply, or if otherwise agreed to by the parties. Under the agreement, the Electric Department will pay its proportionate share of the fixed and variable costs of operating the plant and its share of MJMEUC's administrative and other costs associated with the contract. During 2024, the Electric Department paid \$15,225,140 in purchased power from MJMEUC.

The City of North Little Rock, Arkansas has an agreement with Entergy whereby Entergy has interconnected its transmission facilities with the City's facilities to transmit the hydroelectric power and energy generated at Murray Hydroelectric Plant (Plant) to the electric system. The agreement continues as long as the City is authorized to operate the Plant, unless terminated earlier by either party on not less than 60 months advance written notice. Rates are determined based upon agreed-upon formulas, with billings to be made on a monthly basis.

During 2012, the City of North Little Rock established an adjustable Energy Cost Recovery Rider (ECR) as a component of its electric rate structure. The ECR is designed to generate increases or decreases in billings to customers depending on increases or decreases in the cost of purchasing and providing power to its customers. In May of 2019, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 9000 replacing the two-component ECR variable rider with a single component Power Cost Adjustment (PCA) rider. The PCA, in place with the new rate structure, is easier to calculate and has less variability.

During 2013, the City entered into an energy-only contract in order to capitalize on the cost effective delivery of power from the Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) market. Under the contract, the City will begin managing the output of its generation resources in the market by selling excess energy into the market at the current market price. When those resources produce insufficient energy, the City will purchase replacement energy from the market at the current market price. During 2024, the Electric Department paid \$14,535,984 in purchased power from MISO.

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

In 2015, the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas entered into a power purchase agreement with. The Energy Authority, Inc. (TEA). Under the agreement, the Electric Department agrees to purchase certain volumes of energy at an agreed upon price. During 2024, the Electric Department paid \$8,848,432 in purchased power from TEA.

Note 13: Contingencies

Litigation

In the normal course of operations, the City is, from time to time, subject to allegations that may or do result in litigation. Some of these allegations are in areas not covered by the City's self-insurance program or by commercial insurance; for example, allegations regarding employment practices or performances of contracts. The City evaluates such allegations by conducting investigations to determine the validity of each potential claim. Based upon the advice of legal counsel, management records an estimate of the amount of ultimate expected loss, if any, for each. In this regard, various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. In the opinion of the City Attorney's Office, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not be significant in relation to the City's financial statements. Based on management's evaluation, no amounts were accrued for such liabilities as of December 31, 2024. Events could occur that would cause the estimate or ultimate loss to differ materially in the near term.

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in several federal and state financial assistance programs. The financial assistance programs are subject to audit by granting agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. The City's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance. Any liabilities for reimbursement that may arise, as the results of audits by the granting agencies, are not believed to be material by management.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years

Non-Uniformed Employees Defined Benefit Plan

	 2024	2023		2022		 2021
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions	\$ 2,575,900 6,407,325 991,489 - (5,992,292)	\$	2,367,018 6,092,597 1,708,079 - (4,868,044)	\$	2,339,321 5,864,289 103,392 - (4,748,795)	\$ 2,580,665 5,547,208 (18,268) 1,687,692 (4,848,129)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,982,422		5,299,650		3,558,207	4,949,168
Total Pension Liability, Beginning of Year	 100,282,421		94,982,771		91,424,564	 86,475,396
Total Pension Liability, End of Year	\$ 104,264,843	\$	100,282,421	\$	94,982,771	\$ 91,424,564
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Plan member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions Administrative expense Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,120,409 1,751,561 7,388,265 (5,992,292) (83,258) 7,184,685		3,856,072 1,639,133 5,768,881 (4,868,044) (79,345) 6,316,697		3,566,827 1,507,468 (6,636,903) (4,748,795) (77,603) (6,389,006)	3,193,138 1,351,664 6,101,015 (4,848,130) (71,689) 5,725,998
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning of Year	59,604,208		53,287,511		59,676,517	53,950,519
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	\$ 66,788,893	\$	59,604,208	\$	53,287,511	\$ 59,676,517
City's Net Pension Liability, End of Year	\$ 37,475,950	\$	40,678,213	\$	41,695,260	\$ 31,748,047
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Covered Payroll Plan's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 64.06% 33,363,636 112.33%	\$	59.44% 31,223,255 130.28%	\$	56.10% 28,881,190 144.37%	\$ 65.27% 26,946,312 117.82%

Note to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions:

In 2021, the Plan changed the mortality table improvement scale from MP-2014 to MP-2018.

At the end of 2020, the pension board approved a change that allowed anyone at the age 62 with 30 years of service to retire with 2% multiplier. At that time it was assumed everyone at age 62 would retire.

 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016		 2015
\$ 2,442,653 5,173,335 (665,282) 3,043,281	\$ 2,249,277 4,888,174 1,153,182	\$ 2,171,091 4,685,936 4,871	\$ 2,081,105 4,483,827 (228,243)	\$	1,842,603 4,189,965 1,873,765 4,089,326	\$ 2,432,932 3,885,117 (1,495,386) (9,232,564)
 (3,774,079)	 (4,226,370)	 (3,352,897)	 (3,191,730)		(2,787,461)	 (2,755,249)
6,219,908	4,064,263	3,509,001	3,144,959		9,208,198	(7,165,150)
 80,255,488	 76,191,225	 72,682,224	 69,537,265		60,329,067	 67,494,217
\$ 86,475,396	\$ 80,255,488	\$ 76,191,225	\$ 72,682,224	\$	69,537,265	\$ 60,329,067
2,741,804 1,370,902 1,969,255 (3,774,079)	2,462,350 1,231,175 7,836,754 (4,226,370)	2,389,157 1,195,958 (3,222,842) (3,352,897)	2,220,368 996,081 4,326,066 (3,191,730)		1,364,281 909,519 2,153,389 (2,787,461)	1,133,620 755,749 (1,596,295) (2,755,249)
 (76,605)	 (83,747)	 (70,492)	 (73,790)		(52,951)	 (55,210)
2,231,277	7,220,162	(3,061,116)	4,276,995		1,586,777	(2,517,385)
 51,719,242	 44,499,080	 47,560,196	 43,283,201		41,696,424	 44,213,809
\$ 53,950,519	\$ 51,719,242	\$ 44,499,080	\$ 47,560,196	\$	43,283,201	\$ 41,696,424
\$ 32,524,877	\$ 28,536,246	\$ 31,692,145	\$ 25,122,028	\$	26,254,064	\$ 18,632,643
\$ 62.39% 27,418,040	\$ 64.44% 24,623,500	\$ 58.40% 23,891,570	\$ 65.44% 22,770,923	\$	62.24% 21,964,782	\$ 69.11% 19,641,076
118.63%	115.89%	132.65%	110.33%		119.53%	94.87%

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 9 Years

Police Pension Plan

		2024	 2023		2022	2021	
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions	\$	1,009,717 (129,783) 628,558 (2,285,755)	\$ 611,617 9,291 (6,440,925) (2,691,804)	\$	701,468 (358,146) 363,205 (2,387,873)	\$	934,706 (169,317) 2,885,065 (2,498,547)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(777,263)	(8,511,821)		(1,681,346)		1,151,907
Total Pension Liability, Beginning of Year		26,074,158	 34,585,979		36,267,325		35,115,418
Total Pension Liability, End of Year	\$	25,296,895	\$ 26,074,158	\$	34,585,979	\$	36,267,325
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Plan member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions		2,288,480 - - (2,285,755)	2,295,127 3,098 - (2,691,804)		2,171,733 3,047 - (2,387,873)		2,106,247 3,097 - (2,498,547)
Administrative expense Other		-	-		-		-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,725	(393,579)		(213,093)		(389,203)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning of Year	_	(995,400)	 (601,821)	_	(388,728)		475
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	\$	(992,675)	\$ (995,400)	\$	(601,821)	\$	(388,728)
City's Net Pension Liability, End of Year	\$	26,289,570	\$ 27,069,558	\$	35,187,800	\$	36,656,053
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Covered Payroll Plan's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$	0.00% 112,158 23439.76%	\$ 0.00% 120,345 22493.30%	\$	0.00% 173,125 20325.08%	\$	0.00% 175,942 20834.17%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

Changes of Assumption: Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are discount rates used in each period:

December 31, 2021 - 2.00%	December 31, 2016 - 3.67%
December 31, 2022 - 1.84%	December 31, 2017 - 3.83%
December 31, 2023 - 4.05%	December 31, 2018 - 3.35%
December 31, 2024 - 3.77%	December 31, 2019 - 3.72%
	December 31, 2020 - 2.76%

 2020		2019	 2018	2017			2016
\$ 1,160,441 712,195 3,301,888	\$	15,917 1,117,341 517,137 (1,258,960)	\$ 15,204 1,250,577 686,422 1,341,560	\$	\$ 10,573 1,271,018 (39,875) (556,753)		16,248 1,312,455 569,326 221,478
 (2,507,532)		(2,577,015)	 (2,608,595)		(2,726,985)		(2,613,959)
2,666,992		(2,185,580)	685,168		(2,042,022)		(494,452)
 32,448,426		34,634,006	 33,948,838		35,990,860		36,485,312
\$ 35,115,418	\$	32,448,426	\$ 34,634,006	\$	33,948,838	\$	35,990,860
 2,111,338 2,924 31,005 (2,507,532) (273) - (362,538) 363,013	_	2,027,867 (13,040) (18,924) (2,577,015) (1,255) - (582,367) 945,380	 1,984,413 6,179 154,359 (2,608,595) (1,979) - (465,623) 1,411,003		1,890,091 7,608 101,074 (2,726,985) (3,794) 47,400 (684,606) 2,095,609		1,790,813 10,961 4,546 (2,613,959) (6,131) - (813,770) 2,909,379
\$ 475	\$	363,013	\$ 945,380	\$	1,411,003	\$	2,095,609
\$ 35,114,943	\$	32,085,413	\$ 33,688,626	\$	32,537,835	\$	33,895,251
\$ 0.00% 170,821 20556.57%	\$	1.12% 168,808 19007.05%	\$ 2.73% 157,318 21414.35%	\$	4.16% 159,587 20388.78%	\$	5.82% 241,190 14053.34%

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 9 Years

Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund											
		2024		2023		2022		2021			
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions	\$	1,130,943 (241,037) 739,109 (3,050,352)	\$	754,578 384,748 (5,183,797) (2,789,715)	\$	849,852 636,101 1,014,037 (2,882,030)	\$	1,094,731 (455,759) 2,162,151 (3,267,356)			
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(1,421,337)		(6,834,186)		(382,040)		(466,233)			
Total Pension Liability, Beginning of Year		27,949,083		34,783,269		35,165,309		35,631,542			
Total Pension Liability, End of Year	\$	26,527,746	\$	27,949,083	\$	34,783,269	\$	35,165,309			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Plan member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions Administrative expense Other		2,007,020 - 297,444 (3,050,352) (2,492) -		1,902,882 1,249 (499,811) (2,789,715) (3,284)		1,893,613 2,592 615,017 (2,882,030) (5,104)		1,789,674 2,697 572,318 (3,267,356) (7,078)			
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(748,380)		(1,388,679)		(375,912)		(909,745)			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning of Year		2,448,128		3,836,807		4,212,719		5,122,464			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	\$	1,699,748	\$	2,448,128	\$	3,836,807	\$	4,212,719			
City's Net Pension Liability, End of Year	\$	24,827,998	\$	25,500,955	\$	30,946,462	\$	30,952,590			
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Covered Payroll Plan's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$	6.41% 128,606 19305.47%	\$	8.76% 164,710 15482.34%	\$	11.03% 158,095 19574.60%	\$	11.98% 183,387 16878.29%			

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates use in each period:

December 31, 2021 - 2.52%	December 31, 2016 - 4.40%
December 31, 2022 - 2.26%	December 31, 2017 - 4.52%
December 31, 2023 - 4.28%	December 31, 2018 - 4.01%
December 31, 2024 - 3.92%	December 31, 2019 - 4.12%
	December 31, 2020 - 3.22%

 2020		2019	 2018	2017			2016		
\$ 1,333,982 868,397 2,658,115	\$	1,340,002 1,231,363 (318,154)	\$ 10,947 1,538,822 26,604 1,164,792	\$	5,116 1,602,202 (460,276) (373,622)	\$	4,999 1,699,456 (62,242) 610,411		
 (3,214,307)	_	(3,368,736)	 (3,359,082)		(2,931,504)		(2,958,538)		
1,646,187		(1,115,525)	(617,917)		(2,158,084)		(705,914)		
 33,985,355	_	35,100,880	 35,718,797		37,876,881		38,582,795		
\$ 35,631,542	\$	33,985,355	\$ 35,100,880	\$	35,718,797	\$	37,876,881		
1,646,347 4,243 928,740 (3,214,307) (8,168) - (643,145)		1,609,846 4,306 (195,176) (3,368,736) (12,940) - (1,962,700)	1,695,189 8,568 1,054,331 (3,359,082) (13,517) - (614,511)		1,716,157 15,673 498,767 (2,931,504) (16,296) 31,200 (686,003)		1,555,853 17,631 17,659 (2,958,538) (22,518) - (1,389,913)		
 5,765,609	_	7,728,309	 8,342,820		9,028,823		10,418,736		
\$ 5,122,464	\$	5,765,609	\$ 7,728,309	\$	8,342,820	\$	9,028,823		
\$ 30,509,078	\$	28,219,746	\$ 27,372,571	\$	27,375,977	\$	28,848,058		
\$ 14.38% 250,678 12170.62%	\$	16.96% 333,149 8470.61%	\$ 22.02% 411,211 6656.58%	\$	23.36% 526,042 5204.14%	\$	23.84% 510,473 5651.24%		

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - LOPFI Last 9 Years

LOPFI - Fire

	 2024		2023		2022		2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability	2.56144%		2.71215%		2.77841%		2.94302%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,638,442	\$	28,957,404	\$	14,039,739	\$	20,232,816
City's covered payroll	\$ 11,782,018	\$	11,235,915	\$	10,905,896	\$	11,093,451
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	217.61%		257.72%		128.74%		182.39%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.50%		69.20%		84.75%		77.79%

LOPFI - Police

	 2024	 2023	_	2022	 2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability	2.96970%	2.85858%		2.75861%	2.84163%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 29,724,807	\$ 30,520,827	\$	13,939,642	\$ 19,535,772
City's covered payroll	\$ 13,659,917	\$ 11,842,547	\$	10,828,177	\$ 13,375,657
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	217.61%	257.72%		128.73%	146.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.50%	69.20%		84.75%	77.79%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31 of the year prior to the most recent fiscal year-end) of the City's net pension liability.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

 2020	 2019	 2018	2017			2016
2.84686%	2.67953%	2.73119%		2.74166%		2.49184%
\$ 21,998,832	\$ 2,572,414	\$ 19,407,730	\$	15,642,023	\$	9,020,695
\$ 10,429,122	\$ 9,557,042	\$ 9,359,122	\$	8,707,186	\$	7,931,178
210.94%	26.92%	207.37%		179.64%		113.74%
73.21%	66.09%	71.48%	72.87%			79.14%

2020		020 2019			2018	 2017	 2016
	2.71348%		2.63745%		2.55587%	2.51139%	2.30461%
\$	20,968,132	\$	2,554,074	\$	18,161,919	\$ 14,328,255	\$ 8,342,893
\$	13,486,861	\$	12,257,002	\$	11,783,650	\$ 10,999,885	\$ 10,825,411
	155.47%		20.84%		154.13%	130.26%	77.07%
	73.21%		66.09%		71.48%	72.87%	79.14%

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - APERS Last 10 Years

		2024		2023		2022		2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	02280432%	(0.02457768%	0	.02136670%	0	.02177704%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	567,399	\$	716,239	\$	576,128	\$	167,429
City's covered payroll	\$	518,145	\$	591,234	\$	407,600	\$	434,864
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		109.51%		121.14%		141.35%		38.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.61%		77.94%		78.31%		93.57%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (June 30 of the fiscal year) of the City's net pension liability.

	2020	2019			2018		2017		2016	 2015
0.0	2133044%	0.	02077864%	0	.19836180%	C	0.02245346%	C	0.02077350%	0.02105517%
\$	610,815	\$	501,291	\$	437,573	\$	580,229	\$	496,767	\$ 387,780
\$	411,537	\$	402,283	\$	828,592	\$	795,081	\$	735,118	\$ 697,720
	148.42%		124.61%		52.81%		72.98%		67.58%	55.58%
	75.38%		78.55%		79.59%		75.65%		75.50%	80.39%

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of City's Contributions - Non-Uniformed Employees Defined Benefit Plan Last 10 Years

	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,207,155	\$ 5,064,412	\$ 3,763,219	\$ 4,109,313
Contribution in relation of the contractually required contribution	 4,120,409	3,856,072	3,566,827	3,193,138
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 86,746	\$ 1,208,340	\$ 196,392	\$ 916,175
City's covered payroll	\$ 33,363,636	\$ 31,223,255	\$ 28,881,190	\$ 26,946,312
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.35%	12.35%	12.35%	11.85%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent year-end.

Key Assumptions for ADC:

Cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level Percentage of Pay (3.5% Growth)

Remaining amortization 14 years

Asset valuation Market value

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Mortality 105% Pub-2010, General Employees, below median income

Projected with MP-2020.

This mortaility basis first used for the 2022 actuarial determined

contributions.

 2020	 2019	2018	 2017	2016	2015
\$ 3,879,653	\$ 3,897,900	\$ 3,282,702	\$ 3,518,108	\$ 2,923,512	\$ 2,185,569
2,741,804	2,462,350	2,389,157	2,220,368	1,364,281	1,133,620
\$ 1,137,849	\$ 1,435,550	\$ 893,545	\$ 1,297,740	\$ 1,559,231	\$ 1,051,949
\$ 27,418,040	\$ 24,623,500	\$ 23,891,570	\$ 22,770,923	\$ 21,964,782	\$ 19,641,076
10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	9.75%	6.21%	5.77%

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of City's Contributions - Police Pension Plan Last 9 Years

Police Pension

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)			Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percent of Covered Payroll	
2016	\$	1,626,971	\$	1,626,971	\$ -	\$	241,190	674.56%	
2017		1,705,029		1,705,029	-		159,587	1068.40%	
2018		1,708,560		1,708,560	-		157,318	1086.05%	
2019		1,813,500		1,813,500	-		168,808	1074.30%	
2020		1,805,304		1,805,304	-		170,821	1056.84%	
2021		1,883,856		1,883,856	-		175,942	1070.73%	
2022		2,009,328		2,009,328	-		173,125	1160.62%	
2023		2,009,328		2,009,328	-		120,345	1669.64%	
2024		2,285,046		2,285,046	-		112,158	2037.35%	

Note: A full 10 year schedule will be completed as information is available.

Key Assumptions for ADC

Cost method	Individual entry age normal
Amortization method	Closed amortization period based on projected future payroll
Remaining amortization	15 years beginning January 1, 2023
Asset valuation	5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Mortality	Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted General Below Median Income Healthy Retiree tables set forward one year for males and two years for females, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2020.
Other Information	
Notes	There were no benefit changes during the year.

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of City's Contributions - Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Last 9 Years

Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)			Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percent of Covered Payroll		
2016	\$	1,517,418	\$	1,517,418	\$ -	\$ 510,473	297.26%		
2017		1,487,237		1,487,237	-	526,042	282.72%		
2018		1,458,360		1,458,360	_	411,211	354.65%		
2019		1,457,352		1,457,352	-	333,149	437.45%		
2020		1,591,524		1,591,524	-	250,678	634.89%		
2021		1,695,540		1,695,540	_	183,387	924.57%		
2022		1,695,540		1,695,540	_	158,095	1072.48%		
2023		1,796,748		1,796,748	-	164,710	1090.86%		
2024		2,065,024		2,065,024	-	128,606	1605.70%		

Note: A full 10 year schedule will be completed as information is available.

Key Assumptions for ADC

Cost method	Individual entry age normal
Amortization method	Closed amortization period based on projected future payroll
Remaining amortization	15 years beginning January 1, 2023
Asset valuation	5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Mortality	Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted General Below Median Income Healthy Retiree tables set forward one year for males and two years for females, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2020.
Other Information	
Notes	There were no benefit changes during the year.

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of City's Contributions - LOPFI Last 9 Years

LOPFI - Fire

	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,082,104	\$ 2,824,477	\$ 2,630,131	\$ 2,530,463
Contribution in relation of the contractually required contribution	 3,082,104	 2,824,477	 2,630,131	 2,530,463
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 11,782,018	\$ 12,393,492	\$ 11,235,915	\$ 10,905,896
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	26.16%	22.79%	23.41%	23.20%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent year-end.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

LOPFI - Police

		2024	 2023	_	2022	 2021
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,747,812	\$ 3,275,646	\$	2,772,133	\$ 2,512,422
Contribution in relation of the contractually required contribution	_	3,747,812	 3,275,646		2,772,133	 2,512,422
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$
City's covered payroll	\$	13,659,917	\$ 14,373,172	\$	11,842,547	\$ 10,828,177
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		27.44%	22.79%		23.41%	23.20%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent year-end.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
\$	2,602,961	\$ 2,375,754 \$		\$	2,092,256	\$	1,487,237	\$	1,517,419
	2,602,961	2,375,754		2,092,256		1,487,237		1,517,419	
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
\$	\$ 11,093,451		\$ 10,429,122		\$ 9,557,042		\$ 9,359,122		8,707,186
23.46%			22.78%		21.89%		15.89%		17.43%

 2020	2019	2018		2017	2016
\$ 2,513,286	\$ 2,264,444	\$ 2,059,395	\$	1,705,029	\$ 1,626,971
 2,513,286	 2,264,444	 2,059,395		1,705,029	 1,626,971
\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$		\$
\$ 13,375,657	\$ 13,486,861	\$ 12,257,002	\$	11,783,650	\$ 10,999,885
18.79%	16.79%	16.80%		14.47%	14.79%

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of City's Contributions - APERS Last 10 Years

	 2024		2023		2022		2021	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 80,367	\$	79,536	\$	68,243	\$	66,621	
Contribution in relation of the contractually required contribution	 80,367		79,536		68,243		66,621	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
City's covered payroll	\$ 524,791	\$	521,776	\$	425,455	\$	415,343	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.31%		15.24%		16.04%		16.04%	

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent year-end.

 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016		2015
\$ 63,761	\$ 66,070	\$ 54,804	\$ 58,679	\$ 54,575	\$	55,139
 63,761	 66,070	 54,804	 58,679	 54,575		55,139
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
\$ 411,627	\$ 431,266	\$ 377,959	\$ 401,636	\$ 370,754	\$	368,084
15.49%	15.32%	14.50%	14.61%	14.72%		14.98%

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios December 31, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning of Year	\$ 4,955,511	\$ 4,641,652	\$ 6,887,843	\$ 6,688,731	\$ 5,765,549	\$ 5,321,410	\$ 5,471,163
Changes for the year							
Service cost	204,268	192,501	337,380	357,542	244,533	299,941	258,689
Interest	201,998	203,799	160,566	144,830	193,302	201,695	172,888
Difference between expected							
and actual experience	(2,436,203)	-	(1,672,912)	-	(64,719)	-	(207,822)
Benefit payments	(219,629)	(211,274)	(177,852)	(115,186)	(161,142)	(160,545)	(150,996)
Changes in assumptions	(65,654)	128,833	(893,373)	(188,074)	711,208	179,508	(222,512)
Total OPEB Liability, End of Year	\$ 2,640,291	\$ 4,955,511	\$ 4,641,652	\$ 6,887,843	\$ 6,688,731	\$ 5,842,009	\$ 5,321,410
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$ 33,363,636	\$ 31,223,255	\$ 28,881,190	\$ 26,946,312	\$ 27,418,040	\$ 24,623,500	\$ 23,891,570
Plan's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of							
Covered - Employee Payroll	7.91%	15.87%	16.07%	25.56%	24.40%	23.73%	22.27%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms: None

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period.

The following are the discount rates used in each period:

December 31, 2017 - 3.16% December 31, 2018 - 3.64% December 31, 2019 - 3.26% December 31, 2020 - 1.93% December 31, 2021 - 2.25% December 31, 2022 - 4.31% December 31, 2023 - 4.00% December 31, 2024 - 4.28%

Note: The City began to report the above information when it implemented GASB Statement 75 in fiscal year 2018. This OPEB schedule is intended to present information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

No amounts are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.



City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

		Special Revenue	 Debt Service		Capital Projects	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Property taxes receivable - net of allowance	\$	4,916,298 - 2,386,471	\$ 173,243 - 287,672	\$	9,444,267 6,879,117	\$	14,533,808 6,879,117 2,674,143
Sales tax receivable Due from other governments		2,232,574 369,686			- -		2,232,574 369,686
Due from other funds Prepaids Restricted cash equivalents		604,185 280,608	- - 645,135		3,422,788 - -		4,026,973 280,608 645,135
Total assets	\$	10,789,822	\$ 1,106,050	\$	19,746,172	\$	31,642,044
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	389,917	\$ _	\$	977,953	\$	1,367,870
Accrued expenses	·	323,976	-	·	, -	·	323,976
Due to other funds		687,776	 -		603,860		1,291,636
Total liabilities		1,401,669	 -		1,581,813		2,983,482
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,164,803	 268,973	_			2,433,776
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,164,803	 268,973	_	-		2,433,776
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable Restricted		280,608	-		-		280,608
Debt service		-	837,077		-		837,077
Street and traffic		3,877,347	-		-		3,877,347
Parks and recreation		1,995,642	-		-		1,995,642
Community development		2,262	-		-		2,262
Police - equitable sharing		292,855	-		-		292,855
Drainage improvement Committed		774,636	 <u>-</u>		18,164,359		774,636 18,164,359
Total fund balances		7,223,350	 837,077		18,164,359		26,224,786
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	10,789,822	\$ 1,106,050	\$	19,746,172	\$	31,642,044

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes - sales	\$	12,626,441	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12,626,441
Taxes - other	*	2,209,108	•	254,724	*	_	*	2,463,832
Licenses and permits		141,404				_		141,404
Charges for services		2,093,262		-		-		2,093,262
Intergovernmental		2,059,212		-		-		2,059,212
Investment earnings		130,297		41,827		544,163		716,287
Miscellaneous		260,472	_	30				260,502
Total revenues		19,520,196		296,581		544,163	_	20,360,940
Expenditures								
Community development		1,004,240		-		-		1,004,240
Parks and recreation		9,228,337		-		-		9,228,337
Public safety - police		17,488		-				17,488
Public works				-		543,260		543,260
Street and traffic		6,949,427		-		-		6,949,427
Capital outlay		2,515,966		-		16,670,037		19,186,003
Debt service		E4 040		000 000				704.040
Principal retirement		51,846		680,000		-		731,846
Interest and fiscal charges		1,966	_	376,700			_	378,666
Total expenditures		19,769,270	_	1,056,700		17,213,297	_	38,039,267
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(249,074)		(760,119)		(16,669,134)		(17,678,327)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		1,325,000		851,685		17,614,252		19,790,937
Transfers out		-	_			(2,174,100)	_	(2,174,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,325,000	_	851,685		15,440,152	_	17,616,837
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,075,926		91,566		(1,228,982)		(61,490)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		6,147,424	_	745,511		19,393,341		26,286,276
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	7,223,350	\$	837,077	\$	18,164,359	\$	26,224,786

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City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - Nonmajor Special Revenue December 31, 2024

Annada	 Street		Parks and Recreation		Community Development		Equitable Sharing
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable - net of allowance	\$ 2,621,765 2,386,471	\$	1,233,963	\$	2,263	\$	283,671 -
Sales tax receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds	933,902 - 553,166		1,298,672 - 41,835		369,686		- - 9,184
Prepaids	 83,724		196,666		218		<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$ 6,579,028	\$	2,771,136	\$	372,167	\$	292,855
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 212,410 131,466	\$	175,601 192,510	\$	1,906	\$	-
Due to other funds	 109,278	_	210,717	_	367,781		
Total liabilities	 453,154	_	578,828		369,687		<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes	2,164,803		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,164,803		-	_	-		
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted	83,724		196,666		218		-
Street and traffic Parks and recreation	3,877,347		- 1,995,642		-		-
Community development Police - equitable sharing Drainage improvement	- - -		1,995,042 - -		2,262 - -		292,855 -
Total fund balances	 3,961,071	_	2,192,308		2,480	_	292,855
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 6,579,028	\$	2,771,136	\$	372,167	\$	292,855

Prainage Provement		Total Special Revenue Funds
\$ 774,636 - - - - -	\$	4,916,298 2,386,471 2,232,574 369,686 604,185 280,608
\$ 774,636	\$	10,789,822
\$ - -	\$	389,917 323,976 687,776
 <u>-</u>	_	
 <u>-</u> _		1,401,669
 _		2,164,803
-		2,164,803
-		280,608
- - - 774,636		3,877,347 1,995,642 2,262 292,855 774,636
774,636		7,223,350
\$ 774,636	\$	10,789,822

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Nonmajor Special Revenue For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

				Parks and		Community		Equitable
		Street		Recreation	_	Development		Sharing
Revenues Taxes - sales Taxes - other	\$	5,317,135 2,209,108	\$	7,309,306	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits Charges for services Intergovernmental Investment earnings		2,209,106 - - - 69,496		2,093,262 - 35,227		1,916,833		142,379 6,270
Miscellaneous		129,237	_	128,349	_	<u>-</u>	_	2,886
Total revenues		7,724,976	_	9,566,144		1,916,833		151,535
Expenditures Community development Parks and recreation		-		- 9,228,337		1,004,240		-
Public safety - police Street and traffic		- 6,949,427		9,220,337		- - -		17,488
Capital outlay Debt service		689,164		782,821		911,154		70,770
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	_	-		51,846 1,966	_	- -		-
Total expenditures		7,638,591		10,064,970		1,915,394		88,258
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		86,385		(498,826)		1,439		63,277
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		310,000		1,015,000	_			<u> </u>
Total other financing sources		310,000		1,015,000				<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		396,385		516,174		1,439		63,277
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		3,564,686		1,676,134	_	1,041		229,578
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	3,961,071	\$	2,192,308	\$	2,480	\$	292,855

Drainage Improvement	Total Special Revenue Funds
\$ - 141,404 - 19,304	\$ 12,626,441 2,209,108 141,404 2,093,262 2,059,212 130,297 260,472
160,708	19,520,196
- - - 62,057	1,004,240 9,228,337 17,488 6,949,427 2,515,966 51,846
	1,966
62,057	19,769,270
98,651	(249,074)
	1,325,000
	1,325,000
98,651	1,075,926
675,985	6,147,424
\$ 774,636	\$ 7,223,350

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - Nonmajor Debt Service December 31, 2024

	Baring Cross Debt Service		•		 Total Debt Service Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable - net of allowance	\$	173,243 287,672	\$	-	\$ 173,243 287,672
Restricted cash equivalents		-		645,135	 645,135
Total assets	\$	460,915	\$	645,135	\$ 1,106,050
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	268,973	\$	-	\$ 268,973
Total deferred inflows of resources		268,973		-	 268,973
Fund Balances Restricted for					
Debt service		191,942		645,135	 837,077
Total fund balances		191,942		645,135	 837,077
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund	_		_		
balances	<u>\$</u>	460,915	<u>\$</u>	645,135	\$ 1,106,050

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Nonmajor Debt Service For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Baring Cross Debt Service	2019 Capital Improvement Debt Service	Total Debt Service Funds
Revenues Taxes - other Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 254,724 5,366 <u>30</u>	\$ - 36,461 -	\$ 254,724 41,827 30
Total revenues	260,120	36,461	296,581
Expenditures Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	145,000 55,550 200,550	535,000 321,150 856,150	680,000 376,700 1,056,700
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	59,570	(819,689)	(760,119)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		851,685	851,685
Total other financing sources		851,685	851,685
Net Change in Fund Balances	59,570	31,996	91,566
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	132,372	613,139	745,511
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 191,942	\$ 645,135	\$ 837,077

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - Nonmajor Capital Projects December 31, 2024

	<u>Ir</u>	Sales Tax Capital nprovement	. <u> </u>	2017 Sales Tax Capital Improvement	· · <u>-</u>	2023 Sales Tax Capital Improvement		Total Capital Projects Funds
Assets			_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	4,891,445	\$	188,642	\$	4,364,180 6,879,117	\$	9,444,267 6,879,117
Due from other funds		1,041,281	_	_	_	2,381,507	_	3,422,788
Total assets	\$	5,932,726	\$	188,642	\$	13,624,804	\$	19,746,172
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 	58,218 118,947	\$	188,642 -	\$	731,093 484,913	\$	977,953 603,860
Total liabilities		177,165	_	188,642	_	1,216,006		1,581,813
Fund Balances								
Committed		5,755,561	_	<u> </u>	_	12,408,798		18,164,359
Total fund balances		5,755,561	_			12,408,798		18,164,359
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	5,932,726	\$	188,642	\$	13,624,804	\$	19,746,172

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Nonmajor Capital Projects For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Sales Tax Capital Improvement	2017 Sales Tax Capital Improvement	2023 Sales Tax Capital Improvement	Total Capital Projects Funds
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 110,989	\$ 157,835	\$ 275,339	\$ 544,163
Total revenues	110,989	157,835	275,339	544,163
Expenditures				
Public works	543,260	-	-	543,260
Capital outlay	3,538,140	3,392,423	9,739,474	16,670,037
Total expenditures	4,081,400	3,392,423	9,739,474	17,213,297
Deficiency of Revenues				
Under Expenditures	(3,970,411)	(3,234,588)	(9,464,135)	(16,669,134)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	5,871,419	-	11,742,833	17,614,252
Transfers out	(1,695,100)		(479,000)	(2,174,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,176,319	<u>-</u>	11,263,833	15,440,152
Net Change in Fund Balances	205,908	(3,234,588)	1,799,698	(1,228,982)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	5,549,653	3,234,588	10,609,100	19,393,341
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 5,755,561	\$ -	\$ 12,408,798	\$ 18,164,359

		Original Budget	 Changes	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Taxes - sales	\$	5,500,000	\$ -	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,317,135	\$	(182,865)	
Taxes - other		1,825,000	200,000	2,025,000	2,209,108		184,108	
Licenses & permits		10,000	-	10,000	-		(10,000)	
Investment earnings		40,000	-	40,000	69,496		29,496	
Miscellaneous		320,359	 65,661	 386,020	129,237		(256,783)	
Total revenues		7,695,359	 265,661	 7,961,020	 7,724,976	-	(236,044)	
Expenditures								
Street and traffic		6,598,186	464,115	7,062,301	6,949,427		112,874	
Capital outlay		1,407,173	-	1,407,173	689,164		718,009	
Total expenditures	_	8,005,359	 464,115	 8,469,474	 7,638,591		830,883	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(310,000)	 (198,454)	 (508,454)	 86,385		594,839	
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		310,000	 <u> </u>	 310,000	 310,000		<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources		310,000		 310,000	 310,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance (Deficit)		-	(198,454)	(198,454)	396,385		594,839	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		3,564,686	 	 3,564,686	 3,564,686			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	3,564,686	\$ (198,454)	\$ 3,366,232	\$ 3,961,071	\$	594,839	

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Parks and Recreation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Changes	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Taxes - sales	\$ 6,775,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 7,125,000	\$ 7,309,306	\$ 184,306
Charges for services	2,010,310	15,000	2,025,310	2,093,262	67,952
Investment earnings	34,101	-	34,101	35,227	1,126
Miscellaneous	53,500	84,770	138,270	128,349	(9,921)
Total revenues	8,872,911	449,770	9,322,681	9,566,144	243,463
Expenditures					
Parks and recreation	9,533,461	(292,157)	9,241,304	9,228,337	12,967
Capital outlay	300,000	905,395	1,205,395	782,821	422,574
Principal retirement	52,000	-	52,000	51,846	154
Interest and fiscal charges	2,450		2,450	1,966	484
Total expenditures	9,887,911	613,238	10,501,149	10,064,970	436,179
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,015,000)	(163,468)	(1,178,468)	(498,826)	679,642
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	1,015,000		1,015,000	1,015,000	
Total other financing sources	1,015,000		1,015,000	1,015,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance (Deficit)	-	(163,468)	(163,468)	516,174	679,642
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,676,134		1,676,134	1,676,134	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,676,134	\$ (163,468)	\$ 1,512,666	\$ 2,192,308	\$ 679,642

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Changes	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Investment earnings	\$ 51,609	\$ -	\$ 51,609	\$ 110,989	\$ 59,380
Total revenues	51,609		51,609	110,989	59,380
Expenditures					
Public works	-	542,204	542,204	543,260	(1,056)
Capital outlay	2,104,009	4,644,258	6,748,267	3,538,140	3,210,127
Total expenditures	2,104,009	5,186,462	7,290,471	4,081,400	3,209,071
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(2,052,400)	(5,186,462)	(7,238,862)	(3,970,411)	3,268,451
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	5,562,500 (1,695,100)	250,000	5,812,500 (1,695,100)	5,871,419 (1,695,100)	58,919
Total other financing sources	3,867,400	250,000	4,117,400	4,176,319	58,919
Net Change in Fund Balance (Deficit)	1,815,000	(4,936,462)	(3,121,462)	205,908	3,327,370
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5,549,653		5,549,653	5,549,653	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 7,364,653	\$ (4,936,462)	\$ 2,428,191	\$ 5,755,561	\$ 3,327,370

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - 2023 Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Changes	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Investment earnings	\$ 37,000	\$ -	\$ 37,000	\$ 275,339	\$ 238,339
Total revenues	37,000		37,000	275,339	238,339
Expenditures					
Capital outlay	10,683,000	9,825,921	20,508,921	9,739,474	10,769,447
Total expenditures	10,683,000	9,825,921	20,508,921	9,739,474	10,769,447
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(10,646,000)	(9,825,921)	(20,471,921)	(9,464,135)	11,007,786
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	11,125,000	500,000	11,625,000	11,742,833	117,833
Transfers out	(479,000)		(479,000)	(479,000)	
Total other financing sources	10,646,000	500,000	11,146,000	11,263,833	117,833
Net Change in Fund Balance (Deficit)	-	(9,325,921)	(9,325,921)	1,799,698	11,125,619
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	10,609,100		10,609,100	10,609,100	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 10,609,100	\$ (9,325,921)	\$ 1,283,179	\$ 12,408,798	\$ 11,125,619

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City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Statistical Section (Unaudited)

This section of the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information reflects about the City's overall financial health.

Contents Page

Financ	cial Trends (Tables 1–6)	
	These schedules contain trend information to assist the reader in understanding how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	126
Reven	ue Capacity (Tables 7-10)	
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant revenue sources, local sales taxes and property taxes	138
Debt C	Capacity (Tables 11–14)	
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future	143
Demo	graphic and Economic Information (Table 15)	
	This schedule offers demographic and economic indicators to assist the reader in understanding the environment within which the City's financial activities take place	151
Opera	ting Information (Tables 16-19)	
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

		2015		2016		2017		2018
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets	\$	64.950.657	\$	71,815,036	\$	77,828,156	\$	83,669,833
Restricted Unrestricted	Ψ	1,704,038 9,579,065	Ψ	2,232,076 (4,793,593)	Ψ	2,527,403 (7,948,848)	Ψ	(3,096,150)
	_	, ,	_		_		_	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	76,233,760	\$	69,253,519	\$	72,406,711	\$	80,573,683
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	101,865,437	\$	106,379,890	\$, ,	\$	115,621,652
Restricted Unrestricted		15,356,221 2,148,550		4,987,495 9,028,777		10,525,161 3,628,809		10,657,111 11,104,480
Total business-type activities net position	\$	119,370,208	\$	120,396,162	\$	128,036,223	\$	137,383,243
Primary government	ው	166 916 004	φ	170 104 006	φ	101 710 400	\$	100 201 405
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	Ф	166,816,094 17,060,259	\$	178,194,926 7,219,571	\$	191,710,409 13,052,564	Ф	199,291,485 10,657,111
Unrestricted		11,727,615	_	4,235,184		(4,320,039)	_	8,008,330
Total primary government net position	\$	195,603,968	\$	189,649,681	\$	200,442,934	\$	217,956,926

⁽A) 2020 governmental activities beginning net position was restated for a change in the measurement date for various pension plans. Prior years' net position have not been updated for this change.

 2019		2020 (A)	 2021	2022		2023	 2024
\$ 88,578,170 7,545,786 (79,203,245)	\$	96,586,369 22,964,049 (80,778,097)	\$ 113,011,793 18,931,884 (77,162,162)	\$	130,524,357 19,660,092 (64,202,454)	\$ 149,323,912 12,612,466 (46,811,053)	\$ 164,397,705 10,297,319 (36,266,663)
\$ 16,920,711	\$	38,772,321	\$ 54,781,515	\$	85,981,995	\$ 115,125,325	\$ 138,428,361
\$ 105,196,767 3,166,687 40,675,868	\$	107,272,083 3,110,730 44,706,357	\$ 108,760,225 3,106,611 45,606,747	\$	109,997,145 1,725,938 47,571,724	\$ 115,367,289 1,786,631 58,361,063	\$ 119,871,318 1,805,967 62,245,847
\$ 149,039,322	\$	155,089,170	\$ 157,473,583	\$	159,294,807	\$ 175,514,983	\$ 183,923,132
	_						
\$ 193,774,937 10,712,473 (38,527,377)	\$	203,858,452 26,074,779 (36,071,740)	\$ 221,772,018 22,038,495 (31,555,415)	\$	240,521,502 21,386,030 (16,630,730)	\$ 264,691,201 14,399,097 11,550,010	\$ 284,269,023 12,103,286 25,979,184
\$ 165,960,033	\$	193,861,491	\$ 212,255,098	\$	245,276,802	\$ 290,640,308	\$ 322,351,493

		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	14,044,077	\$	17,518,071	\$	21,670,423	\$	25,657,328
Public safety	~	41,160,354	Ψ	54,742,749	Ψ.	45,907,394	Ψ.	42,344,278
Public works		863,116		1,113,145		1,132,566		1,028,141
Street and traffic		3,194,899		2,440,182		5,555,518		14,669,174
Health and sanitation		4,955,822		4,997,929		4,697,221		4,893,759
Community development		2,406,171		2,029,428		1,699,839		287,952
Culture and recreation		6,619,136		8,490,298		8,428,770		7,867,602
Interest and fiscal charges	_	63,184	_	37,673	_	48,957		36,874
Total governmental activities expenses		73,306,759		91,369,475		89,140,688		96,785,108
Business-type activities								
Electric department		72,817,920		70,454,991		72,050,817		74,677,547
Utilities Accounting Department				3,022,544		1,690,056		793,643
Total business-type activities expenses		72,817,920		73,477,535		73,740,873		75,471,190
Total primary government expenses	\$	146,124,679	\$	164,847,010	\$	162,881,561	\$	172,256,298
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$	3,080,894	\$	3,306,825	\$	3,381,707	\$	3,886,267
Public safety	Ψ	3,314,597	Ψ	3,255,331	Ψ	2,935,147	Ψ	3,323,813
Public works		0,014,007		0,200,001		2,000,147		0,020,010
Street and traffic		27,080		5,700		39.660		153,971
Community development		923,910		808,971		888,294		954,822
Culture and recreation		1,273,852		1,491,754		1,763,352		1,356,283
Operating grants and contributions		196,479		1,326,271		1,614,112		404,425
Capital grants and contributions		1,412,468		1,706,993		7,653,537		3,416,216
Total governmental activities program revenues		10,229,280		11,901,845		10 275 000		13,495,797
Total governmental activities program revenues		10,229,200	_	11,901,045		18,275,809		13,493,797
Business-type activities								
Charges for services								
Electric department		91,547,365		82,798,486		89,964,914		93,739,108
Utilities Accounting Department		-		2,396,386		1,590,733		960,315
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions								<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities program revenues		91,547,365		85,194,872		91,555,647		94,699,423
Total primary government program revenues	\$	101,776,645	\$	97,096,717	\$	109,831,456	\$	108,195,220
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(63,077,479)	\$	(79,467,630)	\$	(70,864,879)	\$	(83,289,311)
Business-type activities		18,729,445	_	11,717,337		17,814,774		19,228,233
Total primary government net expense	\$	(44,348,034)	\$	(67,750,293)	\$	(53,050,105)	\$	(64,061,078)

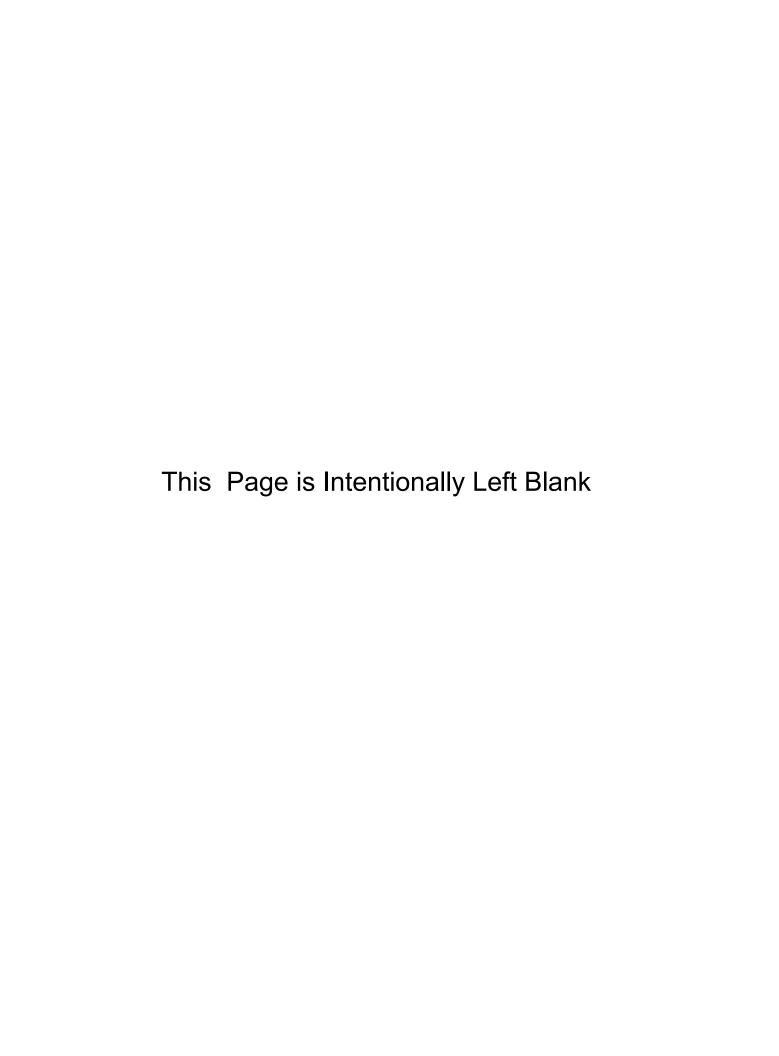
	2019		2020		2021	2022			2023		2024
\$	24,312,352 61,910,602 2,650,674 6,841,766 5,672,952 898,511 9,191,100 315,068	\$	26,601,470 59,987,367 1,782,790 7,902,594 5,634,372 1,165,136 8,985,499 411,286	\$	25,654,068 53,340,207 3,200,186 10,793,629 6,840,427 615,673 9,795,437 322,202	\$	30,660,183 47,950,176 1,394,466 9,786,423 6,551,846 1,446,767 10,427,475 301,671	\$	50,216,265 44,671,828 2,959,471 8,950,164 7,088,623 950,774 11,935,917 296,603	\$	33,822,606 58,016,021 2,383,848 9,233,849 7,131,884 1,019,042 10,788,074 253,247
_	111,793,025		112,470,514		110,561,829		108,519,007		127,069,645	_	122,648,571
	73,179,016 -		68,631,031 <u>-</u>		78,828,925 <u>-</u>		89,306,365		82,204,333		82,030,298
	73,179,016		68,631,031		78,828,925		89,306,365		82,204,333		82,030,298
\$	184,972,041	\$	181,101,545	\$	189,390,754	\$	197,825,372	\$	209,273,978	\$	204,678,869
\$	4,742,957	\$	4,202,639	\$	4,398,923	\$	5,356,290	\$	5,635,592	\$	6,076,250
Ψ	3,153,614	Ψ	2,258,289	Ψ	1,642,960 183,711	Ψ	3,291,508	Ψ	2,096,952	Ψ	2,064,087
	213,386 1,042,275		67,987 1,100,416		1,196,866		46,105 1,405,486		38,695 1,489,316		141,404 1,755,727
	1,498,433 1,035,577		1,380,087 3,207,844		1,861,279 2,391,152		825,941 393,129		1,708,315 16,153,352		2,093,262 2,202,404
_	1,767,996		2,794,546		3,279,733		4,677,191		4,773,558		5,002,001
	13,454,238		15,011,808		14,954,624		15,995,650		31,895,780		19,335,135
	93,442,310		87,823,545		93,857,877		102,966,537		106,771,617		102,263,034
	- 4 500 000		-		873,714		1,620,078		3,443,908		287,128
	1,500,000		62,241						<u>-</u>		-
_	94,942,310		87,885,786		94,731,591		104,586,615		110,215,525	_	102,550,162
\$	108,396,548	\$	102,897,594	\$	109,686,215	\$	120,582,265	\$	142,111,305	\$	121,885,297
æ	(00 220 707)	ď	(07.459.700)	¢	(05 607 205)	ф	(02 522 257)	¢.	(0E 172 90E)	¢	(402 242 420)
Ф	(98,338,787) 21,763,294	\$	(97,458,706) 19,254,755	\$	(95,607,205) 15,902,666	\$	(92,523,357) 15,280,250	\$	(95,173,865) 28,011,192	\$	(103,313,436) 20,519,864
\$	(76,575,493)	\$	(78,203,951)	\$	(79,704,539)	\$	(77,243,107)	\$	(67,162,673)	\$	(82,793,572)

	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities General revenues				
Taxes – sales Taxes – other Utility franchise taxes Investment income Unrestricted grants and contributions	\$ 40,960,942 14,615,168 3,191,694 101,692	\$ 40,714,914 14,120,158 2,975,695 140,856	\$ 41,317,871 15,080,258 3,022,080 143,579	\$ 57,921,583 15,046,525 3,834,205 253,047 578,067
Other Transfers	 996,764 12,000,000	 2,535,766 12,000,000	 2,529,664 11,930,000	 1,822,856 12,000,000
Total governmental activities	 71,866,260	 72,487,389	 74,023,452	 91,456,283
Business-type activities Investment earnings Other Transfers	210,467 4,318,952 (12,000,000)	 93,787 1,214,830 (12,000,000)	197,214 1,622,692 (12,000,000)	289,464 2,204,272 (12,000,000)
Total business-type activities	 (7,470,581)	 (10,691,383)	 (10,180,094)	 (9,506,264)
Total primary government	\$ 64,395,679	\$ 61,796,006	\$ 63,843,358	\$ 81,950,019
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 8,788,781 11,258,864	\$ (6,980,241) 1,025,954	\$ 3,158,573 7,634,680	\$ 8,166,972 9,721,969
Total primary government	\$ 20,047,645	\$ (5,954,287)	\$ 10,793,253	\$ 17,888,941

 2019	 2020	_	2021	 2022	 2023		2024
\$ 61,505,034 16,217,949 3,883,894 637,273 - 2,176,717 10,621,009	\$ 62,161,298 15,868,429 3,737,046 462,260 - 2,545,631 13,649,346	\$	72,015,308 17,885,986 4,055,911 130,868 - 3,879,020 13,649,306	\$ 75,845,699 18,154,620 4,352,373 179,173 8,297,940 3,244,686 13,649,346	\$ 80,691,742 19,736,443 4,587,543 - 2,109,603 899,707 13,649,346	\$	78,972,144 20,881,552 4,283,043 2,648,766 2,982,271 2,898,696 13,950,000
 95,041,876	 98,424,010		111,616,399	 123,723,837	 121,674,384	_	126,616,472
513,794	444,439		131,053	190,320	-		1,838,285
 (10,621,009 <u>)</u>	 (13,649,346)		(13,649,306 <u>)</u>	 (13,649,346)	 (13,649,346)		(13,950,000 <u>)</u>
 (10,107,215)	 (13,204,907)		(13,518,253)	 (13,459,026)	 (13,649,346)		(12,111,715)
\$ 84,934,661	\$ 85,219,103	\$	98,098,146	\$ 110,264,811	\$ 108,025,038	\$	114,504,757
\$ (3,296,911) 11,656,079	\$ 965,304 6,049,848	\$	16,009,194 2,384,413	\$ 31,200,480 1,821,224	\$ 26,500,519 14,361,846	\$	23,303,036 8,408,149
\$ 8,359,168	\$ 7,015,152	\$	18,393,607	\$ 33,021,704	\$ 40,862,365	\$	31,711,185

Year	Taxes Other	Taxes Sales	Utility Franchise Taxes	Total
2015	14,615,168	40,960,942	3,174,174	\$ 58,750,284
2016	14,120,158	40,714,914	2,901,943	57,737,015
2017	15,080,258	41,317,871	2,864,329	59,262,458
2018	15,046,525	57,921,583 (A)	2,942,394	75,910,502
2019	16,217,949	61,505,034	3,883,894	81,606,877
2020	15,868,429	62,161,298	3,737,046	81,766,773
2021	17,885,986	72,015,308	4,055,911	93,957,205
2022	18,154,620	75,845,696	4,352,372	98,352,688
2023	19,736,443	80,691,741	4,587,543	105,015,727
2024	20,881,552	78,972,144	4,283,043	104,136,739

⁽A) The citizens of North Little Rock passed an additional one-cent local sales tax in August 2017 which went into effect on January 1, 2018.



	 2015	 2016	 2017		2018
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Committed	-	-	-		-
Assigned	10,995,941	12,308,991	7,609,980		170,288
Unassigned	 14,738,107	 12,449,750	 18,277,147		34,017,542
Total general fund	\$ 25,734,048	\$ 24,758,741	\$ 25,887,127	\$	34,187,830
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_
Restricted	10,976,446	10,473,281	11,962,162		16,715,588
Committed	-	-	-		-
Assigned	-	-	-		_
Unassigned	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 	-	(67,859)
Total all other government funds	\$ 10,976,446	\$ 10,473,281	\$ 11,962,162	\$	16,647,729

 2019	 2020	-	2021	 2022	 2023	-	2024
\$ 270,000 39,975,982	\$ 1,488,242 270,000 40,335,463	\$	1,148,945 18,015,356 270,000 30,444,538	\$ 966,118 18,591,848 270,000 40,370,382	\$ 1,531,725 20,115,807 3,761,615 28,528,486	\$	1,517,118 20,115,807 2,839,973 37,020,668
\$ 40,245,982	\$ 42,093,705	\$	49,878,839	\$ 60,198,348	\$ 53,937,633	\$	61,493,566
\$ 16,459,696 13,480,478 955,629 (73,294)	\$ 7,501,579 2,995,779 769,485 (218,805)	\$	162,820 17,020,792 4,081,760 758,181 (181,805)	\$ 172,017 17,544,338 3,615,806 - (60,506)	\$ 195,746 10,322,019 16,158,753 - (50,773)	\$	280,608 7,779,819 18,164,359 - (8,971)
\$ 30,822,509	\$ 11,048,038	\$	21,841,748	\$ 21,271,655	\$ 26,625,745	\$	26,215,815

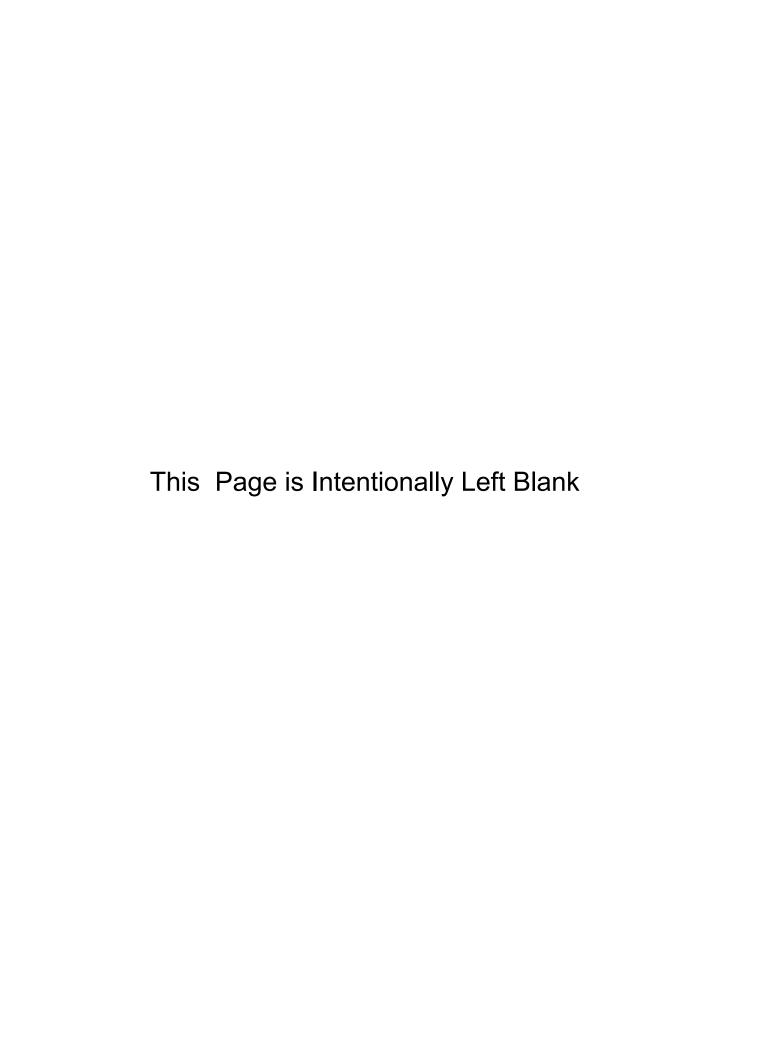
	 2015		2016	 2017	 2018
Revenues					
Taxes – sales	\$ 40,960,942	\$	40,714,914	\$ 41,317,871	\$ 57,921,583
Taxes – other	13,630,033		13,953,068	14,724,341	14,993,301
Franchise fees	3,191,694		2,975,695	3,022,080	3,834,205
Fines and forfeitures	2,865,368		2,830,850	2,209,000	2,030,672
Licenses and permits	2,694,459		2,708,444	2,897,123	3,432,168
Charges for services	3,060,506		3,329,287	3,902,037	4,212,316
Intergovernmental	1,608,947		3,033,264	9,267,649	4,398,708
Investment earnings	101,692		140,856	143,579	253,047
Miscellaneous	 1,226,722		2,418,217	 3,917,791	 1,822,856
Total revenues	 69,340,363		72,104,595	 81,401,471	 92,898,856
Expenditures					
General government	7,803,010		8,426,930	9,006,554	9,109,578
Animal shelter	758,706		787,006	733,546	800,807
Community development	1,145,414		654,364	643,192	287,952
Emergency services	1,604,573		1,966,098	1,837,787	1,909,070
Fit 2 Live	146,933		155,657	127,210	173,855
Health	196,912		78,071	245,217	121,754
Neighborhood services	164,090		174,839	204,288	189,592
Parks and recreation	5,834,379		7,220,455	8,965,828	597,211
Public safety – fire	16,267,613		16,545,450	16,444,094	16,658,888
Public safety – police	21,587,940		22,524,446	23,117,459	23,776,320
Public works	849,837		1,070,419	1,147,806	1,028,141
Sanitation	4,436,801		4,441,956	4,471,118	4,598,150
Senior citizens center	887,376		919,528	1,011,537	902,633
Special appropriations	5,759,614		7,424,577	12,649,392	7,310,799
Street and traffic	4,760,634		5,361,379	6,010,465	14,669,174
Capital outlay	1,611,661		4,376,727	3,706,562	9,525,001
Debt service					
Principal	3,008,807		3,672,012	414,745	442,708
Interest	93,732		46,214	42,282	40,953
Bond issuance costs	 -	_		 -	 <u> </u>
Total expenditures	 76,918,032		85,846,128	 90,779,082	 92,142,586
Excess of revenues					
Over (under) expenditures	(7,577,669)		(13,741,533)	(9,377,611)	756,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer in	16,643,137		17,885,975	14,283,090	25,832,841
Transfer out	(4,873,095)		(5,760,814)	(2,290,922)	(13,602,841)
Leases (as lessee)	-		-	-	-
Net debt proceeds	 <u>-</u>		137,000	 3,610	 <u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 11,770,042		12,262,161	 11,995,778	 12,230,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ 4,192,373	\$	(1,479,372)	\$ 2,618,167	\$ 12,986,270
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.1%		4.6%	0.5%	0.6%
• •					

	2019	 2020	 2021		2022		2023	 2024
				_		_		
\$	61,505,034	\$ 61,897,024	\$ 72,015,308	\$	75,845,699	\$	80,691,742	\$ 78,972,144
	16,203,498	15,868,429	17,426,504		17,173,879		18,888,596	20,155,671
	3,883,894	3,737,046	4,055,911		4,352,373		4,587,543	4,283,043
	2,154,232	1,843,421	1,336,936		1,233,271		1,422,105	2,057,329
	4,280,681	4,012,429	4,086,751		4,748,912		5,183,173	4,630,987
	4,215,752	3,153,568	3,860,052		4,943,149		4,363,592	5,294,501
	2,803,573	6,004,894	5,670,885		13,368,258		23,037,907	10,268,156
	637,273	462,260	130,868		179,173		2,642,811	2,648,766
_	2,244,764	 2,483,444	 3,905,986		3,867,403	_	1,702,065	 2,965,129
	97,928,701	 99,462,515	 112,489,201		125,712,117		142,519,534	 131,275,726
	12,549,794	13,422,535	14,764,091		15,314,775		31,734,143	17,766,582
	802,112	749,860	682,359		833,561		974,776	1,054,705
	882,737	1,149,897	602,485		1,435,939		940,218	1,004,240
	2,028,599	2,021,023	1,929,667		1,969,498		2,561,553	2,855,494
	184,221	189,166	181,180		148,790		131,513	99,861
	95,281	133,542	93,227		88,141		105,434	97,873
	171,971	169,060	190,704		325,993		445,017	448,179
	8,032,479	7,672,299	8,670,876		9,284,403		10,842,534	9,546,456
	19,063,092	18,686,275	18,676,818		19,669,405		20,659,468	21,448,576
	23,908,322	24,570,426	24,828,088		27,117,120		29,021,592	30,707,972
	2,613,126	1,746,623	3,156,392		1,358,183		2,926,302	2,345,519
	5,108,572	4,987,955	6,260,984		5,969,082		6,416,809	6,481,882
	1,094,334	1,054,989	986,195		965,944		969,803	1,075,387
	6,498,909	7,464,739	7,340,137		10,738,171		13,960,936	8,275,314
	5,098,436	6,004,037	8,853,115		7,733,782		6,738,415	6,949,427
	12,320,239	23,733,371	25,647,003		25,621,450		27,593,484	27,644,474
	400,551	682,284	594,060		663,938		1,081,591	1,354,402
	48,266	487,327	469,385		442,188		430,174	378,666
	205,274	 -	 -		<u> </u>	_		
	101,106,315	 114,925,408	 123,926,766		129,680,363		157,533,762	 139,535,009
	(3,177,614)	(15,462,893)	(11,437,565)		(3,968,246)		(15,014,228)	(8,259,283)
	30,273,227	32,260,903	34,320,017		38.249.670		36,345,065	38,867,535
	(18,251,657)	(18,611,557)	(20,670,711)		(24,600,324)		(22,695,719)	(24,917,535)
	(10,201,007)	(10,011,001)	(20,070,711)		68,316		(22,000,710)	1,455,286
	11,388,976	 253,902	 					 <u> </u>
	23,410,546	 13,903,248	 13,649,306		13,717,662		13,649,346	 15,405,286
\$	20,232,932	\$ (1,559,645)	\$ 2,211,741	\$	9,749,416	\$	(1,364,882)	\$ 7,146,003
	_							
	0.5%	1.3%	1.1%		1.1%		1.2%	1.6%

Table 6

Year	Taxes Other	Taxes Sales	Utility Franchise Taxes	 Total
2015	13,630,033	40,960,942	3,174,174	\$ 57,765,149
2016	13,953,068	40,714,914	2,901,943	57,569,925
2017	14,724,341	41,317,871	2,864,329	58,906,541
2018	14,993,301	57,921,583 (A)	2,942,394	75,857,278
2019	16,203,498	61,505,034	3,883,894	81,592,426
2020	15,868,429	61,897,024	3,737,046	81,502,499
2021	17,426,504	72,015,309	4,055,911	93,497,724
2022	17,173,879	75,845,699	4,352,373	97,371,951
2023	18,888,596	80,691,741	4,587,543	104,167,880
2024	20,155,671	78,972,144	4,283,043	103,410,858

⁽A) The citizens of North Little Rock passed an additional one-cent local sales tax in August 2017 which went into effect on January 1, 2018.



	Real Property	Personal Pro	perty				
Year	Real	Real	Utility		Total Taxable Assessed Value		
2015	782,619,329	260,164,425	62,071,555	\$	1,104,855,309		
2016	796,981,751	282,164,000	62,671,740		1,141,817,491		
2017	809,452,684	283,349,520	61,783,970		1,154,586,174		
2018	848,276,771	279,631,280	64,942,015		1,192,850,066		
2019	875,224,375	291,576,805	64,474,950		1,231,276,130		
2020	897,561,277	295,703,490	64,302,635		1,257,567,402		
2021	919,171,847	309,865,670	69,293,955		1,298,331,472		
2022	1,016,753,353	352,385,220	68,724,600		1,437,863,173		
2023	1,085,558,131	390,426,450	75,927,315		1,551,911,896		
2024	1,160,568,503	399,990,020	78,716,110		1,639,274,633		

Source: Pulaski County Tax Assessor.

Note: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Note: Tax collections shown do not include Act 9 Real Estate Valuations.

Note: The Arkansas Public Service Commission has combined the personal and real estate public service accounts.

Both are considered personal PSC accounts.

Total Direct Tax Rate	Total Appraised Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Appraised Value
11.45	5,500,550,940	20%
11.45	5,683,179,740	20%
11.45	5,740,783,620	20%
11.45	5,930,166,770	20%
11.45	6,118,376,710	20%
11.45	6,238,993,180	20%
11.45	6,436,296,080	20%
11.45	7,127,505,560	20%
11.45	7,686,757,410	20%
11.45	8,116,960,430	20%

North Little Rock			Dulaaki	Country	North Lit		Totals		
Year	Real	Personal	Pulaski Real	Personal	Real	District Personal	Real	Personal	
1 eai	Real	Personal	Real	Personal	Real	Personal	Real	Personal	
2015	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2016	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2017	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2018	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2019	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2020	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2021	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2022	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2023	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
2024	11.45	11.45	7.05	7.05	48.30	48.30	66.80	66.80	
				Tax Levies					
2015		12,325,	393	44,246,866	6	36,373,134	\$ 9	2,945,393	
2016		12,620,	106	45,136,887	7	36,560,111	9	4,317,104	
2017		13,040,	506	46,834,699	9	37,375,812	9	7,251,017	
2018		13,181,	294	47,282,686	6	36,866,631	9	7,330,611	
2019		13,614,		48,949,768	8	37,642,574	10	0,206,739	
2020		14,197,		50,794,124	4	38,868,908	10	3,860,902	
2021		14,527,		51,998,836		39,139,572		5,665,594	
2022		15,010,		63,187,10°		40,631,903		8,829,961	
2023		16,625,		69,507,99		43,940,710		0,074,165	
2024		17,960,	332	73,945,27	1	46,111,732	13	8,017,335	

Note: Property assessments are made, tax rates (millages) are established, and taxes are levied in one year for payment by the taxpayer and collection by local governments the following year.

Taxes are due and payable on or before October 15. Taxes are recorded as delinquent after October 15 and a 10 percent penalty is added.

State statutory limits on City tax rate:

General operation 5 mills

General improvement bonds

Unlimited subject to voter approval

Industrial development bonds 5 mills

Firemen's pension and policemen's pension 1 mill each

The City of North Little Rock, Arkansas' largest own-source revenue is sales taxes. Sales taxes primarily come from two separate taxes; a two cent city tax based on point of sale and a portion of the county's one cent tax based on population. The City of North Little Rock makes up approximately 16% of the county population and receives a like proportion of the county tax. In 2024, the two cent city sales tax generated revenue of approximately \$46,970,000.

According to Arkansas State Statutes, the City is required to keep the identity of individual taxpayers confidential. Therefore, the City of North Little Rock is not able to identify the top 10 taxpayers. However, North Little Rock has a diverse economic sales tax base.

North Little Rock Top Ten 2 Cent Sales Taxpayers Industry		2024 Total	% of Total		2023 Total	% of Total
Other General Merchandise Stores	1	4,659,390	9.7%	1	4,668,760	9.7%
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	2	4,062,335	8.4%	2	4,639,221	9.6%
Grocery Stores	3	2,871,853	6.0%	3	2,703,588	5.6%
Full-Service Restaurants	4	2,319,766	4.8%	4	2,459,349	5.1%
Restaurants and Other Eating Places	5	2,085,952	4.3%	5	2,048,986	4.3%
Electric Power Generation; Transmission and Distribution	6	1,628,139	3.4%	6	1,891,512	3.9%
Electronic Shopping and Mail-Order Houses	7	1,873,106	3.9%	7	1,824,303	3.8%
Clothing Stores	8	1,209,226	2.5%	8	1,248,059	2.6%
Electronics and Appliance Stores	9	1,179,626	2.4%	9	1,223,701	2.5%
Automotive Parts Accessories; and Tire Retailers	10	1,105,673	2.3%			
Gasoline Stations				10	1,219,443	2.5%
Totals		22,995,066	47.7%		23,926,922	49.6%

	Total Tax Levy	Taxes Levied in the Prior Year Collected Within the Current Year							
Year	In Prior Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy					
2015	\$ 12,325,393	\$	11,952,517	96.97%					
2016	\$ 12,620,106	\$	12,068,574	95.63%					
2017	\$ 13,040,506	\$	12,817,766	98.29%					
2018	\$ 13,181,294	\$	12,577,036	95.42%					
2019	\$ 13,614,397	\$	13,492,689	99.11%					
2020	\$ 14,197,870	\$	13,292,552	93.62%					
2021	\$ 14,527,186	\$	14,321,125	98.58%					
2022	\$ 15,010,957	\$	14,652,201	97.61%					
2023	\$ 16,625,460	\$	15,448,796	92.92%					
2024	\$ 17,125,627	\$	16,762,198	97.88%					

Note: Property assessments are made, tax rates (millages) are established, and taxes are levied in one year for payment by the taxpayer and collection by local governments the following year. Data is not available to show the current level by year of outstanding delinquent taxes.

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Governmental Activities							
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Leases	Subscriptions	Financed Purchase	Bond Premium		
2015	-	-	-	4,409,537	-		
2016	-	-	-	882,137	-		
2017	-	-	-	1,926,678	-		
2018	-	-	-	1,483,969	-		
2019	11,005,000 (C)	-	-	173,418	1,293,976		
2020	10,495,000	-	-	255,036	1,220,630		
2021	9,965,000	-	-	190,976	1,077,446		
2022	9,350,000	937,124	-	142,038	941,396		
2023	8,710,000	1,193,699	183,029	91,667	812,795		
2024	8,030,000	1,338,842	870,616	39,821	691,997		

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

- (A) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.
- (B) In 2016, the City issued the Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016 in the amount of, \$13,850,000. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 2011 bonds.
- (C) In 2019, the City issued Series 2019-A Capital Improvement Revenue bonds in the amount of \$9,305,000 for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of a new police and courts building.

Business-Type Activities

71011711100		71011711100			
Revenue Bonds			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (A)	Per Capita (A)
60,115,000	\$	- \$	64,524,537	2.45%	1,035.64
45,655,000		-	46,537,137	1.74%	746.94
41,360,000 (B)		-	43,286,678	1.58%	694.77
36,450,000		-	37,933,969	1.34%	608.85
31,415,000		-	43,887,394	1.55%	704.41
26,432,337		-	38,403,003	1.32%	616.38
20,924,530		-	32,157,952	1.07%	497.87
15,314,659		-	26,685,217	0.78%	413.14
12,404,556	33	8,986	23,734,732	0.64%	359.38
9,432,646	7	1,289	20,475,211	0.22%	124.94

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 11-2

ıl			
on	Bond		ı
	Dromium	Total	9.

Year	General Obligation Bonds	Bond Premium	 Total	Less Debt Service Fund
2015	-	_	\$ -	-
2016	-	-	-	-
2017	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-
2019	11,005,000 (C)	1,293,976	12,298,976	572,224
2020	10,495,000	1,220,630	11,715,630	723,369
2021	9,965,000	1,077,446	11,042,446	685,703
2022	9,350,000	941,396	10,291,396	686,771
2023	8,710,000	812,795	9,522,795	745,512
2024	8,030,000	691,997	8,721,997	837,077

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

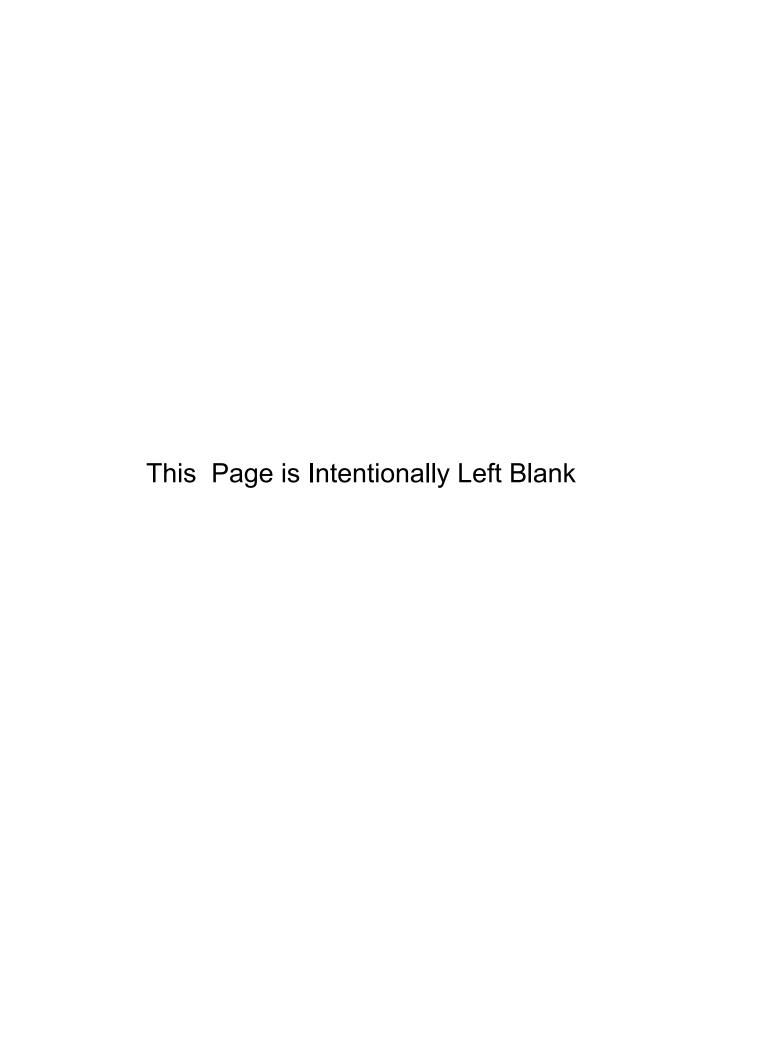
- (A) See the Schedule of Assessed and Appraised Value of Taxable Property for appraised value data.
- (B) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.
- (C) In 2019, the City issued Series 2019-A Capital Improvement Revenue bonds in the amount of \$9,305,000 for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of a new police and courts building.

Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Appraised Value (A) of Property	Per Capita (B)
\$ -	- 0.00%	-
	- 0.00%	-
	- 0.00%	-
	- 0.00%	-
11,726,752	0.19%	188.22
10,992,261	0.18%	176.43
10,356,743	0.16%	160.34
9,604,625	0.13%	148.70
8,777,283	0.11%	135.89
7,884,920	0.10%	122.07

Governmental Unit		Debt vailable for Retirement	Percentage Applicable (B)	City's Share of Overlapping Debt		
City of North Little Rock, Arkansas	\$	10,971,276 (A)	100.00%	\$	10,971,276	
North Little Rock Public School District		186,710,000	100.00%		186,710,000	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	197,681,276		\$	197,681,276	

Note: (A) The City's overlapping debt is equal to the total governmental activities debt found in Table 11-1.

Note: (B) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values within the City.



	2015		2016		2017		2018	
Debt limit	\$	220,971,062	\$	228,363,498	\$	288,646,544	\$	298,212,517
Total net debt applicable to limit		3,109,537		882,137		886,677		508,969
Legal debt margin	\$	217,861,525	\$	227,481,361	\$	287,759,867	\$	297,703,548
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		1.41%		0.39%		0.31%		0.17%

Note: Computation of the City's legal debt margin is set forth in Amendments 78 and 62 to the Constitution of the State of Arkansas.

- (A) General obligation debt is not to exceed 20% of assessed value.
- (B) Short-term financing debt is not to exceed 5% of assessed value.

 2019		2020		2021		2022		2023	 2024
\$ 307,819,033	\$	314,391,851	\$	324,582,868	\$	359,465,793	\$	387,977,974	\$ 409,818,658
 173,418	_	255,037		190,976		9,492,038		9,801,667	 8,069,821
\$ 307,645,615	\$	314,136,814	\$	324,391,892	\$	349,973,755	\$	378,176,307	\$ 401,748,837
0.06%		0.08%		0.06%		2.64%		2.53%	1.97%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for 2024									
			Ass	essed value					\$ 1,639,274,633
			G	t limit eneral obligation nort-term financir					 327,854,927 81,963,732
				Total debt limitat	ion				 409,818,659
Debt applicable to limit General obligation and short-term financing Less: Amount set aside for repayment in debt services funds						8,069,821			
				Total net debt	appl	cable to limit			 8,069,821
Legal debt margin					\$ 401,748,838				

Governmental Activities Revenue Bonds

		2019 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds										
	-	Debt Service										
Fiscal Year		Pledged Revenues	F	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage Ratio			
2020 2021	\$	1,956,911 2,115,396	\$	445,000 460.000	\$	411,299 391.850	\$	856,299 851,850	2.29 2.48			
2022 2023 2024		2,337,810 2,452,151 1,872,667		485,000 505,000 535,000		368,850 344,600 319,350		853,850 849,600 854,350	2.74 2.89 2.19			

Special Assessment Bonds

				Debt Service								
Fiscal Year	Pledged Revenues		Principal		Interest		Total		Coverage Ratio			
2020	\$	141,664	\$	65,000	\$	71,050	\$	136,050	1.04			
2021		171,336		70,000		68,938		138,938	1.23			
2022		189,285		130,000		66,663		196,663	0.96			
2023		215,538		135,000		61,238		196,238	1.10			
2024		254,724		145,000		55,550		200,550	1.27			

Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds

	Electric System Revenue Bonds											
Debt Service Debt Service												
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage Ratio					
2020	\$ 88,267,984	\$ 57,007,701	\$ 31,260,283	\$ 5,507,807	\$ 781,379	\$ 6,289,186	4.97					
2021	93,988,930	67,350,665	26,638,265	5,609,871	403,060	6,012,931	4.43					
2022	102,966,537	77,981,178	3 24,985,359	2,910,103	317,429	3,227,532	7.74					
2023	106,771,617	70,862,619	35,908,998	2,971,911	256,013	3,227,924	11.12					
2024	104,101,319	70,397,169	33,704,150	2,971,910	275,432	3,247,342	10.38					

Note: Pledged revenue bond coverage is presented starting with fiscal year 2020, and the City will build the ten year history. Gross revenue includes interest income. Operating expenses excludes depreciation and amortization.

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<u>Year</u>	Population	Personal Income (B)	Per Capita Income (B)	Median Age
2015	62,304 (A)	2,636,331,456	42,314	36.5
2016	62,304 (A)	2,676,766,752	42,963	36.7
2017	62,304 (A)	2,735,207,904	43,901	36.9
2018	62,304 (A)	2,835,579,648	45,512	37.3
2019	62,304 (A)	2,946,169,248	47,287 (D)	37.3
2020	62,304 (A)	2,900,874,240	46,560	37.3
2021	64,591 (E)	3,219,021,667	49,837	35.2
2022	64,591 (E)	3,433,528,378	53,158	35.4
2023	64,591 (E)	3,607,278,168	55,848	37.9
2024	64,591 (E)	3,840,774,633	59,463	37.4

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Arkansas Department of Education

- (A) 2010 Census
- (B) Per capita personal income is for the Little Rock North Little Rock Conway MSA. Personal income is a calculation of per capita income multiplied by the population.
- (C) North Little Rock School District
- (D) Per capita personal income for 2019 estimated on the 3.9% increase in per capital personal income in Arkansas, reported by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (E) 2020 Census

Percent of Population Age 25+

School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
8,413 (C)	4.5%
8,405 (C)	3.5%
8,427 (C)	3.3%
8,145 (C)	3.3%
8,076 (C)	3.2%
8,017 (C)	4.3%
7,685 (C)	4.4%
8,139 (C)	2.9%
8,254 (C)	3.2%
8,576 (C)	3.6%
	8,413 (C) 8,405 (C) 8,427 (C) 8,145 (C) 8,076 (C) 8,017 (C) 7,685 (C) 8,139 (C) 8,254 (C)

		2024	2015 (A)		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank
Baptist Health	4,000	1	6.19%	-	-
CHI St. Vincent	3,000	2	4.64%	-	-
Maverick Transportation, Inc.	2,500	3	3.87%	-	-
North Little Rock Public High School	1,200	4	1.86%	-	-
City of North Little Rock	984	5	1.52%	-	-
Pinnacle Business Solutions	919	6	1.42%	-	-
Ozark Waffles	850	7	1.32%	-	-
Dow Building Services University of Arkansas - Pulaski	600	8	0.93%	-	-
Technical College	567	9	0.88%	-	-
Amazon	500	10	0.77%	<u> </u>	-
	15,120		23.40%		

Source: Arkansas Economic Development Commission, Dun & Bradstreet, Metro Little Rock Alliance.

⁽A) Information was not available regarding major employers for 2015, but the City is working toward building a ten-year history.

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Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government						
Administration	8	8	8	9	9	9
City clerk	4	4	4	5	5	5
Code enforcement	14	14	14	13	13	13
Commerce	4	4	4	4	4	4
Communications	1	1	1	1	1	1
District court - First division	9	9	9	9	8	8
District court - Second division	9	9	9	9	9	9
Finance	13	13	13	14	14	14
Human Resources	8	8	8	8	9	9
Legal	8	8	8	8	8	8
Planning	12	12	12	12	13	13
Vehicle maintenance	13	13	13	13	13	13
Animal shelter	9	9	9	9	10	11
Emergency services	32	32	32	32	32	32
Fit 2 Live - Wellness	1	1	1	1	1	1
Neighborhood services	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire	151	175	175	175	166 (A)	166
Police	238	239	240	240	239 (B)	239
Public works	11	11	11	11	11 `´	11
Engineering						
Sanitation	39	39	39	39	39	39
Senior Citizens Center	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total general fund	594	619	620	622	614	615
Community development	6	5	5	5	5	4
Electric	103	101	104	131	134 (C)	134
Information technology	-	-	-	-	21 (D)	21
Parks and recreation	64	71	71	79	85	86
Street	53	53	53	58	58	58
Traffic services	13	13	13	13	14	14
Utilities accounting	43	43	43	10_	(C)	
Total other funds	282_	286	289	296_	317	317
Total personnel	876	905	909	918	931	932

⁽A) The decrease in Fire Department personnel is related to grant-funded positions terminated upon expiration of funding.

⁽B) One position moved from the Police Department to the Information Technology Department.

⁽C) The positions previously in Utilities Accounting were moved to Electric. Additionally, five positions were moved from Electric to the Information Technology Department.

⁽D) A central Information Technology Department was established.

⁽E) Three positions moved from the Police Department to the Finance Department.

2021	2022	2023	2024
9 5 13 4	9 5 13 4	13 4 13	14 4 13
1 8 9 17 (E) 9	1 8 9 18 9 8	2 8 9 22 9 7	2 8 9 22 9 7
13 14 11 32 2 2	13 14 11 32 1	13 14 11 33 1	13 14 11 33 1
166 237 (E) 11	4 166 231 11	4 166 230 5	5 166 231 5
618	614	611	614
4 138 23 93 58 15	4 136 23 93 58 15	4 135 23 95 58 17	4 142 24 93 58 16
331	329	332	337
949	943	943	951

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Animal Shelter					
Animals Handled	3,368	3,350	3,195	3,443	2,557
Adoptions	668	722	887	968	806
Fire					
Number of uniformed employees	148	172	172	172	163
Fires and explosions	555	512	496	519	453
Rescue, emergency medical calls	6,605	7,112	7,261	7,044	6,775
Service calls	1,066	1,158	1,250	1,340	1,085
Good intent calls	-	-	-	-	_
False alarm calls	733	835	857	838	869
Other calls	1,833	2,207	2,317	2,325	2,119
Total calls	10,792	11,824	12,181	12,066	11,301
Police					
Number of uniformed employees	202	202	202	201	201
Calls for service	94,413	91,273	94,986	109,715	90,058
Arrests	8,421	8,176	7,311	7,225	6,862

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

(A) In 2022, the Fire Department began tracking good intent calls.

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2,304	2,363	2,425	3,187	3,443
563	765	1,040	1,274	968
160	160	160	163	163
523	210	723	624	617
6,347	5,936	8,030	7,826	8,857
266	1,402	1,557	1,534	2,221
-	-	1,976 (A)	1,965	2,372
802	871	947	1,008	974
3,409	4,378	352	504	430
11,347	12,797	13,585	13,461	15,471
178	201	201	201	201
72,537	100,731	79,301	93,372	89,746
6,317	5,448	7,909	3,576	5,463

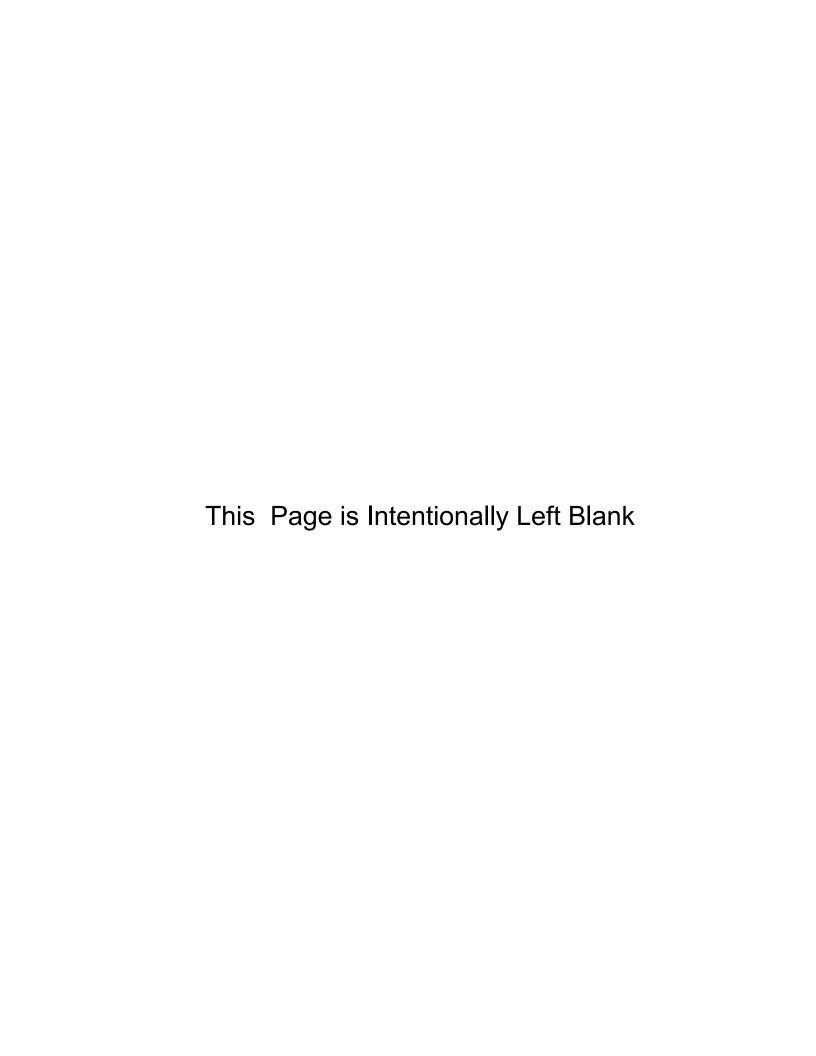
Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Fire Stations	10	11	11	11	11	11
Police Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4
Parks and Recreation						
Number of parks	31	32	34	35	35	35
Number of playground areas	46	47	49	50	51	51
Number of tennis courts	40	40	40	40	40	40
Number of golf courses	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of disc golf courses	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of pickleball courts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of community centers	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of swimming pools/splash pads	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of pavilions	49	49	51	51	51	51

^{*} On March 31, 2023 a tornado hit the City of North Little Rock damaging 1 disc golf course and 11 pavilions. As of the date of this report, the City has replaced the disc golf course and all 11 pavilions have been replaced.

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government.

2021	2022	2023 *	2024
11	11	11	11
4	4	4	4
37	37	37	37
54	5 <i>1</i>	5 <i>1</i>	5 <i>1</i>
40	40	40	40
2	2	2	2
5	5	2	3
-	-	-	12
5	5	5	5
3	3	3	3
55	55	55	55





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Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Certain Arkansas State Acts

Honorable Terry C. Hartwick, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of North Little Rock, Arkansas

We have examined management's assertions that the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas (City), complied with the requirements of the *Arkansas Act 15 of 1985* and the following Arkansas statutes during the year ended December 31, 2024.

- 1) Arkansas Municipal Accounting Law, §14-59-101 et seq.;
- Arkansas District Courts and City Courts Accounting Law, §16-10-201 et seq.;
- 3) Improvement contracts, §§ 22-9-202 22-9-204;
- 4) Budgets, purchases, and payments of claims, etc., § 14-58-201 et seg, and 14-58-301 et seg;
- 5) Investment of public funds, § 19-1-501 et seq.; and
- 6) Deposit of public funds, §§ 19-8-101 19-8-107.

Management of the City is responsible for its compliance with the aforementioned Act and State Statutes. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion about the City's compliance with the aforementioned requirements above based upon our examination.

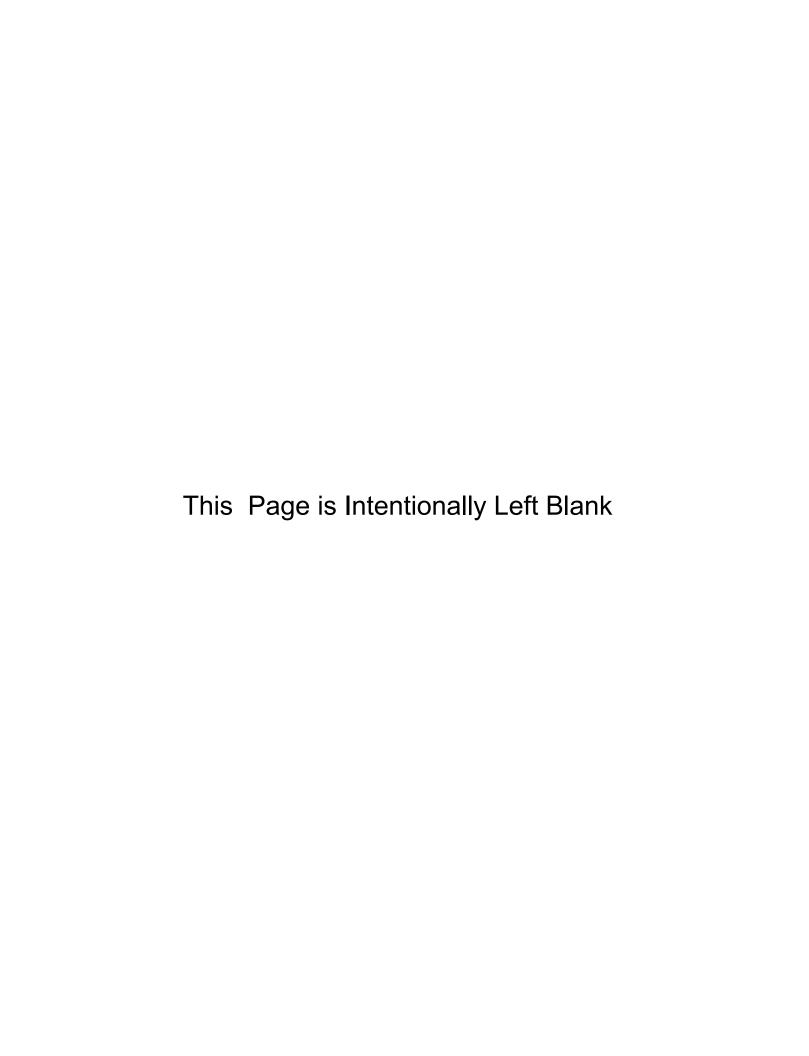
Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accounts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied with the requirements mentioned above, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with the requirements mentioned above. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance with the requirements mentioned above, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas, complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Dallas, Texas June 19, 2025







City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs:				
CDBG – Entitlement Grants Cluster				
COVID-19 – Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218		\$ -	\$ 1,141
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218		77,346	1,114,707
Total CDBG – Entitlement Grants Cluster			77,346	1,115,848
COVID-19 – HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		332,294	380,527
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		390,478	419,019
Total HOME Investment Partnerships Program			722,772	799,546
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			800,118	1,915,394
Department of Justice				
Passed through from:				
National Recreation and Park Association				
Juvenile Mentoring Program	16.726	15PJDP-22-GG-03844- MENT	-	25,514
Direct Program:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738			2,050
Total Department of Justice				27,564
Department of Transportation				
Direct Programs:				
Airport Improvement Program, Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs, and COVID-19 Airports Programs	20.106		-	1,470,428
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		-	341,288
Passed through from:				
Arkansas State Police				
Highway Safety Cluster				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	OP-2023-02-02-18		165
Total Highway Safety Cluster				165
Total Department of Transportation				1,811,881
Department of Treasury				
Direct Program:				
COVID-19 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027			3,000,049
Total Department of Treasury				3,000,049
Department of Energy				
Direct Program:				
Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG)	81.128			128,080

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2024

(Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Department of Homeland Security Passed through from:				
Arkansas Department of Emergency Management				
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	4698	-	4,366,242
		EMT-2021-EP- 00008-S01, EMT- 2022-EP-00002-		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	S01	-	24,210
BRIC: Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities	97.047	EMT-2022-BR-014-0007		34,036
Total Department of Homeland Security				4,424,488
Total Federal Awards Expended			\$ 800,118	\$ 11,307,456

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas (City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Governmental funds and proprietary funds account for the City's federal grant activity. Amounts reported in the Schedule are recognized on the modified accrual basis when they become a demand on current available federal resources and eligibility requirements are met, or on the accrual basis at the time liabilities are incurred and all eligibility requirements are met, depending on the basis of accounting used by the respective fund. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Federal Loan Programs

The City did not have any federal loan programs during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Note 5. FEMA Expenditures

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the City incurred substantial costs related to the tornado of 2023. Per the OMB Compliance Supplement, any reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) under ALN 97.036 are not to be recognized as expenditures for purposes of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards until the respective Project Worksheets (PW) have been approved. At December 31, 2023, only some of the City's PWs from this storm had been approved by FEMA. As a result, there was \$2,230,587 of expenditures and the related revenues which were not recorded for financial statement purposes and not on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards at December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2024, these expenditures have been recognized on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the related revenues recorded in the financial statements as the PWs were approved by FEMA during the fiscal year.

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of North Little Rock, Arkansas North Little Rock, Arkansas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2025.

Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of North Little Rock Waste Water Utility and North Little Rock Advertising and Promotion Commission, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

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Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of North Little Rock, Arkansas North Little Rock, Arkansas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of North Little Rock, Arkansas' (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 and 2024-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response. The City is responsible for preparing a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in our auditor's report. The City's corrective action plan was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 and 2024-002, to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response. The City is responsible for preparing a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in our auditor's report. The City's corrective action plan was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Dallas, Texas June 19, 2025

Summary of Auditor's Results

Sur	nmary of Auditor	's Results			
Fina	ancial Statements				
1.	Type of report the accordance with G		n whether the fina	ncial statements aud	ited were prepared in
	Unmodified	☐ Qualified	Adverse	Disclaimer	
2.	Internal control ove	er financial reporting	j:		
	Significant deficie	ncy(ies) identified?		☐ Yes	⊠ None reported
	Material weaknes	s(es) identified?		☐ Yes	⊠ No
3.	Noncompliance ma	aterial to the financia	al statements noted	?	
				☐ Yes	⊠ No
Fed	eral Awards				
4.	Internal control ove	er major federal awa	ards programs:		
	Significant deficie	ncy(ies) identified?		⊠ Yes	☐ None reported
	Material weaknes	s(es) identified?		☐ Yes	⊠ No
5.	Type of auditor's re	eport issued on com	pliance for major fe	ederal programs:	
	Unmodified	☐ Qualified	Adverse	☐ Disclaimer	
6.	Any audit findings	disclosed that are re	equired to be report	ed by 2 CFR 200.516	(a)?
				⊠ Yes	□No
7.	Identification of the	major federal prog	rams:		
		Cluster/Pr	ogram		Assistance Listing
_		Old Stell 1	Ogram		Number
	BG Entitlement Gra				14.218
	OVID-19 - HOME Inv		_	loha Aat	14.239
	port Improvement P Programs, and COV	-		JODS ACI	20.106

COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.

21.027

☐ No

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2024

(Continued)

Section II – Fina	ncial Statement Findings	
Reference Number	Finding	

No matters are reportable.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Reference Number	Finding
2024-001	Finding: Reporting
	CDBG – Entitlement Grants Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 14.218 Department of Housing and Urban Development, Award Number B-24-MC-05-0005, Award Year 2024
	Criteria: In accordance with 2 CFR Part 170 and FAR 52.204-10(a), a recipient must report subaward data through the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Subaward Reporting System (FSRS) for each first-tier subaward or subaward amendment that results in an obligation of \$30,000 or more in federal funds.

Condition: We noted the City did not submit the required report in FSRS during the year ended December 31, 2024 for a first-tier subaward resulting in an obligation of \$36,000.

Questioned Costs: None

Context: We identified and tested one first-tier subaward that was required to be reported in FSRS for the year ended December 31, 2024, and noted the report was not submitted as described above.

Effect: Failure to report subaward obligations in FSRS could lead to inaccurate reporting information in FSRS. In addition, failure to report subaward obligations in FSRS could result in noncompliance with meeting the transparency requirements outlined in the *Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act*.

Cause: Controls over reporting were not sufficiently operating during the year primarily due to staffing issues and turnover within the Grants Department.

Identification as a Repeat Finding: Not applicable.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process for reviewing and tracking the reporting of subaward obligations in FSRS.

Views of Responsible Officials: We agree with the finding. See separate report for planned corrective actions.

(Continued)

Reference Number	Finding
2024-002	Finding: Reporting
	Airport Improvement Program, Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs, and COVID-19 Airports Programs Assistance Listing Number: 20.106 Department of Transportation, Award Number 3-05-0047-031-2023, Award Year 2023 Department of Transportation, Award Number 3-05-0047-032-2024, Award Year 2024
	Criteria: In accordance with 2 CFR section 200.328, recipients must use the standard financial reporting forms when reporting to the federal awarding agency. Each recipient must report program outlays and program income on a cash or accrual basis, as prescribed by the federal awarding agency. Recipients use the Federal Financial Report (FFR) (SF-425/SF-425A) as a standardized format to report expenditures under federal awards, as well as, when applicable, cash status (lines 10.a, 10.b, and 10c).
	Condition: We noted the City did not complete and submit the required annual Federal Financial Reports (SF-425) for the two awards identified above during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Questioned Costs: None

Context: We identified and tested both FFR (SF-425) reports that were required to be completed and submitted for the year ended December 31, 2024, and noted the reports were not submitted as described above.

Effect: Failure to complete and submit reports could lead to inaccurate reporting of information to the Federal Aviation Administration. In addition, failure to submit required reports to the Federal Aviation Administration could result in noncompliance and revocation of awarded grant funds.

Cause: Controls over reporting were not sufficiently operating during the year primarily due to staffing issues and turnover within the Airport Department.

Identification as a Repeat Finding: Not applicable.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process for reviewing and tracking the submission of FFR reporting to the Federal Aviation Administration.

Views of Responsible Officials: We agree with the finding. See separate report for planned corrective actions.

City of North Little Rock, Arkansas Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2024

Reference		
Number	Summary of Finding	Status

No matters are reportable.